THE WEATHER

Cloudy Sunday, probably followed by showers; Monday, partly cloudy; fresh southeast winds.

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BERLIN REJOICES OVER THE LATEST SUCCESSES OF FORCES IN PRUSSIA

While London is Elated Over Raid of Airmen on German Positions.

RUSSIANS MAKE STAND

Are Facing Advancing Germans on East Prussian Frontier.

London, Feb. 13. — Berlin is celebrating the evacuation of East Prussia by the Russians, which is hailed in the German capital as another great victory for Field Marshal Von Hindenburg. England is not attempting to hide her elation at the success of her air men's raid on the German positions in Belgium, and all Europe is eagerly discussing the American notes to Great Britain and Germany, and contemplating what replies will be made.

Great Britain has already intimated that British merchant ships have been advised to use neutral flags only in case of emergency, and no general use of such flags is anticipated. The German minister at The Hague has issued another warning to neutrals to the effect that in view of the alleged declaration of all the British ports as war ports, and the use of neutral flags by British ships, it would be dangerous for neutral merchantmen to visit the proscribed waters after February 18.

Russians Evacuate Provinces.

So far as the East Prussian situation is concerned the Russian official report indicates that the Russians having evacuated the greater part of the German provinces, are making a stand on or near their frontier—whether for a pitch battle or only to delay the German advance, it will take a few days to tell.

On the last occasion that Von Hindenburg drove them from East Prussia the Russians fell back to their fortified lines between Niemen and the German frontier, where they defeated the Germans. On this occasion, however, they have had more time to prepare their positions and may give battle before the fortifications are reached. The Russians already claim to have repulsed one German attack near Lyck.

Throughout Poland where fierce fighting has occurred during the past week, the battles now consist of artillery engagements, while in the Carpathians fighting of more or less severity continues.

The Germans are making repeated terrific attempts to attack the heights of Kozlowka, in Tukholka Pass, which they have won and lost twice since last Sunday. They are now entrenched within 40 paces of the Russian positions and despite their heavy losses, are apparently hopeful of capturing them.

On the remainder of the Carpathian front the Russians seemingly are making progress.

Successes in Egypt.

The Egyptian army has been placed to its credits a brilliant feat by annihilating a force of 2,000 Turks and Arabs, officered by Germans, who were preparing to attack Tor, at the entrance of the Gulf of Suez.

In view of the British experts the air raid on Belgium proves that the British airmen are superior to the Germans and have a great advantage in the possession of a base on the continent as well as in England, for while the British, if they are unable to return, can land in France, the Germans must make the round trip across the sea.

In France ,Flanders and Alsace, there has been little or no fighting of importance, so far as the official reports disclose.

It is announced that the leaders in the South African rebellion are to be put on trial for treason and, in addition to other punishments may be sued for looting and damage done by themselves or their followers, while the men of means will lose all their property. Meanwhile the government has pronounced its intention of pushing with vigor the campaign against German southwest Africa.

As the result of Premier Asquith's announcement of his belief that wheat would fall in price, it sold at Northampton at 58 shillings a quarter, a decline of two shillings.

AMERICAN SOLDIERS AND PANAMA POLICE IN FIGHT.

Five Policemen and Three Soldiers Dead—Trouble at Carnival.

Panama, Feb. 13.—A fight between soldiers and native policemen, tonight, resulted, according to first reports, in the death of five policemen and three soldiers and the wounding of many of the combatants. A carnival is in progress and many soldiers were on leave to attend the festivities.

BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE PREPARING ANSWER TO AMERICAN NOTE

London, Feb. 13.—The British foreign office is preparing a reply to the American note concerning the use of the American flag on the steamer Lusitania. The reply will be forwarded to Washington probably before February 18.

The position of Great Britain as will be set forth in the reply, probably will be that the captains of British merchant vessels have been advised to use neutral flags should an emergency demand such action to save the lives of those on the ships. The notes probably will make it clear that no general use of neutral flags has been contemplated or advised.

The feeling among officials and Englishmen generally is that the American note is entirely friendly. The response will be wholly in the same spirit.

NEUTRAL VESSELS ARE WARNED AGAIN

To Stay Out of Newly Proclaimed War Zones

IRELAND AND ENGLAND

German Legation at The Hague Urges Neutral Ships to Stay Away from Proscribed Zones and British Ports After the 18th.

The Hague, via London, Feb. 13.—The German legation has again warned neutral vessels against entering the war area around the British Isles as defined by the German admiralty, and to the original note adds the following:

"Since Germany, following the example of Great Britain, declared as a war zone on and after February 18th, English and Irish waters, the British have declared all the ports of England war ports and have justified the use of neutral flags on merchant vessels.

"Moreover, according to a reliable source, a great number of British merchant men have been armed in order to destroy German submarines by shells or by ramming them, thereby these ships lose their character as merchant ships and become war vessels.

"Germany, therefore, is again obliged urgently to warn all neutral ships against entering English coast waters after February 18, as from that date the German admiralty will prosecute the war with all means at its disposal against British war ports and British armed merchant ships.

"Neutral vessels which are then still within the war zone will run the same risk as if they pursued a course through sea battles between England and Germany, of which the date and place could not have been made known, and will bring risks upon themselves for which Germany cannot take the responsibility.

"The route around the north of Scotland, owing to the depth of the waters, can not be endangered by mines. There, as well as in the waters of the North sea, with the exception of British waters and German bay, neutral shipping will not be endangered by the measures the German admiralty is adopting."

FOUR YEARS A FUGITIVE DYNAMITER IS ARRESTED

One of Those Connected With Los Angeles Times Tragedy

Matthew A. Schmidt, Implicated in Blowing Up of the Los Angeles Times Building in 1910 Apprehended in New York.

New York, Feb. 13.—Matthew A. Schmidt, 34 years old, was arrested here tonight as a fugitive from justice on an indictment found in Los Angeles in October, 1910, charging him with having been implicated in dynamiting the Los Angeles Times building. The arrest was made on upper Broadway where detectives had traced him after a search of four years.

Detective William J. Burns, who accompanied the officer making the arrest, said the indictment charges that Schmidt was one of several men who went with J. B. McNamara to the works of the Giant Powder Company, in Cal-

(Continued on Page Two.)

FIGHT IN SENATE GOES MERRILY ON

House Democrats Lend Aid in Advancing Measure.

PROPOSE SPECIAL RULE

Administration Forces Determined to Pass Ship Purchase Bill in Some Form—Compromise Before House Caucus.

Washington, Feb. 13.—While Senate Democrats marked time in the ship purchase bill fight today, House leaders completed plans for rushing the administration compromise proposal through that body by the end of next week. Under a special rule introduced today, the House would be given only six hours to debate the compromise plan which will be laid before a House Democratic caucus Monday night for approval. No amendments other than those provided for in the rule would be possible.

The Senate Democrats in caucus tonight voted to limit debate. No specific cloture plan was approved although a special rule for the shipping bill and various general amendments have been offered.

The seven insurgent Democrats who have voted with the Republicans on the shipping bill did not attend the caucus and no binding vote was taken.

Press Cloture Rule.

"The caucus unanimously resolved," said Senator Kern, Democratic leader, "to press a cloture rule. No vote was taken, but this was the unanimous expression of opinion and would be binding on all Democrats except those who bolt."

Some Republican support, at least for a general rule, is expected.

In the House preparations were made to rush a compromise bill through after it has been approved by a caucus of House Democrats next Monday night. The caucus petition was circulated today and it was said some Democrats refused to sign it.

"It's a 5 to 1 shot there will be an extra session of Congress," was Speaker Clark's comment tonight.

In the Senate the Norris cloture rule was still under debate. Senator Burton occupied the floor virtually the entire session, his discussion ranging from criticism or alleged executive interference with legislation to the merits of various projects contained in the rivers and harbors appropriation bill.

Democratic leaders conferred on the general subject of cloture today without reaching any decision, and resumed their conference tonight.

Under Representative Padgett's proposed special rule the House could dispose of the bill at one sitting.

The rule includes the completed administration compromise, embracing the Weeks' naval auxiliary bill, the Gore shipping bill and an amendment combining the two.

House Caucus Monday Night.

The caucus Monday night is expected to bind the Democratic majority to support the bill as a party measure.

Democratic leaders were confident the revised bill would go through the House without difficulty. Senate Republicans, however, asserted the compromise failed to eliminate the two principal objections and would meet the same obstructions in the Senate as the pending bill.

They asserted the compromise would permit the purchase of belligerent-owned ships and would allow the government to continue indefinitely in the shipping business.

While insurgent Democrats attended the morning cloture conference they were outspoken in their opposition to either special or general rules to limit debate. Other Democratic Senators, including Overman, Hoke Smith, of Georgia; Bryan and Swanson also opposed cloture.

In the course of his remarks today Senator Burton asked Senator Fletcher, in charge of the shipping bill, why the administration was opposed to specific prohibition of the purchase of belligerent interned ships.

"That would not be a wise or patriotic course," said Senator Fletcher, "and it would be writing into the law denunciation of principle upon which we always have looked with pride."

Looking for Trouble.

"That shows that you are looking for trouble," said Senator Burton, "and that you are willing to make trouble. Senators on this side owe it to the country to save it from the peril that such a bill will bring."

Senator Burton introduced resolutions calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for information as to options on interned ships and providing for a Senate investigation as to what offers of ships for sale have been received or what solicitations have been made by agents of the government for such offers.

Senator Gore will seek action Monday on his motion to discharge the commerce committee from consideration of his shipping bill substitute which might operate to get the matter again before the Senate, but would not stop the filibuster.

The first Democratic speech against the ship purchase bill, in the House was made today by Representatives Dies, of Texas, who assailed it as socialistic and paternalistic. "I do not want to see this Congress stampeded in this hour into the dead sea of socialism," he said, "and I shall not vote for it."

ANOTHER SHIPPING BILL

Progressive Republican Introduces New Measure in Lower House.

Washington, Feb. 13.—Another ship bill, providing for government construction instead of purchase of vessels was introduced today by Representative Stephens, Progressive Republican of California. Thirty merchant ships would be built under the bill, and in war time would be used as naval auxiliaries. Representative Stephens said one important effect of the measure would be to furnish employment to idle workmen at shipbuilding centers.

HOUSE ABOUT DONE WITH REVENUE BILL

Senate for State Board of Examiners for Architects.

CHATHAM BILL PASSED

Machinery Bill About Ready—Freight Train Bill Dead—Bill Introduced to Amend Marriage License Law.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 13.—With the exception of three sections, left open for final adoption in committee of the whole Monday, the House rounded up its consideration of the revenue bill today and as soon as these three sections are adopted Monday the bill will be given its second roll call reading, and then the final reading will follow on Tuesday. The bill will be duly engrossed that afternoon and be ready for the Senate to take up its consideration of the bill Wednesday.

The finance committee has the machinery bill pretty nearly ready for introduction also and it will come into the House early in the coming week and will require nothing like the amount of time the revenue bill has required to get it to the action of the representatives before it is given its passport to the Senate.

A notable feature in the House was the return from committee without action of the bill for the fixing of a maximum limit of 50 cars for freight trains in this State, with the statement from Chairman Allred that the friends of the bill were anxious to have the bill disposed of without actually recording an unfavorable report from committee or defeat on the floor of the House. For that reason he moved that further consideration of the bill be "indefinitely postponed." This was immediately voted.

The Senate today passed the Chatham bill for creating a State board of examiners for licensing architects, in spite of the strenuous opposition raised yesterday by Senator Muse that such a law will create a "close corporation" or trust in the profession. Senator McRae explained to the Senate that the bill will not prevent any man who desires to do so preparing plans for another but just prevents him from claiming to be a professional architect.

Bills passed to increase the allowance for stenographer for each of the Supreme Court justices from $400 to $900, and to give mothers equal shares with fathers in estates of deceased children.

Senator Chatham introduced a very notable bill that he says had the definite support of the Baptist State Convention and the Western Carolina Methodist Conference to require that where persons are licensed to marry, who have been divorced, there must be sworn record as to date and place and grounds for the divorce.

To Re-Appoint Carr.

Representative Stacy put through tha House today his bill to re-appoint J. O Carr as a member of the New Hanover County Board of Education. It goes to the Senate Monday.

Mr. Stacy introduced a bill today to allow Wilmington to own and operate public utilities.

The House in committee of the whole today restored the State tax on cotton compresses to $250 and allows counties to impose a like tax. In the finance committee, Senator Cooper had gotten this tax cut to $200 for the State and $150 for the county.

The House bill providing for the equal distribution of personal property was passed in the Senate after it had appeared that the measure was doomed to defeat. Senator Ward introduced an amendment to protect children in case of step-fathers; he explained and after some skirmishing this was voted down. Senator Gilliam took a small hand in the discussion, and the advocates of the measure caught enough support to give them winning hands.

The Senate today killed Representative Stacy's House bill to make lodging and meals a part of court costs in civil actions, the measure applying only to a few counties, Senator Cooper making the motion to lay the bill on the table.

Another bill went to the table today, this being a measure designed to prevent persons from plastering fences and boards with bills unless the owners of the property had first given their consent.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS

The House was convened at 10:30 o'clock with Speaker Wooten in the chair.

There were again numerous petitions for the enactment of the anti-jug law, voluntary land segregation, rural credits, crop lein law and one, from Ashe county, to prohibit the use of tobacco on the farms and stop spitting on church floors.

There was favorable report for the Stacy bill to make the kindergarten a part of the school system of the State. The bill to limit the number of freight cars to constitute a train to 50 maximum came from committee and brought the statement from Chairman Allred that friends of the bill wished "indefinite postponement of consideration without any action as to favorable report." He made a motion to this effect and the order was made, pigeon holing the bill for the session.

New Bills Introduced.

Among new bills introduced were the following:

Brockett—Resolution relative to Confederate widows.

Shepherd—Amend the law as to Robeson county superior courts.

Bennett—Require registers of deeds to verify records after registration.

Hutchison—Provide an appropriation for dental work in State hospitals.

Kittrell—Amend the law as to traveling libraries.

Nettles—Provide for the examination of master journeymen plumbers.

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GERMAN POSITION CLEARLY STATED

As to Unrestricted Shipment of Foodstuffs

ENVOY VISITS BRYAN

Count Von Bernstorff Calls at State Department But No Statement Given Out as to Conference—Note Not Mentioned.

Washington, Feb. 13.—The importance which the German government attaches to the unrestricted shipment of foodstuffs for its civilian population was emphasized at the State Department today by Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, who conferred with both Secretary Bryan and Counsellor Lansing. While no formal statement regarding the Ambassador's call was issued by the department, it was said afterward that he had hinted that warfare on merchant shipping might be relaxed if Germany could be assured of a continuous food supply for her non-combatant population.

The position of the German government, it was explained, is that the proclamation of a war zone and campaign against enemy merchant ships was simply a retaliation against England's alleged violations of the Declaration of London in hindering conditional contraband destined for civilians from reaching Germany. This, according to the German ambassador, is no less inhuman than the campaign on merchant vessels.

No Statement Authorized.

While declining to authorize any statement, officials admitted that the American note to Germany was open to the constructions that no steamers either belligerent or neutral should be sunk unless previously visited and an opportunity given for the taking off of passengers. It was reiterated that while the rules of international law clearly compelled such steps, the position taken was based squarely on humanitarian grounds.

An official who helped prepare the American note to Germany pointed out that the strong warning tone of the communication was not intended as a threat, but was a friendly act in a spirit of precaution lest the sinking of an American vessel with Americans aboard inflame public opinion in the United States to a degree which could not be estimated in advance. The German ambassador, it is understood, did not discuss his government's intention in connection with the announced campaign on merchant ships, but confined himself to explaining the German point of view on conditional contraband. He holds that the United States in contending for a strict observance of the rights of neutrals, should interest itself in seeing that conditional contraband is not held up on the high seas. The rules of international law even previous to the Declaration of London as the German ambassador was understood to view it, pointed out it required proof that the articles were destined to belligerent forces. He said the government had given assurances and also had modified its decrees so that imported foodstuffs would not be appropriated by the enemy. The German government also is willing to permit American consular officers to witness the sale and distribution of such food stuffs to determine whether or not they actually are reaching the civil population of Germany.

The Wilhelmina Case.

The ambassador discussed the case of the Wilhelmina, the American steamer seized by Great Britain on its journey to Germany with food stuffs. He believes the American government should take an interest in the safe delivery of the cargo to Germany. The State Department has taken no formal action beyond requesting Great Britain to postpone prize proceedings until the owners of the vessel, who have submitted a brief to the department, are enabled to discuss the case further here.

The question of cargoes such as that of the Wilhelmina which were shipped before the German decree taking over the National food supply became effective, probably will be covered fully in the American reply to the British note now being transmitted from London and dealing with the general subject of neutral commerce. Most of the communication has been deciphered and it is understood to be full of statistics.

As for conditional contraband the fact that the German government had taken over the supply of grain and flour is cited by the British government as proof that foodstuffs consigned tot civilians really would be used by the army. This point also probably will be discussed at length in the American reply, for in the first note it was stated that a mere presumption as to the destination of conditional contraband, even though shipped to a port held by belligerent forces, was not sufficient reason for preventing the delivery of the shipment, and that in each case proof of the destination must be shown.

Both Ambassadors Page and Gerard sent brief messages to the State Department today declaring they had presented the respective communications to the British and German foreign offices.

M'ADOO REVOKES ORDER.

Customs Collectors No Longer Must Keep Quiet as to Ship Cargoes.

Washington, Feb. 13.—Secretary McAdoo has revoked his order of last October prohibiting collectors of customs from giving out information concerning the character or destination of outbound cargoes. The Secretary said many complaints had been received from the exporters regarding the order and the reason for its existence had passed.

Macon, Ga., Feb. 13.—George T. Stallings, manager of the Boston Nationals, who has been ill at his plantation near here, practically has recovered.

SPAIN SUGGESTS JOINT ACTION OF ALL POWERS IN REGARD TO MEXICO

Application Terms Trouble There as State of Anarchy, is the Report.

WASHINGTON RETICENT

Spanish Note Not Received There, and Comment is Withheld.

London, Feb. 13. — The Spanish government has made application to the powers in order to obtain joint action to end what is termed to be a state of anarchy in Mexico, according to a dispatch from Madrid, to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

NO WORD TO WASHINGTON.

Spanish Note Not Received—Carranza Explains Why Minister Departed.

Washington, Feb. 13.—The United States government has received no application from Spain for joint action with other nations in the Mexican situation, Secretary Bryan said tonight, nor has any intimation reached the State Department that such a step was contemplated.

At the Spanish embassy it was said no word had been received from Madrid as to the decision of the cabinet, but that a full report of the expulsion from Mexico of Jose Caro, the Spanish minister on which it is presumed here Spain's reported action is based, has been sent by Mr. Caro through the embassy here to the Spanish foreign office.

The peculiar status of all diplomatic representatives in a country wherein no government is recognized, many officials believed probably would override the technical point that the Spanish minister could enjoy no diplomatic immunities because he had not presented his credentials. It was suggested that Mr. Caro's appointment by the Spanish government would in the circumstances constitute sufficient proof of his official status for any defacto government and should inspire the same respect as that usually given diplomatic representatives.

Conditions in Mexico Worse.

The Spanish government may have addressed a note to all the powers reciting Caro's experiences with the Carranza government, officials here believe, but until the nature of Spain's suggestions are known they declined to speculate on the probable course of the American government.

That conditions of Mexico gradually have been growing worse is admitted at the State Department. There has been a disposition to regard the expulsion of the Spanish minister as a personal matter between General Carranza and Mr. Caro, but whether or not this was a fixed policy of the Washington government was a matter of conjecture.

The Constitutionalist agency here made public the following dispatch from Carranza in regard to the deportation of Caro:

Carranza Explains.

"I ordered the expulsion of Jose Caro, the so-called minister of Spain to Mexico, for the following reasons:

"Angel De Caso, a Spaniard who has lived for years in Mexico, has been married to a Mexican woman, has had children born in this country, is an owner of real estate and one of the most important accomplices of Francisco Villa.

"He was by Villa's side at Chihuahua, acted for a time as his confidential agent to the United States and finally accompanied Villa to Mexico City. De Caso was seriously involved in a series of murders and kidnapings committed in Mexico City. His family lived together with Villa's.

"Before Gutierrez, de Caso made himself appear as a confidential agent of Spain. When Gutierrez left Mexico City De Caso went into hiding and when General Obregon entered he ordered his arrest. De Caso sought refuge in the building of the Spanish legation. I then ordered Gen. Obregon to make request of Jose Caro, who styled himself Charge d'Affaires of Spain, to surrender De Caso within 24 hours.

Ordered to Leave Country.

"Jose Caro made solemn assurances that De Caso was not in the legation, but having secured proof that he was, I directed General Obregon to make a search of the legation with the permission of Charge Caro. Caro opposed this, pleading the inviolability of the building. I could have ordered the search, but wishing to avoid giving any offense to the people and government of Spain I limited my action to requesting Caro to leave the country.

"The Spanish government had Minister Cologan before Madero and when it afterwards recognized Huerta, Cologan continued in his position. The government of Spain has not recognized the Constitutional government nor were any letters of recall presented by Cologan. The diplomatic character of Caro is entirely ignored. In strict justice I could have taken more severe measures without infringing any principles, practices or courtesies of an international character, but as a mark of amity for the people and government of Spain, I confined myself to requesting Caro to leave the country. Caro did not even answer any of the communications addressed to him in regard to the De Caso incident."

CARO ON BATTLESHIP.

Spanish Minister Will Sail from Vera Cruz Tuesday for Spain.

Vera Cruz, Feb. 13.—Jose Caro, Spanish minister to Mexico, expelled

(Continued From Page Two.)

GERMANY WILL PROBABLY ADHERE TO STATED POLICY

Berlin, Feb. 13 (via London, Feb. 12).—The German foreign office after studying the American note respecting the declaration by Germany of a war zone in the waters around Great Britain and Ireland, states that the terms are much friendlier than previously had been prepared by reason of the incomplete newspaper dispatches published here.

The foreigne office had not anticipated that the United States would accept the German position without objections and it even recognizes that from the American standpoint certain of the points raised are quite justified. Germany, however, it is declared, intends to adhere to its own viewpoint.

Various officials, diplomatic, naval and military, whose opinions have been sought, profess to see no element of danger in the situation and are convinced that the naval campaign can be conducted on the lines laid down in the admiralty proclamation without involving difficulties between the United States and Germany.

FINANCIAL PANICS THING OF THE PAST

Hamlin Explains Why Another One is Impossible.

NEW BANKING SYSTEM

Federal Reserve System Has Done Wonders for United States in Its First Ten Weeks of Activity. Still Developing.

Chicago, Feb. 13.—"Under the Federal Reserve System we shall see no more financial panics," said Charles S. Hamlin, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, at the annual banquet of the Chicago Real Estate Board tonight.

"Although barely ten weeks have elapsed since the opening of the 12 Federal Reserve banks, much has been accomplished in the way of placing our banking system on a firm foundation," said Mr. Hamlin.

He then reviewed conditions which existed under the old system and said conditions just prior to the opening of the Federal Reserve banks in November were "probably the most ominous in the history of our country."

"The establishment of the Federal Reserve System has been a potent cause in our financial recovery.

"In the first place, it established lower reserve requirements, thus releasing an enormous amount of cash as a basis for future credit operations. It mobilized a material proportion of the reserves of the member banks in the Federal Reserve banks, thus furnishing a fund from which banks could be assisted in re-discounting commercial paper.

Elastic Note Issue.

"An elastic note issue also was provided for, rising and falling in response to the needs of agriculture, commerce and industry. Acceptances in the import and export trade also are permitted to be discounted by Federal Reserve banks, and the member banks for the first time were authorized to accept bills drawn upon such transactions."

Mr. Hamlin said he did not share the fear of some persons that the Federal Reserve banks would have difficulty in

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WHEAT PRICES BREAK MARKET NEAR PANIC

Wild Swing Downwarn in Price of Grain at Chicago

Stop Loss Selling and Almost Complete Cessation of Exports Causes Break—Nine-Cent Decline In Last Hour.

Chicago, Feb. 13.—Stop loss wheat selling today resulted in wild downward swings in price. Weakness developed at the outset and in the final hour a violent lurch took prices 9 1-2 cents under Thursday night's close. May went to $1.50 and July to $1.28 7-8.

Almost complete stoppage of export demand for the time being appeared to form the main cause of the general stampede to sell.

The worst of the semi-panic was over in 15 minutes, but the market remained extremely nervous up to the closing gong. Short buying for profits helped prices in the final dealings. The close was 5 to 5 1-8 to 5 1-4c down as compared with Thursday night, May finishing at $1.54 1-4 and July at $1.29 7-8 to $1.30.

CARTER-ABERNETHY EPISODE YET OPEN

Judge Condemns Solicitor's "Dereliction" of Duty.

THE LATTER REPLIES

Following Action of Judge in Placing Entry Upon Record, Solicitor Issues Long Statement in Defense of His Action.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newbern, N. C., Feb. 13.—The culminating episode of the famous Judge Carter-Solicitor Abernethy controversy, which began last Monday when the judge adjudged the solicitor in contempt of court and fined him $50, came in a sensational statement made by the judge this morning and filed on the court record, in which he condemns the action of the solicitor in regard to continuing the case against James H. Baugham, of Washington, N. C., and infers that he is not a satisfactory man to hold the office.

Immediately after Judge Carter had read this statement, Solicitor Abernethy filed a statement requesting that this be not placed on the court records. Judge Carter paid no attention to this request further than to add a supplement to his first statement, and both were placed on the records.

Tonight in a statement several thousand words in length, Solicitor Abernethy explains to the people of the State his position in the matter and endeavors to show that he has acted in the right all along. Aiding him in preparing this statement were some of the ablest lawyers in Eastern North Carolina and they have voiced the opinion that the judge has not treated the solicitor with the respect which is due him and that he has done him a great injustice.

Attached to the statement are the sworn affidavits of a number of prominent men who are familiar with the case and who declare that the solicitor in continuing the Baugham case was acting within his rights and that there was no dereliction of duty on his part. The affair has created great interest here and is the sole topic of conversation.

What will be the final outcome is a matter of speculation.

MUCH INTEREST IN RALEIGH.

Text of Statement of Judge Carter Recorded.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 13.—State officials and members of the Legislature here have been watching with the keenest interest, not to say anxiety, the contempt proceedings and other differences that have arisen at Newbern between Judge Frank Carter, of the Superior court, and Solicitor C. L. Abernathy, growing out of the Baugham murder case and the several continuances. Information reaching here this morning is that Judge Carter today made the following final entry in the case:

"The solicitor, an officer of the Superior court, thus puts himself in the attitude of definitely refusing to comply with a respectful request from the presiding judge to report to the court at term upon his conduct of a murder case pending upon the docket. It is capitally doubtful whether he has the right so to refuse and whether the court could not by attachment for contempt compel him to make the desired disclosure. But conceding the technical right of his refusal admits of no construction consistent with a proper sense of his obligation either to the court whose officer, both as attorney and public official, he is, or to the people of the State whom he represents in so responsible a relation.

"Both as officer of the court and as servant of the people the conduct of murder and other public prosecutions in his stewardship, he refuses to give an account of his stewardship. His refusal makes it impossible for the court to judge of his responsibility for the second continuance of this case or of the sufficiency of his reasons for consenting to the third continuance. He vouchsafes no explanation as to why the defendant has never been required to plead and refuses to say whether he has ever made the slightest effort to bring the case to trial. The court having preferred a request instead of making an order, the solicitor's refusal is possibly within his technical legal rights but silence under the circumstances of this case constitutes no basis for official credit.

"Whatever the facts as to his conduct of this case, his refusal to make a report requested of him constitutes a moral if not a legal dereliction which the court heartily condemns. The temporary authority of the now presiding judge being so near its expiration, he must needs remit the further consideration of these matters to the judge regularly riding this district."

FOUR YEARS A FUGITIVE DYNAMITER IS ARRESTED

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ifornia and purchased 1,000 pounds of dynamite.

Schmidt was held without bail until February 24th to await extradition.

When arraigned before Magistrate McQuade the prisoner said he was a mechanic, 34 years old, but refused to answer the other customary questions. After the arraignment, however, the magistrate said the man had confessed to him in his chambers that he was Matthew A. Schmidt, as alleged in the Los Angeles indictment.

Detective Burns stated that the arrest of Schmidt resulted from an investigation of the bomb explosion which occurred in a six story flat house on Lexington avenue this city July 4, 1913, and which killed three persons, injured others and partly wrecked the building. Detectives who examined the premises became convinced that the bomb used was of the same type as that employed in the blowing up of the Los Angeles Times building.

The investigators soon struck a trail which led to the arrest of Schmidt.

The three men charged with purchasing the dynamite from the Giant Powder Company works were J. B. McNamara, M. A. Schmidt and David Chaplain.

GOVERNOR REPLIES TO REPRESENTATIVE PAGE

Defends Policy as to Convict Work on Railroads

Says Glenn, Kitchin and Himself Held Same View—Intends to Continue Course as Long as Authorized.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 13.—Governor Craig made answer today to the inquiry of Representative Henry A. Page as to the construction the Governor places on the section of the charter of the Elkin & Alleghany Railroad Company making the approval of the Governor a prerequisite to the assignment of convicts to this road, Mr. Page contending that the act intended that the Governor should approve only when stock taken in exchange for convict labor was worth its face value in money. The reply is lengthy. The following are notable extracts:

"Neither Governor Glenn nor Kitchin nor I read into this act the meaning that you contend for, but on the contrary three governors in succession have interpreted the act to mean what it says, to wit: That the available convicts be assigned to this road and the stock of the railroad company taken as pay therefor, although this stock is not actually and really and truely worth its face value in money. This whole situation was clearly understood by the General Assembly of 1907 that passed the act and since then four General Assemblies have met. All have acquiesced without question in the construction placed upon this act by the different governors. Two of the General Assemblies have endorsed the present policy after full investigation and discussion."

After defending the present policy at much length, the Governor says:

"I am not responsible for the present policy. The General Assembly is responsible. I expect to exercise the power and discretion vested in me in accordance with what I conceive to be the will of the General Assembly, with due regard for the conomic management of the prison and the rights of all concerned. I shall not order the withdrawal of the convicts from the railroads on the grounds contended for in your letter. I am satisfied that such is not the will of the General Assembly. If the power to place these convicts is continued in the Governor, I shall continue the present policy to aid inaccessible sections in obtaining railroad facilities, provided I am assured that these railroads will be built to points that will benefit these remote sections."

HOUSE ABOUT DONE WITH REVENUE BILL

(Continued from Page One.)

Dunning—Amend the law as to transportation of freight.

Dunning—Fix machinery for regulating railroad freight rates.

McKay—Amend the Harnett county dog tax law.

Douglass—Regulate the sale of artificially bleached flour.

Allred—Put certain persons on the pension roll.

Stacy—Authorize Wilmington to own and operate public utilities.

Deaver—Protect owners of buildings and those laboring in them.

Passed Third Reading.

Bills passed final reading as follows:

Provide for roads in Craven county.

Amend the law as to the Greensboro & Northern Railroad Co.

Authorize special bonds by Wilson.

Authorize bond election in Wilmington.

Incorporate the Wilkesboro, West Jefferson & Northern Railroad.

Require committeemen to allow credit on tuition from children living outside the school district.

Appoint J. O. Carr to succeed himself on the New Hanover school board.

Work on Revenue Bill.

The House went into committee of the whole at noon on the Revenue bill.

Section 49 as to tax on cotton compresses was changed to restore the tax to $250 for the State and the county to have the right to levy an equal tax. Senator Cooper in committee had secured change to $200 for State and $150 for the county, which was changed to original tax.

Representative Mintz's amendment to section 57, fixing newspaper contest tax at $10 for weeklies and $25 for dailies, caused that provision to go over. A hearing Monday will settle this feature. Newspapers paid $180 last year.

The committee had no trouble on the oil tax from which the State gathered $46,000 last year. The House amended the automobile hire tax from $5 flat to $10 for non-residents and $5 for other owners.

Williams Loses Again.

Representative Williams, of Cabarrus, came near getting an amendment to the provision in section 70, levying a $5 tax on retail cigarette dealers. The minority leader wanted the county to have the right to put $5 also. He answered the objection of Mr. Doughton that this might tax the dealer out of dealing by saying he would like to stop cigarette smoking as it was very injurious to boys. Mr. Williams took his seat with a large quid of chewing tobacco, as usual. Small, of Pasquotank, observed that tobacco chewing was very injurious to old men. Williams received 29 votes for his amendment and the opposition 30.

The House had completed schedule B and went into schedule C, corporation taxes. Mr. Doughton read the results from the last report and found that $79,275.95 had been raised from this source. The several sections were passed without change until section 87 was reached. This provides that when taxes are misappropriated, the crime shall be changed from embezzlement to a misdemeanor, leaving the court to fine or imprison in its discretion.

With the announcement that sections 57, 58 and 68 only are to be adopted, the committee stood up, announced progress and went back to regular form for further consideration of bills. Mr. Doughton gave notice that the revenue bill will be placed Monday on its second reading and Tuesday on its third.

Bills Pass Final Reading.

The following bills passed final reading:

Compulsory school attendance between 8 and 14 in Yancey county.

Regulate maximum and minimum amounts of whiskey sold in Anson depository.

Amend the insurance laws of 1909 for Carteret county.

Create court reporter for Ninth district.

Change the Ashe and Watauga boundary line.

Regulate police pension fund for Wilmington police.

House adjourned to noon Monday.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS

The Senate convened this morning at 11 o'clock. President Daughtridge presiding.

The following new standing committee on the part of the Senate was announced as a recognition of the importance of the work:

Committee on social service, Hobgood, chairman, Ward, Efird, Dixon, Gardner, Chatham, Cooper, Majette, Haymore.

Committee to expedite legislation: Ward, chairman, Johnson, of Duplin; McNeely, Weaver, Thompson, of Onslow; White, McRae and Giles. Senator Norris was added to the committee on penal institutions.

There were further petitions urging the enactment of the State Anti-Saloon League anti-jug law.

New Bills Introduced.

Among new bills introduced were the following:

Chatham—Amend the statute prescribing the form of marriage licenses.

White—Amend the law as to the posting of land.

McRae—Relative to change in the form of wills and probates.

Nash—Amend the law relative to the traveling library commission.

Cooper—Change the number of navigation commissioners at the port of Wilmington so Wilmington will have four commissioners and Southport one, instead of Wilmington three and Southport two as at present.

The Senate passed the Chatham bill for the creation of a board of examiners to license architects in this State by a roll call vote of 32 to 8. The measure was warmly discussed yesterday when Senator Muse and others undertook to show that the effect of the bill would be to establish a trust or close corporation for this work and it came over today as unfinished business, the vote yesterday having fallen short of a quorum.

Passed Third Reading.

Bills passed final reading as follows:

Authorize re-submission of question of bonds for the Greensboro & Northern Railroad.

Include New Hanover and Henderson counties in the Guilford county public morals law.

Protect game in Rocky Point township, Pender county.

Place officers of New Hanover county on salary basis.

Amend the law as to clerical help for the Supreme Court justices, increasing the allowance for each justice from $400 to $900 for stenographic assistance.

Amend the Revisal as to abatement of actions.

Amend the law as to suits in forma pauperis.

Two Bills Tabled.

The Senate tabled the bill by Senator Hobgood to prohibit the placing of signs on the lands of another without permission of the owner. This was after a spirited defense of the bill by Senator Hobgood and others, and after numbers of the senators had asked that their counties be excluded from the operation of the bill.

The bill by Representative Stacy to provide that in New Hanover county the cost of meals and lodging for jurors be made a part of the costs in the trial of civil actions in New Hanover county, was opposed by Senator Ward and was on motion of Senator Cooper, of New Hanover, tabled.

The pharmacy bill was set for a special order next Thursday at 11 o'clock.

Mother and Father Equal.

The bill relating to the distribution of personal property, putting the mother on equal footing with the father in the inheritance of the property of deceased children brought on long discussion. Senator Ward offered an amendment to protect the children in the event of a step-father. This was voted down 19 to 14, after it had received in an earlier vote 16 to 4, showing no quorum present. The sergeant at arms was sent out to muster additional senators before the vote could proceed. In the meantime Senator Gilliam got in some argument for the House bill unamended as Senator Ward proposed and the next vote passed the bill on final reading.

The Senate passed the McRae bill for the creation of a division of rural credits in the State Department of Agriculture.

The Senate adjourned to Monday noon.

VILLA TAKES CITY OF GUADALAJARA

Second Largest in Mexico Falls Before Attack

VICTORY IS COMPLETE

Main Body of the Carranza Troops Evacuated and Left Small Garrison Behind—Villa Claims Much Booty Taken.

El Paso, Texas, Feb. 13.—Guadalajara, second largest city in Mexico, fell today into the hands of the Villa troops, according to a telegram received tonight by the Associated Press. General Villa describes his victory as complete.

The Villa victory today over the Carranza troops of General Dieguez followed previous Carranza advices that the first attack on Guadalajara had been repulsed. Guadalajara is the key to the west cost district and an important railroad center.

Villa also told of the execution at Guadalajara by the Carranza troops of several priests.

Villa's telegram which was dated Guadalajara said:

City Evacuated.

"Despite the bravoda and insolence of the enemy they have not been courageous enough to await our forces. They now continue to flee everywhere. Every day they are losing partisans who come to our files.

"We entered Guadalajara today and immediately after continued to pursue the enemy. It seems that the main Carranza group has left in the direction of Manzanillo.

General Medina entered Guadalajara followed by a hundred of his men. He succeeded in surprising the weak garrison there killing 360 of the Dieguez troops and taking six machine guns and much ammunition. The remainder were disarmed.

"In all towns on our route we have been received enthusiastically by the people."

ANOTHER VICTORY

Villa's Agent at Washington Learns of More Successes.

Washington, Feb. 13.—Enrique C. Llorente, Washington representative of General Villa received advices today from Piedras Negras declaring that the Villa troops had defeated the Carranza forces at Castano, 18 miles south of Monclova and driven the enemy four stations northward.

FOOD SHORTAGE AT TAMPICO

State Department Learns of Conditions at Port.

Washington, Feb. 13.—A report to the State Department today from Tampico says the food situation there is serious. The local government has imported corn from Vera Cruz and sold it to the peons at a nominal price.

About 300 Americans left Tampico recently for the United States. A number of destitute families in the interior also are to be sent north.

CHARLOTTE GETS FORD COMPANY'S NEW PLANT

Branch Automobile Factory to Supply the South.

Tar Heels in Samoan Islands Not Injured—Webb Introduces Bill to Compel Federal Judges to Retire at 70.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Charlotte, N. C., Feb. 13.—Word was received here tonight that the Ford automobile people of Detroit, Mich., had decided to establish an assembling plant at Charlotte to erect and distribute Ford machines, the cost of the plant to be $200,000, about 250 men to be employed and the yearly output to amount to about 10,000 automobiles.

James E. Couzens, vice president and secretary of the corporation, was in Charlotte Saturday, February 6, and secured options on several sites for the plant.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 13.—A branch manufacturing plant of the Ford Automobile Company is to be established at Charlotte in the near future, according to James A. Couzens, vice president of the company, who has just returned from a trip through North Carolina.

In conversation with Senator's Overman and William Alden Smith, of Michigan, Mr. Couzens told the North Carolina senator that he had closed a deal to open the plant in the Queen City. Just how many men are to be employed and the amount of money to be expended was not divulged by Mr. Couzens. It is said, however, that the Ford people contemplate spending a large amount of money in the establishment of the plant and that Charlotte will be made the distributing point for the South.

According to the best information obtainable tonight the Ford company's plant at Charlotte will be equipped to make Ford machines and all Ford parts and that the Charlotte establishment will be as thoroughly equipped as the plant at Detroit. The only difference will be that the Charlotte branch will not be as large as the Detroit plant.

It is assumed that the same scale of wage, not less than five dollars a day for any employe, will be put into effect when the Charlotte plant begins operation.

Albert N. Noble, of Smithfield, and Alex. Stronach, of Raleigh, who are at Tutuila, Island of Samoa, were not injured by the cyclone which swept the Samoan Islands a few days ago, according to a cablegram received by Secretary of the Navy Daniels today.

The Senate today confirmed the nomination of Bart M. Gatling to be postmaster of Raleigh.

To Retire Federal Judges.

Representative Webb has introduced a bill giving the President the right to supplant Federal judges who have served ten years and passed 70 years of age. Federal judges under the present law may retire at 70 but they cannot be compelled to do so. Hence many of the Federal court dockets are water-logged because, in some instances, the judges are too feeble to do a man's day's work. If the bill becomes a law it would probably mean that Judge Boyd, of Greensboro, will be forced to retire and a Democrat appointed in his place. Judge Boyd will be 70 years old some time this year.

Representative Webb has been asked by President Wilson to lead his shipping bill fight in the House. Webb is young, active and popular. His personal following is said to be second to no man in the lower branch of Congress.

P. R. A.

BISHOP CHESHIRE CONDUCTS FUNERAL OF REV. JOHN HUSKE

Remains Brought from New York State to Fayetteville Yesterday.

Fayetteville, N. C., Feb. 13.—The remains of Rev. John Huske, who died at Newburgh, N. Y., Thursday afternoon, were laid to rest in Cross Creek cemetery here at 5:15 o'clock this afternoon. The remains arrived from the North at 4:35 o'clock, accompanied by two of his brothers, Major B. R. Huske, of this city, and Rev. Kirkland Huske, of Great Neck, N. Y., Mrs. Kirkland Huske and Right Rev. Joseph Blount Cheshire, Bishop of North Carolina, and were carried at once to St. John's church, where they lay in state until the hour of the funeral. The services were conducted by Bishop Cheshire, assisted by Rev. Archer Boogher, the rector, and Rev. J. S. Moody. The services were attended by a large congregation of friends who wished to pay a last tribute of respect and love to one who was a friend to man.

Mr. Huske was a much beloved man and an able preacher. His work as an Episcopal minister carried him into many communities and into many homes, and in these he was universally loved. During his 35 years in the ministry he had served eight churches in North Carolina and other states and as Archdeacon of the Diocese of North Carolina. He was rector of the Chapel of the Cross at Chapel Hill; St. Philip's church, Durham, and had charge of churches in Hickory and Statesville, in this state and Erie, Pa., and Buffalo, N. Y., and was assistant rector of St. Thomas' church in New York City. His last charge was at Newburgh, N. Y., where he was rector of St. George's church for 12 years.

Extraordinary Values

Which stamps this Sale as the greatest ever launched in Wilmington, appeals with peculiar force to the money-saving instincts of the people. A well pleased patron is the best advertising medium. The crowds came expecing much, but they found the values even greater than advertised. This magnificent and carefully selected stock has but one destiny, and that is with you. Cost is ignored, values made that are rapidly vacating tables and shelves, thousands of dollars' worth of new and fresh staples, up to the minute merchandise, all the Spring's newest creations in men's clothing, furnishing goods cut in prices until bargains are irresistible. Nothing to rival this sale in values has ever been attempted in Wilmington. We have drawn on our reserve stock, filled in the places weakened by the extra heavy selling of the opening days, and we are going to make the remaining day the Red Letter Day of our sale.

Our Prices Will Do It.

Again we appeal to you that by staying away is like throwing dollars away. Don't fail to attend this, the greatest sale in the history of Wilmington.

The Following Prices Are But an Index to the True Story of Economy This Sale Affords

50-inch Mercerized Table Damask, Sale Price 38c

81x90 Mohawk Sheets, Sale Price 75c

36-inch Foundation Silks, Sale Price 21c

36-inch Crepe de Chine (evening shades), Sale Price 45c

Yard wide Androscoggin Bleaching, Sale Price 8 1-2c

Yard wide Wool Dress Goods, 50c value, Sale Price 29c

$2.50 Alarm Clocks (made in Germany), Sale Price $1.29

Yard wide Percales, Sale Price . 8 1-2c

Yard wide Berkley Cambric, Sale Price 11c

One odd lot of Lace Curtains, values up to $5.00, Sale Price. . 98c

10c and 12 1-2c Dress Ginghams, Sale Price 8c

25c Mercerized Poplins, Sale Price 18c

One lot Ladies' Coat Suits, in a variety of pretty patterns, values up to $20.00 included, all go at only $5.00

GAYLORD-PLATT CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SALE CLOSES SATURDAY, FEB. 20TH

SPAIN SUGGESTS JOINT ACTION OF ALL POWERS IN REGARD TO MEXICO

(Continued from Page One.)

from the country by Carranza, arrived here Friday night and today was afforded asylum by Captain Rogers, on the United States battleship Delaware.

Senor Caro came to Mexico only recently. He had not yet presented his credentials.

American Consul General Canada, on instructions from Washington requested the local authorities to show the minister every possible consideration. Accompanied by the Spanish consul here, Mr. Canada met Senor Caro and his staff when they arrived. The minister was told he might board the Delaware at once if he desired, but he chose quarters for the night on a Spanish merchant ship, tied up at the dock here.

The minister expects to leave next Tuesday on the Spanish steamer Reina Maria Cristina.

FINANCIAL PANIC THING OF THE PAST

(Continued from Page One.)

earning their expenses and required dividends. Discussing the true function of the new banks he said:

"Some claim that they are purely emergency banks while others seem to feel that they are ordinary commercial banks which should at all times compete with the member banks. Neither of these extremes, however, represents the real function of th Federal Reserve banks.

"Their duty is not alone to meet emergencies, but so far as possible to prevent emergencies from arising and while ordinarily they do not and are not intended to compete with commercial banks yet occasions may arise where such competition through the exercise of their open market powers, will be necessary for the protection of the people of the United States."

RECORD FOR NORFOLK

Five Ships Loaded With Horses Clear for Europe in One Day.

Newport News, Va., Feb. 13.—A new record was set here today when five steamers cleared for ports in England and Frace with cargoes totalling approximately 4,000 horses.

The last of the five will sail Sunday. Three ships carrying horses left this port earlier in the week with approximately 2,000 head, making a total of about 6,000 horses for England and France during the week.

VICTORIA THEATRE

Another Week of Big Music Shows at Tiny Prices. Presenting the Premier Musical Attraction:

Follette and Wicks and their Victoria Girls

FUN MELODY NOVELTY DANCING

Show Changed Three Times a Week

Monday's and Tuesday's Attraction: That Well Known Musical Concoction:

"Schultz's Cabaret"

THREE PERFORMANCES DAILY:

3:30 O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON

7:30 AND 9:00 O'CLOCK AT NIGHT

Matinee Prices: 5 cents for Children and 10 cents for Adults. Night Prices: 10 and 20 cents.

ROBESON FARMERS WILL CUT COTTON ACREAGE

Curtailment Will Amount to One Third at Least

More Grain Planted Than Ever Before. Frank Dixon to Lecture—Special Train to Fayetteville—Lumberton News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., Feb. 13.—During the past week your correspondent has had the opportunity of interviewing quite a number of farmers from different sections of Robeson county, and without a single exception every one consulted agrees that the cotton acreage will be cut down one-third this year. They also say that more small grain than ever before has been planted, and that they have determined to produce more home supplies than ever before. From what can be learned, the tobacco acreage will be about the same as last year's. Less fertilizers than for several years will be used. Very few farmers seem discouraged. Most of them have made up their minds not to depend so much on cotton hereafter.

Again there is talk of the Yadkin Power Company coming into Lumberton. The writer does not pretend to undertake to advise anyone about the matter, but he does think, from past experiences that Lumberton people have had, they should "look before they leap." Ex-Mayor A. P. Caldwell told the writer last night, in reply to a question, that he could have put $10,000 in his pockets while he was mayor, to unload the town plant, but he wanted it distinctly understood that he was not saying the Yadkin people made him any such proposition. Your correspondent had heard that he had some such opportunity and asked him about it, thus bringing the matter up. Those in position to know say that if the light and water plant had the opportunity, it could light the town free and have a little bank account, but that it is called upon for too many other things.

Birthday Anniversaries.

Mr. J. A. McAllister, one of Lumberton's most highly esteemed citizens, celebrated his 75th birthday anniversary yesterday, and was as jovial and happy as could be. On Wednesday Mr. and Mrs. McAllister celebrated the 45th anniversary of their marriage, an account of their wedding having appeared in the first issue of the Robesonian which will close its 45th volume Monday. Mr. McAllister was the writer's teacher 47 years ago.

Mr. O. C. Norment celebrated his 77th birthday anniversary Monday, and still holds his own remarkably well for one of his age. Mr. Norment was born and raised in Lumberton and, with the exception of ten months spent in Wilmington just preceding the Civil War and then service through the war, he has spent his entire life here, where up to a few years ago he was always actively engaged in business. The county has no better citizen.

While in conversation with the writer yesterday, Mr. J. M. Sessoms, of East Lumberton, made an unusual and surprising statement. He said that at the time of his marriage, January 7, 1887, he and his wife each weighed 162 pounds. Some years later they both had fever and fell back to 145, but after recovering they regained their former weight and now each weighs 172.

Some one seems to have borrowed the heavy wire fencing on the Elm street side, from the old cemetery near the passenger station, about one-half the length of the square. Noticing that the wire was gone, the writer asked the mayor, chief of police and street committee what became of it, but none of them seemed to know who moved it or when it was done.

Frank Dixon Coming.

The next lyceum attraction at the opera house will be a lecture on Monday night, February 22nd, by Frank Dixon, brother of Thomas Dixon, author and playwright. His subject has not been announced, but he can be depended on to draw a crowd, as Lumberton has many people who enjoy good lectures.

At the Pastime theatre Tuesday night will be presented a five-reel picture of the European war now going on. The pictures are guaranteed to be genuine and will doubtless attract a large crowd. On Friday night, "Judith of Bethulia," a Biblical picture in four reels, will be the feature. Saturday night "Seven Hours in New York" will be presented at the opera house. This will be the last road show until Coburn's minstrels come in March.

Adjusters from the different fire insurance companies which carried policies on the building belonging to Mr. W. W. Carlyle and occupied by the John T. Biggs Company and Mr. R. R. Carlyle's Ladies' Store, were here this week, and everything points to a satisfactory settlement. As soon as the damaged stocks can be disposed of, the building will be repaired.

The V. & C. S. will run a special train Monday evening to Fayetteville for the benefit of those who desire to attend the big theatrical attraction in that city that night. The train will leave here at 6 o'clock and return after the performance. Fare for the round trip will be $1.70. Already nearly a car load of people have purchased seats for the show, and General Passenger Agent Parker promises all who go a pleasant trip.

Just before Christmas the National Bank of Lumberton sent out to members of its Christmas club checks aggregating $4,000 or more, and now it is said that if the members who have joined this year keep up their deposits as they have started no less than $10,000 will be distributed next Christmas.

It's too good to keep. For the past month a well known colored man has been limping around town with one foot and leg bandaged up, claiming that his leg had been broken and touching whoever he could. A few days ago he aroused the sympathies of the postoffice employes who contributed to the supposed unfortunate man. As soon as he made his collection he walked around to the money order window and purchased from the young lady clerk a money order for $1.50 to be sent away for whiskey.

Messrs. W. P. McAllister and Walter Bowden went to Richmond Thursday night. Mrs. McAllister, who has been in Richmond for some time taking treatment, is expected to return with them tonight, much improved in health.

A few buck shad have been on the market here, selling at a dollar each.

For the first time this year this section has had a week of fair weather, and cold enough for ice to form nearly every night. W. S. W.

MADE OF MAHOGANY FROM SAN DOMINGO

Desks and Chairs Used by North Carolina Legislators.

WORK COMPLETED 1840

Three of the Cabinet Makers Engaged on Job Died Before Completing Labors—Contract Awarded William Thompson.

The furniture in the Senate and House—made from mohogany logs brought from San Domingo about 1830—was manufactured and has been kept in repair by three generations of the same family, says the Raleigh News and Observer.

Mr. M. R. Haynes, of Raleigh, is the third of his race to have charge of the furniture. He has been at it himself some forty-four years. He is making repairs to Speaker Wooten's desk now.

There are fifty desks and chairs in the Senate, and 119 in the House. With the exception of two chairs in the House, all the furniture is from that shipment of mahogany from San Domingo. The logs were brought overland from Fayetteville somewhere about 1830.

The contract was given to Mr. William Thompson, of Raleigh. The work was completed and turned over to the State October 1, 1840. The furniture was made in Mr. Thompson's cabinet shop, on the southeast corner of Capitol Square, where the express office now stands.

Of the four old-time cabinet makers whose painstaking care is so evident in their finished product, three died before their work was completed.

William H. Royster, Robert L. Kase, George Lecy, and Richard Crossland were the artisans who started the work. Three of them passed on before finishing their labors, Royster completing the work. M. R. Haynes, the present "custodian" of the furniture, went into the shop when he was 11 years old. With the actual making of the furniture he had little or nothing to do.

All Hand Work.

There's no machine work in these desks and chairs—not one little suggestion of it. The legs were turned on an old-time lathe, with an eight-foot wheel, and the power was hand power. It took about one year to make the furniture. The chairs are solid mahogany, the desks are partly veneered.

Two of the original chairs in the House were destroyed during the days of reconstruction when the black men filled half the seats of North Carolina's law-givers. So in 1874 Mr. Haynes was ordered to make two more. These substitutes are of red walnut, and belong to desks Nos. 72 and 34, occupied during the present session, by Representative D. L. Hewet, Jr., Republican, of Brunswick county, and Representative R. L. Carr, Democrat, of Duplin.

Well Preserved.

The furniture is in a remarkably well preserved condition—but little marred or abused. Of course, it is gone over carefully as occasion demands, and certainly the occasion must have demanded it right smartly during the days of the festive carpet-bagger.

It was then that the General Assembly met every year and remained in session most of the year, too. Half the seats were filled by negroes, and instead of that peanut stand which now graces the lobby, there was a full grown bar for the use of the honorable legislators and their friends.

Those broken stone steps in the capitol building is mute evidence of many barrels of booze rolled up and down the broad stairs. The legislators and their friends were the proud possessors of a healthy thirst, which cost them nothing to quench.

The solid old mahogany furniture managed to live through those days of shame and degradation, but only because it was made of the real stuff—no sham, no pretense, you know. It was made by hand, by men who put their hearts into their work, and who who built for enduring time.

The furniture is nearly three-quarters of a century old now, and it looks good for another full century of service. Especially when you think that during the next 100 years North Carolina won't be subjected to the strain of another reconstruction at the hands of its friends.

THE "PULLING POWER" OF STAR ADVERTISING

PRESIDENTS' PAGE A CAPITAL FEATURE FOR WILMINGTON ADVERTISERS AND READERS.

Besides the Great Educational Advantages to Be Secured, the Cash Prize is Easy for Contestants.

An occasional object lesson is valuable to The Star's advertisers, its readers as well as to The Star itself. The paper's reputation as a result-producer is well established, but even the most optimistic advertiser is occasionally impressed by the results received when some particular advertisement is so arranged as to indicate the source of replies.

Advertisers generally know in a broad way that their advertising is profitable, but the reader, in selecting his purchasers, does not often feel it necessary to say he was induced to buy through any particular advertisement.

In some lines this benefit must come in an indirect way—with others the returns are direct—but in all, one of the greatest sources of profit in good advertising is the cumulative effect.

The "Page of Presidents" is simply an incident is advertising in The Star—a straw to show the direction of the wind—an idea of merit, furnishing amusement, instruction and profit to the readers and indisputable evidence of the value of advertising to the business men participating.

The right kind of advertising in the right medium will always pay—the "Page of Presidents" is a proposition that proves itself. It will be one time the advertisers, those who are represented on the page the day it appears in The Star, will be told that their "ads" were read. Try it and be convinced. Contestants will have to find a misspelled word in each ad on the page and answer two or three questions about the president to get a chance at the $25 prize. All you will have to do is to follow instructions carefully; the rest is easy. Be sure you read these notices daily so as you will catch the announcement the day the page will appear.

NOTABLES GUESTS OF GRIDIRON CLUB

Cabinet Officers, Jurists, Legislators at Annual Dinner.

EVENING OF MERRIMENT

Men of Distinction in Public and Private Life See and Hear Themselves Parodied, Admonished and Instructed.

Washington, Feb. 13.—Cabinet officers, jurists, legislators and men of distinction in private life were the guests of the Gridiron club at its dinner tonight and saw and heard themselves parodied, admonished and instructed in the ways they should go. Presidential candidates were tried out and reminded of their sins of commission and omission.

Edgar C. Snyder, Washington correspondent of the Omaha Bee, was inaugurated as president. Chauncey C. Brainerd, of the Brooklyn Eagle; Harry J. Brown, of the Portland Oregonian, and Arthur J. Sinnott, of the Newark Evening News, were declared members and seated.

A high court of justice held sway for a while during an intermission in the courses of the dinner and half a dozen Presidential candidates were brought before the bar to answer to indictments. The first trio comprised Whitman, Herrick and Borah; the complainant was Woodrow Wilson who charged that "the Republican party has not had a new idea for 30 years."

Under examination by Common People, the prosecuting attorney, Whitman confessed that he had had an idea: He "wanted to be President."

Judge: "That isn't your own idea; that's the idea of William Jennings Bryan."

Whitman: "I've got another idea; the governorship of New York is the stepping stone to the Presidency."

Judge: "That idea isn't yours either, it was used over 30 years ago by Grover Cleveland."

Herrick, the next, declared he had an idea; it was that "distinguished diplomatic service is the road to political preferment."

Judge: "That's an exploded idea. Jimmy Gerard proved that."

Borah defined an idea to consist "in the contemplation of methods pursued by men who, with far less natural equipment than myself, have succeeded by hook or crook in reaching the White House."

The court, however, held that an idea was "a confused mental image; an intangible yearning. There ain't no such animal and if there is it can't be produced in court, so the defendants are found not guilty."

Bryan, McAdoo and Clark were next haled before the court.

Common People: "Can you start the mills running?"

McAdoo: "Well, I've got the banks on the run."

Champ Clark was asked to define "hard times."

Clark: "The Baltimore Convention."

Bryan was last under examination.

Common People: "Do you expect the mills to start running again?"

Bryan: "Oh, yes."

Common People: "And will you also start running?"

Bryan: "I refuse to incriminate myself."

Judge: "The court finds that all these parties have a single idea, which is to get into the White House."

During the evening there were many songs by the Gridiron Quartette and Chorus. One was dedicated to Chauncey M. Depew, "The Tie That Binds Us to the Years Gone By" and another to Myron T. Herrick, "So Let's Get a Derrick, and Start His Boom Tonight."

BISHOP TO PREACH

Bishop Darst at St. John's Church at Morning Service Today.

Rt. Rev. Thomas C. Darst, D. D., bishop of the diocese, will preach at St. John's Episcopal church, corner Third and Red Cross streets, at the 11 o'clock service this morning. Bishop Darst has just returned from a series of visitations in the northern part of the diocese, and he will leave again in a few days for other visitations.

The people of Wilmington will be glad to see and hear him while he is here in our midst, and the rector of St. John's extends a cordial invitation to all to attend the service.

BACKACHE IS A WARNING

Wilmington People Should Not Neglect Their Kidneys.

Backache is often nature's most frequent signal of weakened kidneys. To cure the pains and aches, to remove the lameness when it arises from weakened kidneys, you must reach the cause—the kidneys. If you have pain through the small of your back, urinary disorders, headaches, dizzy spells, or are nervous and depressed, start treating the kidneys with a tested kidney remedy.

Doan's Kidney Pills have been proved good and are especially for weak kidneys. Doan's have been used in kidney trouble for over 50 years. Read Wilmington testimony.

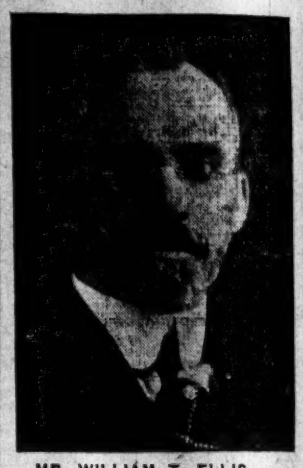
S. C. Winner, 215 Market St., Wilmington, says: "One of my family complained of pains in the back and loins caused by kidney trouble. The kidney secretions were also annoying. Doan's Kidney Pills procured at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store, gave splendid results and there has been no complaint of backache or pains in the kidneys since."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy — get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Winner recommends. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

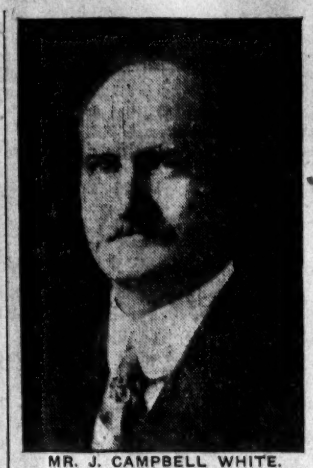
THE FOURTH GENERAL CONVENTION LAYMEN'S MISSIONARY MOVEMENT

CHARLOTTE, N. C., FEB. 16-18; DALLAS, TEX., FEB. 23-25

Two Noted Leaders To Address The Convention



MR. WILLIAM T. ELLIS.



MR. J. CAMPBELL WHITE.

Mr. William T. Ellis, of Swarthmore, Pa., who daily speaks to millions. The syndicate newspaper writers are the ones whose audiences mount up into millions. Among these William T. Ellis has for many years held his own distinctive place. His signed writings appear in more than sixty daily newspapers, covering all the States and Canada. The aggregate circulation of ihs papers is 2,102,765 copies, and if each paper is allowed three readers (the usual newspaper estimate is five), this gives a multitude of persons reaching the enormous total of 6,308,295 to whom Mr. Ellis' message goes.

What a man says determines the significance of the number to whom he says it. The profound themes of religion, personal character, patriotism and human service, are treated by Mr. Ellis. He is a popularizer of religious truth in its practical applications, and his address will be "up-to-date" and the subject indicates "The New Times and the New Man."

Mr. J. Campbell White, general secretary Laymen's Missionary Movement, New York City. Mr. White is a man of large physique, with a still larger mind and heart. No convention speaker in America today is more popular with men or who presents truth so convincingly.

Mr. White spent ten years in India face to face with heathenism, so knows the need there, and he has traveled and spoken all over this country and Canada, and he knows how able we of this land are able to meet that need. He sums up his convictions in the closing address of the convention on "Leaving Your Mark on the World."

WHY ATTEND THE LAYMEN'S CONVENTION.

BECAUSE—

Because It Will Give You a World Vision.

This is an age of world-wide operations. Men co-operate to exploit foreign lands for commerce. Should not God's men get together to give the world the knowledge of the Son of God? What we need is a well rounded view of our task.

Because It Will Develop Leadership In You.

Of no one thing does the church stand in such need today as of leadership. Every man owes it to himself to be efficient in the Lord's service. This convention furnishes you an opportunity of studying existing conditions, as well as the best methods to meet these conditions.

Because God Has a Plan For Your Life.

God has a specific plan for every life. Have you found just where He needs you most? Many have at one of these conventions and in consequence are making their lives count as never before for the glory of His name.

"Move to the fore.
God Himself waits, and must wait till thou come.
Men are God's prophets though ages lie dumb.
Halts the Christ-kingdom, with conquest so near?
Thou art the cause then, thou man at the rear,
Move to the fore."

Missionary Exhibit.

In connection with the Convention an exhibit will be arranged. Considerable material has been collected for the first time to show the actual work being done in our Mission Schools ary Literature. The best in Missionary literature and helps will also be on display.

For the information of those who are planning to attend these wonderful gatherings of laymen, we give below information that will be of real service.

For Charlotte.

The railroads in the Southeastern Passenger Association have granted very low round trip rates to Charlotte, N. C., for the Fourth General Convention of the Laymen's Missionary Movement. Date of Sale February 14, 15, 16, final limit to reach original starting point. Returning midnight, February 22.

Application.

Applications should be sent to Mr. Morgan B. Speir, Charlotte, N. C. The admission to the floor of the convention will be by ticket only. A registration fee of $1.00 will be charged to defray necessary expenses of the convention. This should be sent in early with your registration blank.

Important.

The Entertainment Committee will engage rooms provided rate you wish to pay and hour of arrival is given.

Write at once to Mr. Morgan B. Speir, Charlotte, N. C., specifying hotel and rate.

Give explicit directions and write at once.

For Dallas.

The railroads in the Southwestern Passenger Association have authorized a rate of four cents per mile for the round trip to the Dallas Convention of the Laymen's Missionary Movement from all points in Oklahoma and Louisiana under the jurisdiction of this Association. Tickets on sale February 22 and 23, final limit returning February 27.

By ascertaining your mileage to Dallas and multiplying this by 4 cents you can determine your round trip rate.

Winter tourist fares can be used from points in Arkansas and Missouri—also from many points in Mississippi and Tennessee.

From points where winter tourist fares are not published in Mississippi and Tennessee, fares are available from intermediate points by combinations. Winter tourist tickets are on sale daily with liberal stop-over privileges and final limit of May 31.

For Texas points a rate of fare and one-third for the round trip. Tickets on sale February 22 and 23.

Application.

Applications should be sent to Mr. A. R. Phillips, Dallas, Texas. The admission to the floor of the convention will be by ticket only. A registration fee of $1.00 will be charged to defray necessary expenses of the convention. This should be sent in early with your registration blank.

Important.

The Entertainment Committee will engage rooms provided rate you wish to pay and hour of arrival is given

Write at once to Mr. A. R. Phillips, Dallas, Texas, specifying hotel and rate.

Give explicit directions and write at once.

Special Session For Students.

Thursday morning at 8:30, Second Presbyterian Church. At this time all Seminary and College men will assemble and discuss the great task as directly related to them.

Convention Singing

The singing will be a feature of the Convention as heretofore. An excellent leader will be in charge. Then, too, we have secured the Union Seminary Quartet. This insures a spiritual uplift for every one.

ON TO CHARLOTTE

The Laymen of the South Planning To Meet in Charlotte, N. C., February 16-18, In a Great Missionary Convention

(Special From Charlotte.)

From every direction word is being received that large delegations are coming to the Laymen's Convention. Charlotte is making great preparation to receive and care for the great crowd as only Charlotte can do. A royal welcome awaits all.

Words comes that Staunton, Va., will have two car loads. Richmond, Va., will likewise have two. Florida on the south is planning for a big delegation to meet in Jacksonville and come up on a special. Winston-Salem will be here with three special cars and this delegation has arranged to live in their Pullmans while in Charlotte. Thus from every quarter men are planning to be here for the largest gathering ever held in this city.

The Convention program is perhaps the strongest ever presented in the South. The railroads have granted very low rates and with the advantages afforded by Charlotte's favorable location everything is contributing to a wonderful meeting.

Corn-Mad? Use "GETS-IT," It's Sure

Makes Corns Vanish Like Magic!

A hard cap of skin makes up every corn. When you put 2 drops of "GETS-IT" on it, it shrivels up and comes right off—and there's your corn—gone by thunder! Simple as taking off your hat! That's why corn-millions have gone wild over "GETS-IT"—nothing like it ever known. Some folks, to this day, putter around with bandages, sticky tape, thick plasters, corn "pulling" salves, gouge corns out with knives, snip them with scissors, make them bleed and then howl because they can't get rid of sore corns. Use "GETS-IT." There's nothing to do but apply 2 drops. The work is done. "GETS-IT" does the rest. No pain, no fussing, no changing shoes, no limping. It never fails. Try it tonight for any corn, callus, wart or bunion. Be sure that you get "GETS-IT" and nothing else.

"GETS-IT" is sold by druggists everywhere, 25c a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

E. Lawrence & Co. ©

Don't Waste Time "Hollering." "GETS-IT," World's Simplest Corn-Cure, Never Fails.

"Who steals my purse steals trash.
But he that filches from me my good name Robs me—" Etc.

The ONLY ORIGINAL and appointed "QUALITY DRUG-STORE" in Wilmington 18 The J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., Front and Grace Sts.

Belle Mead Sweets—The purest and best candies on the market. The ONLY candies which passed the censorship of the State Board of Health of Massachusetts, and received the endorsement of Dr. Wiley.

The Parker Fountain Pen—We have the largest assortment in the city.

Ely's Cream Balm.

Bunting's Catarrh Cream—the best ever.

Mercolized Wax. Saxolite.

Samose—the Flesh Producer. We are the sole agents.

Also Howard's Specific.

Parisian Sage. Sage and Sulphur. Walnutta Hair Stain.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY

"The QUALITY Drug Store."

FOR SALE

200 Bags Maine Grown Irish Cobbler Potatoes.

100 Bags Red Bliss and 100 Bags White Bliss.

200 Bags Green Coffee.

500 Bags Rice.

Complete Line of Groceries.

Orders Solicited.

SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS

Wholesale Grocers
Wilmington, N. C.
311 N. Front St.

Wireless

The Wireless discovery, like many other discoveries and inventions, is fast succeeding the older methods of transmitting time, etc. Therefore, we have installed recently a Wireless Time Receiving Station.

GEO. W. HUGGINS

The Jeweler

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS
No increase in Price

SUGAR 5½c.

12 lbs. Flour 50c
Irish Potatoes 25c
Country Eggs 25c
Three Cans Tomatoes...25c
Oranges, dozen 20c

Holmes Grocery

Phone 41 18 So. Front St.

J. F. LEITNER

ARCHITECT

27, 28, 29 Garrell Building.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE OF LANDS.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed executed by Wilmington Door and Lumber Company to C. N. Evans, President, Trustee, dated Marth 18th, 1912, and recorded in Book 68, page 107, in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County, default having been made in the payment of the debt thereby secured, the undersigned will, on Monday, the 15th day of February, 1915, at 12 o'clock M., at the court house door, in New Hanover county, expose to sale for cash, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following described tracts or parcels of land:

First Tract.

Beginning at a point in the western line of Front street 132 feet North of the northern line of Ann street, and running thence northwardly along said western line of Front street 66 feet; thence westwardly and parallel with Ann street to the channel or deep water said channel or deep water of the Cape Fear River southwardly and parallel with Front street 66 feet to the northern line of Lot No. 5, in Block 125, of said city; thence eastwardly and parallel with Ann street to the western line of Front street, the point of beginning. The same being that tract or parcel of land conveyed by one A. M. Prince to Brunswick Wood and Coal Company by deed bearing date January the 7th, 1911, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for New Hanover County, and conveyed by Brunswick Wood and Coal Company to Wilmington Door and Lumber Company, as will appear by reference to the Public Records of New Hanover County.

Second Tract.

Beginning at a point in the northern line of Meares street 183 feet East of the eastern line of Fourth street, and running thence along said line of Meares street 33 feet in an easterly direction; thence North and parallel with Fifth street 87 feet to the old Coalfield (Francis Morris) line; thence along said line in a westwardly direction 33 feet; thence southwardly and parallel with Fifth street 87 feet to the northern line of Meares street, the point of beginning. The same being part of Lots 5 and 6, in Block 20, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington.

Third Tract.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in Cape Fear Township, on the East side, in the County of New Hanover and State of North Carolina, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a cypress, on the West side of Cat Fish Creek, a small distance above an old field; thence with the lower line of a tract formerly owned by Samuel Ashe, west 220 poles to a cypress on said Cat Fish Creek, near its head; thence same course 103 poles to the North West River; thence down the River so as to measure in a due South line 95 poles; thence from said River due East 336 poles to Cat Fish Creek; thence up said Creek 35 poles; thence due East 75 poles to a stake on the Sand Hill; thence North 12 degrees West 62 poles; thence West 80 poles to Cat Fish Creek, opposite the Fish Station, containing by estimation 222½ acres, of which twenty-five acres is high land.

One tract situate in said County of New Hanover, on the South side of Cat Fish Creek, in the upper part of the bend, beginning at a cypress on the Creek between the line of the land which formerly belonged to Samuel Ashe and Thos. C. Reston; thence with their line East 84 poles to the corner of said Ashe's line, or rather his old center ditch; thence with said Center Ditch North 2 poles; thence East 30 poles to the corner by the side of the Creek; thence West to the Creek, and thence up the Creek to the beginning, containing 9½ acres.

One tract situate in said County of New Hanover, on said North West River, and Cat Fish Creek, beginning on the River, on the lower corner of the tract on said Creek first above described, thence East 60 poles; thence South 120 poles to the River; thence up the River to the beginning, containing 60 acres of Tide Swamp.

Also eight acres of Sand Hill situate in said County of New Hanover, on Cat Fish Creek, beginning on the Creek at what was formerly known as the Reston lower corner; thence down the creek 20 poles; thence East and back adjoining the western line for its compliment. The last mentioned four tracts of land, described under "Third Tract" herein, being the same lands conveyed by E. P. H. Strunck and wife to Brunswick Wood & Coal Company by deed bearing date June 12, 1909, and duly recorded in the office of Register of Deeds for New Hanover County, in Book 58, page 458, et seq., and reference is hereby made to said deed for the description therein contained, and the same being conveyed by the Brunswick Wood & Coal Company to the Wilmington Door & Lumber Company, by proper deed of conveyance, as the Public Records of New Hanover County will show.

Dated and posted this 13th day of January, 1915.

C. N. EVANS, President,
Trustee.

By Atlantic Trust and Banking Company, Assignee.

ROBERT RUARK, Attorney.

ja13-36d

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year, $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 61. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1915.

Did you get a Valentine this morning?

A woman who has a new spring hat on her mind will soon have it on her head.

We have many disappointments because we have all sorts of expectations. Hope lingers with us to save us from despair.

The moon goes on getting full at its regular periods, but nobody has yet attempted to interfere with the moon's privilege.

Holland proposes to paint her colors on all her ships, but she forgets that belligerents who want to use her colors also have paint.

Among the recent foreign orders received in this country, one was for 100 locomotives for France and another was for 20 locomotives for Greece.

Says the Jacksonville Times-Union: "In Jersey City there is a cat that drinks beer." Well, why don't they kill the cat so it won't be able to run around and make itself a nuisance?

This is the "rainy day" you read about when the savings bank advertisements during prosperous times warned you to save up something for a "rainy day." In the days of our prosperity we should prepare for adversity.

Conditions seem to be vastly improved, since the railroads are now enabled to float bond issues of anywhere from $25,000,000 to $50,000,000, while municipalities are readily disposing of bond issues in lots calling for tens of millions.

After all this fuss, it seems reasonable to suppose that the neutrals ought to have enough sense to keep away from the war zones without being warned that they are not as safe as they might be if there were no fighting in them.

Billy Sunday told the Philadelphians that it was his determination to fight the devil all his life—that is, Billy's Life. Billy is a good scrapper, but Old Nick has the advantage of him because Satan seems to live to see all his earthly fighters laid beneath the sod.

Russia says she is battling single-handed against three nations. Probably Russia overlooks what Great Britain, France, Japan, Servia, Belgium and Montenegro have been doing as allies of Russia. Surely, Russia did not intend to throw out the hint that she has the bag to hold.

Mr. Thomas A. Edison, the wizard, is experimenting on some wonderful new things, which are all but perfected. He is rebuilding his new million dollar plant and has tried to interest capital in some of the big things he has on hand. He says he could not get capitalists to do business because they are afraid. "That's too bad," he said. "Those men ought to be building new factories and branch railroads, and stirring things up generally." That is largely what is the matter with the country. Its capitalists are afarid of their own shadow.

The views taken and the comments made by most American papers about this government's friendly warning to two nations with whom we are on good terms, indicate that we are amateurs when it comes to our conception of international matters. Germany followed the international rule, also followed by Great Britain, in notifying us that she had established a new war zone, in which there were possibilities of danger for all neutral ships. Forthwith, American papers almost unanimously declared it "a paper blockade," whereas no blockade had been declared at all. Germany warned us of danger so we could be on our guard, but American papers belittled the whole affair. British ship captains, however, considered it seriously, as is evidenced by the fact that in the war zone they have adopted the ruse of flying the American and Dutch flags.

THE AMERICAN WARNING.

Sailing under false colors has often been resorted to during war on the high seas in the past, and your Uncle Sam also admits the soft impeachment that in times gone by he has done it himself. The fact is, the United States have resorted at times to about everything they complain of about war zones and blockades to starve out belligerents. Yet the circumstances have changed and civilization has advanced. However, what is to be done in the face of precedents unless The Hague convention furnishes new international law on these matters?

We presume that about all that can be done at this time as to the blockades, war zones and false colors questions is to make a case for The Hague Tribunal after the war, when the powers themselves will have to enter into a convention for new declarations along those lines. So far as taking advantage of the ruse to fly a neutral country's flag is concerned, it is argued that reason should now make that contrary to justifiable usage, since the submarine is new to naval warfare and endangers neutral as well as belligerent ships. For that reason, sailing under false colors creates such a critical situation for neutrals as to make it almost criminal for nations at war to use the neutral colors, thus rendering neutral ships and cargoes liable to be sunk.

The questions as to blockades, war zones, and flying neutral flags is too much of a disputed question to be settled at this time. They are not causes for war, unless the United States chooses to make them so. She will not, we venture to say. Germany, of course, is not going to desist from her purpose to make war on British commerce, even if it endangers the commerce of neutrals. That is plainly intimated in the unofficial Berlin dispatches of Friday.

Great Britain has been making relentless war on German commerce and has even made food cargoes contraband, subject to seizure. In fact, all food cargoes are seized and none are allowed to reach either a German or a Holland port. In view of that fact, as the dispatches indicate, Germany's determination to sink British merchant vessels endeavoring to reach British ports is "a fully justifiable answer to the British attempt to starve out the German nation—women and children as well as soldiers."

Of course, that is a game at which two can play, and since it is being played by Great Britain, the United States cannot stop Germany without stopping Great Britain. If the United States wants the situation relieved in that particular, there comes a Berlin hint to the effect that if our government desires a mitigation of Germany's naval campaign against British shipping, it would be well to induce Great Britain to lift her embargo on food stuffs bound for Germany.

It also is intimated that Germany contends that interpretation of international law makes an embargo on food stuffs entirely illegal and unjustifiable. Certainly civilized warfare should not contemplate the starving of non-combatant people, women and children, but again Uncle Sam himself can be accused along that line.

BUILDING GOOD ROADS RIGHT

If the General Assembly will give North Carolina a State highway commission, as provided for in a bill now pending before that body, it will cinch the progressive movement which North Carolina is experiencing in building modern highways. It is progressive to build good roads, but more progressive to see that the right kinds of roads are built and that the money of the people is economically spent in building their roads right.

A State highway commission, making a study of highway construction under competent engineers, will lift a great load off North Carolina counties which are going to invest money in highways. "Invest" is right. The counties do not want to waste their money. They want to salt it down on roads they are worth the money. The amount of money to be spent should decide the kind of roads to be built, always taking the geological and surface features into consideration as a matter of economic value. A State highway commission will be first hand help along that line.

In sandy sections of Florida, sand-asphalt roads are all the go and it is said that "the days of the extravagant shell and marl highways are rapidly passing." In that there is a hint for Eastern North Carolina. Down in Sarasota county Florida, $210,000 is to be spent in the construction of sand-oil roads 16 feet wide.

The kind, the depth, the width, the location and the drainage of roads must be carefully considered, and a State highway commission will do it for us. It would save the counties lots of worry and lots of money to have such a commission to lean upon when money is to be invested in highways.

THE FIANACIALLY SOLID SOUTH

The Jacksonville Times-Union said something when it observed that "the farmers of the South must have been very wealthy if they borrowed only $28,000 when offered $135,000,000."

Of course, it was clever of the cotton pool to offer to help, but before it could get its money counted, the farmers got financed at home for more than $240,000,000. Did the South really have to have the government's assistance, as some of its panic stricken friends insisted? Why, no-o-o-o! The South itself, including thousands of its don't-have-to-sell farmers, is snugly taking care of 6,000,000 bales of cotton.

We always will tip our hat to the Wade cotton pool. It didn't get a chance to invest its money. It didn't do very much business, but it did a great deal of good. It showed confidence in the South and its great wealth in cotton by raising more than one hundred million dollars in gold during a period vibrant with panic and cowered by depression. Even Boston came across and yielded a coolly calculated bit of confidence in the situation.

Don't let us under estimate the fine moral effect that the Wade pool movement inspired. We noticed its tonic effect very closely, as a looker-on-in-Vienna. It was somewhat shocking when the South fell overboard, but when the splash was over, it found out that all it had to do was to wade out by itself.

Well, the helping hand looked good at first, and Uncle Sam was expected to take the pot on a royal straight flush, but he got cold feet because he could not play with the people's money. Nevertheless, the South's solid banks, its cotton compress men, its warehousemen, and last but not least, its fertilizer manufacturers, stopped the noise in the South while the guns roared in Europe. The South didn't know itself when it thought it was scared. When it found out that it could help itself, it got right mad at those who made all the noise and tried to put it off on the South.

The late emergency was collossal, don't you fail to remember. It staggered the South a little bit, but now that the South is upon its feet going on ahead, it should never again lose its cud. If it can pull through such a perplexing period as the world never saw before, there is no need ever for the South to doubt itself again. The South's own resources were more powerful than it was aware, so it is well for us to remember that confidence in the South is as firmly based as the impregnable fortifications at Gibraltar. We have had our courage and resources tested.

Time will go on proving that the test demonstrated the fact that the South can depend everlastingly upon itself. We've got a financially Solid South.

FIRING ON THE FLAG.

London reports that Holland is incensed because the Germans have fired on the Dutch flag. That particular Dutch flag happened to be on a British ship, which was trying to escape from a German submarine. In that case, it seems that it was the British ship which was fired upon instead of the Dutch flag. It is safe to say that the submarine's purpose was not to torpedo the Dutch flag, which, no doubt, was used contrary to the neutral wishes of Holland. As a matter of course, no Dutch flag would safeguard a German ship from British attack. To fire on a Dutch flag on a Dutch ship would be an attack on Holland. To fire on a British ship flying a Dutch flag as a ruse de guerre is what might be expected.

No man who takes a hand in a shooting affray could be justified in dodging behind an innocent bystander for protection. He might get the innocent bystander shot, instead of taking his own chances without endangering a totally disinterested party. Using the flag of neutrals is dodging behind the innocent bystander and getting him into trouble, whereas it would look better for each nation to stick to its own colors and take its own risks. The moral of all this is that the offending party really is the one who misuses the flag of a neutral and causes it to be fired upon. A friend who shifts his own troubles from his own shoulders on to ours, prefers for us to be the goat instead of his being the goat himself.

From a moral and courageous standpoint, it is wrong to sail under false colors. Are any of us sailing under false colors? Don't all answer at once, we might constitute a great chorus making an honest confession.

The harshest thing that can be said about people is to tell the truth about them when they are not what they ought to be. A man can defy false statements about him but he can't face the truth. Justice and truth are uncompromising but justice can be tempered, although men fear justice when they know it is coming to them. A man who is treated unjustly can put up a fight, but when justice is meted out to a man there is no kick coming to him.

CURRENT COMMENT.

We are glad to see that our esteemed, but depressed contemporary, The Press, prints Mr. Farrell's optimistic speech in the first column of its first page, and heads it: "Business Tide is Turned for Big Prosperity." If The Press will repeat that sentence a good many times it will experience considerable relief from its prolonged depression, which began March 4, 1913, and seemed likely to last indefinitely; that is, until a Republican President should be inaugurated. Suggestion has great potency, according to all the psychologists, and if The Press will say Mr. Farrell's words over and over again it will extricate itself from the slough of despondency in which it has become involved.—Philadelphia Record.

The suffragettes furnished the excitement for Raleigh the past week. The public hearing given the subject at which time Dr. Anna Howard Shaw delivered an address, was an occasion of much interest. The bill before the Legislature was adversely reported by both committees, and the House has quietly tucked it away to take another nap. But the question is not settled. The cause has made tremendous progress in the State in the last two years. An observer of the course of public sentiment is bound to admit that fact, whether he likes it or not. It is one of those movements that sweep the country occasionally with the relentlessness of an incoming tide. There is much connected with it that we do not like, but those who oppose it may as well prepare to make the best of a situation that they do not like.—Raleigh Christian Advocate.

THOUGH DEAD SHE LIVES IN SONGS YOU HEAR TODAY.

Eight Thousand Christian Hymns Written by Fanny Crosby, Blind.

Eight thousand hymns of Christian worship sung in Protestant churches throughout the world are the work of Fanny Crosby, who has just passed into the Great Beyond. No one since the days of Charles Wesley or Isaac Watts has made anywhere as large a contribution to the gospel song book as did the blind writer whose death occurred at her home at Bridgeport, Conn., Friday, in her 95th year.

Fanny Crosby's name was signed so regularly as author of one hymn after another that the hymn book makers of a quarter of a century ago were forced to give her some 200 different pen names to make it appear that someone besides the famous writer had contributed. Thousands—perhaps hundreds of thousands—who sang her songs, which were translated into every language, did not know that it was a blind woman's inspiration which they employed to express their Christian faith and hope in song.

"Saved by Grace," "Blessed Assurance," "Rescue the Perishing", and "Safe in the Arms of Jesus," are typical of Fanny Crosby's most popular religious verses. Of the latter the writer has related an incident showing the remarkable rapidity with which she employed her inspiration and her talents of versification.

W. H. Doane, who wrote the music for many of her verses, had called one morning at Miss Crosby's home in New York.

"'I must take a train to Cincinnati in forty minutes,' he said, 'and I have some music for which I want you to write a hymn'.

"He sat down at the piano and played his music.

"'I think I can write it, Mr. Doane,' I said.

"I hurried upstairs and sat down to write. For some time I was entirely oblivious of surroundings. When I came back to my full senses the hymn was written and was on paper before me. I learned that I had only taken 15 minutes. Triumphantly I carried it down to Mr. Doane. The music he played then and the words I had hurriedly written were the same as used today in singing 'Safe in the Arms of Jesus.'

"It was my most successful hymn, and I believe it was dictated by the spirit of the Lord, and that it was born for a mission."

But Fanny Crosby did not begin hymn-writing until she was over 40 years of age. Fifty years ago she was best known for her popular melodies which were whistled all over the country, such as "Proud World Good-Bye, I'm Going Home," "Hazel Dell", "The Honeysuckle Glen," and "Never Forget the Dear Ones."

Born in Putnam county, New York State, March 24, 1820, christened Frances Jane Crosby, and married to Alexander Van Alstyne, a blind music teacher who died many years ago, the blind writer lived to be nearly 95 years old. Her mother had lived to be 102, and her grandmother to be 106. She retained to the last all of her faculties—excepting eyesight. She lost this during a fever in infancy when a hot poultice was applied to her eyes, destroying the optic nerve.

AN APPEAL FOR AID!

No argument is needed to establish the fact that depressing conditions exist everywhere. The necessary result of existing conditions is widespread suffering. The people who are dependent on the daily wage to obtain food, clothing, fuel and shelter for themselves and their children are the greatest sufferers. This class is large and is growing larger and daily hunger is tightening its grip upon them. Misery is writing its awful story in deeper lines on their countenances, and to thousands in our city, "The days are dark and dreary." There are many who are ashamed to beg and shrink from revealing the depth of their distress, who try to smile when their minds are full of cheerless thoughts, and their hearts filled with painful anxiety. Hundreds there are who would gladly work, who ask no greater favor than the opportunity to earn their daily bread. They look with longing eyes for the job that is not in sight. The condition of these sufferers, many of whom are negroes, appeals to the sympathy and aid of those who have "enough and to spare." For the relief of the needy among us, the Board of County Commissioners grants $150 per month, and for this we are extremely grateful, but this falls far short of the demands made upon the "United Charity Association," which dispenses this donation. We try to help ourselves by soliciting among the well-to-do negroes, but when all is done, we find that we cannot come near meeting the demands made on the association, especially at this time. These people ought to be helped; they must be helped, and we believe that they will be. So we make this public appeal in their behalf and ask the wealthy white friends to help feed and warm the hungry and cold in this distressing time. Never was there a more opportune time to display the noble qualities of the "Good Samaritan." All contributions of money and provisions will be acknowledged and disbursed with discretion.

THOS. A. SMITH, President.
JOHN LEWIS, Secretary.
F. W. AVANT, M. D.
JOHN E. TAYLOR.

ALL CREDIT DUE MISS DUDLEY.

To the Editor of The Star:

It has just been my pleasure to read in your paper the kindly comments you made concerning the entertainments given in your dear old town by my daughter, Miss Bessie May Dudley, of Richmond. I assure you that the sincerity of your expressions is as gratifying to me as has been the warm reception given my daughter by the hospitable people of Wilmington.

I feel that in justice to my daughter, I must ask you to correct a statement made in the social column, in which you say:

"Miss Dudley's recitations are entirely original, having been written by her mother, who was Miss Hettie Barlow, formerly of this city."

I thank you for the honor you would do me, dear editor, but am obliged to disclaim same, as my daughter, Bessie May Dudley, is the authoress of each and every one of her humorous recitations which were given at the entertainments in Wilmington. They are strictly and entirely her own compositions, and I would therefore be very glad if you will make this correction in your paper giving it the publicity it deserves for my daughter's sake.

Thanking you for the fulfillment of this courtesy, I beg to remain,

Very truly yours,
MRS. BEVERLY R. DUDLEY,
(nee Miss Hettie James Barlow).

For Weakness and Loss of Appetite. The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVES TASTELESS Chill TONIC, drives out Malaria and builds up the system. A true tonic and sure Appetizer. For adults and children. 50 cents.

(advertisement.)

ANNUAL WHITE SALE

AN UNUSUAL SALE OF

White Goods, Muslin Underwear and White Waist.

THIS SALE STARTS WITH SEVERAL HUNDRED GARMENTS, SEVERAL THOUSAND YARDS CLEAN CRISP, WHITE LACES AND EMBROIDERY AND A FEW THOUSAND YARDS OF BEAUTIFUL WHITE GOODS FOR DRESSES, WAISTING, BED AND TABLE LINENS. IT WILL BE REAL ECONOMY TO PURCHASE NOW FOR THE NEEDS FOR THE COMING SPRING AND SUMMER.

White Sale Starts Monday, February 15, 9 a. m.

SPECIALS

Yard wide white Pique, 15c value, wide wale. Short length pieces; White Sale price..... 10c

10 yards, best yard wide 10c Bleaching, White Sale price.... 69c

10 yards, yard wide, best 10c Cambric; White Sale price.... 79c

10 yards, yard wide, best 8c unbleached Sea Island Homespun White Sale price..... 49c

10 yards, yard wide, 8c Bleaching; White Sale price..... 59c

$1.00 Long Cloth, 10 yard bolts; White Sale price..... 75c

$1.50 Long Cloth, 12 yard bolts; White Sale price..... 1.19

12½c checked Nainsook, 36-inch wide, fine thread, White Sale price..... 7½c

15c white striped Crinkel Crepe, 28-inch wide, remarkable value; White Sale price..... 9½c

10c white and Arabian color Curtain Serim, 36-inch wide, plain, also polkadot; White Sale price, per yard..... 7½c

36-inch wide Curtain Material, plain white and Arabian, lace effect border, 25c value; White Sale price..... 18c

Yard wide Hand Embroideried Voile, special value, new spring design; White Sale price..... 49c

Yard wide White Lace Stripe Voile, rich pattern; White Sale price..... 35c

Yard wide White Stripe Flaxon Crepe, splendid 35c values; White Sale price..... 25c

Yard wide white stripe Voile, extraordinary value; White Sale price..... 25c

15c Luna Lawn, fine sheer quality, extra value; White Sale price..... 10c

20c yard wide Luna Lawn and Flaxon, fine sheer fabric; White Sale price..... 14½c

25c yard wide Luna Lawn and Flaxon, extra fine sheer, special value; White Sale price.. 19c

45-inch French Lawn, 35c value; White Sale price..... 27c

46-inch Mercerized Batiste, very fine sheer, 50c value; White Sale price..... 39c

72-inch fine White Organdie splendid finish; White Sale.. 49c

Yard wide White Linen, the sheer kind, the cambric finish and Art Linen, regular 40c value; White Sale price..... 35c

Regular 60c value, 36-inch Linen; White Sale price..... 48c

90-inch Linen Sheeting, full measure and $1.25 value; White Sale price..... 95c

85c white Bed Spreads, good large size; White Sale price.. 69c

85c 81x90 white Bed Sheets; White Sale price..... 69c

50c 72x90 white Bed Sheets; White Sale price..... 33c

12½c 42x45 white Pillow Case; White Sale price..... 9c

$1.25 full size white Bed Spreads; White Sale price.. 95c

$1.75 full size white Bed Spreads; White sale price.. $1.29

25c plain Linen Towels, with fringe; White Sale price..... 19c

25c Turkish Bath Towels, extra large size; White Sale price.. 19c

10c large Huck Towels; White Sale price..... 7½c

White Crepe Cloth, regular 25c value; White Sale price..... 15c

Yard wide Percale, splendid spring pattern, light or dark grounds, neat figures, yard.. 8½c

39c Table Damask, 64-inch wide; White Sale price..... 27c

30c Table Damask, 64-inch wide; White Sale price..... 23c

50c Table Damask, 64-inch wide, White Sale price..... 39c

75c Table Damask, 64-inch wide, White Sale price..... 59c

$1.25 Table Damask, 72-inch wide; White Sale price..... 95c

Table Napkins at greatly Reduced Prices.

WHITE MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

Here you will find high class garment made up in the best shape in first-class workmanship, even the cheap garments you will find patterned after the very best, and the same care in selection and workmanship.

25c Drawers and Corset Covers; Sale price..... 19c

Extra Special for Monday at 9 o'clock, will sell 50c White Muslin Gowns, "full size, well made" at only..... 25c Limit 4.

Also 25c Corset Covers at..... 15c Limit 4.

50c Muslin Skirts, Drawers, Gowns and Corset Covers; Sale price..... 39c

65c Gowns, Skirts, Drawers, Corset Covers; White Sale... 49c

$1.00 Gowns, Skirts, Drawers, Corset Covers; White Sale.. 69c

$1.25 Gowns, Skirts, Drawers, Corset Covers; White Sale.. 98c

LACES AND EMBROIDERY

This is a very important announcement, some splendid values are offered here. Val Laces at, 5c and..... 10c

Fine Embroidery at 5c, 7½c and 19c

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

WHITE WAIST SALE

This is an extraordinary money saving opportunity and we have arranged our Waists into four groups. Each one a wonderful bargain. 49c, 98c, $1.19, $1.95.

QUAIL
Oysters on the Half Shell
ARE HERE—ALWAYS FIRST AT
EVERGLADE CAFE
—113 Princess Street—
RUN BY AMERICANS.
We Need Your Patronage at This Crisis of the War.
SPECIAL MENUS FOR DINNER AND SUPPER.
Everything in Season.
Open Day and Night
SHEPARD BROS., Proprietors.
C. T. McKEITHAN, Manager.
'Phone 154.

If Its Shoes
WE CAN SUIT YOU
Carl F. Strunck & Co.
128 to 130 South Front Street. Phone 800-J

MADE BY HR Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK
BLUE-PRINTS

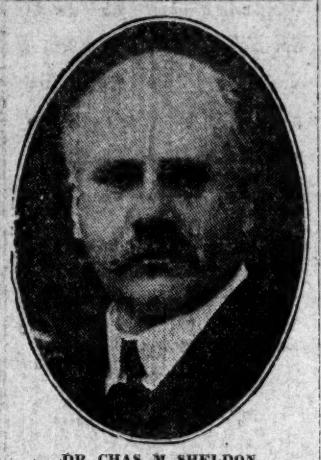
Star Business Locals Get Results

MANY ORGANIZATIONS TO ATTEND MEETINGS

Visit Of Flying Squadron Attracting Wide Interest

Meetings Next Friday of Particular Interest to Young People of Churches—Programme for Saturday and Sunday.

Christian Endeavorers, Epworth Leaguers and members of the B. Y. P. U., are to rally at the meetings of the Flying Squadron of America on Friday and Saturday in Grace Methodist Episcopal church to extend cordial welcome to Daniel A. Poling, national Christian citizenship superintendent and president's associate of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, and Dr. Wilbur F. Sheridan, general secretary of the Epworth League, who will be speakers



DR. CHAS. M. SHELDON.

on those dates, according to the plans of Chairman C. C. Covington and other members of the general executive committee arranging for the meetings.

Mr. Poling will come with the first group of the squadron for the meetings on Friday at 2:30 and 7:30 o'clock and will have as his associate speaker Dr. Charles M. Sheldon, noted Congregational clergyman and author of "In His Steps", while the soloist will be Daniel V. Poling, regarded as one of the leading baritones of the Pacific slope. William Lowell Patton, of Oregon, will be the pianist.

The second group of the squadron which comes for the meetings on Saturday will have Dr. Sheridan as a

D. V. POLING.

speaker, his associates being Dr. Ira Landrith, president of Ward-Belmont College, of Nashville, Tenn., and Dr. Carolyn Geisel, of the Battle Creek, Mich., Sanitarium and regarded as one of the leading woman physicians of the country.

Frederick Butler, of New York and formerly leading basso of the Alice Neilson Opera Company, will be the soloist for this group while Mrs. Butler will be the pianist.

Hon. J. Frank Hanly, former governor of Indiana, and regarded as the peer of any temperance orator in America, heads the third group of the squadron

DANIEL A. POLING.

which comes for the meetings on Sunday, which will be held in the Academy of Music.

Governor Hanly will have as his associate speakers two former members of the legislatures of their respective states, Hon. John B. Lewis, of Boston, Mass., who gave $10,000 to the work of the squadron at the opening of the present campaign, and Hon. Oliver Wayne Stewart, of Illinois.

Miss Vera K. Mullin, of Winchester, Ind., and one of the noted Chautauqua sopranos of the country, will be the soloist while Hugh Porter of Marion, Ind., will be the pianist.

—Friends of Mr. W. B. Klander, the roofing contractor, will regret to learn that he fell from a scaffold at Town Creek Friday and was painfully though not seriously hurt. He will be confined to his home for a week or ten day.

STEAMER TRIP FOR BANKERS

Voyage to New York Feature of Convention to Be Held at Wrightsville Beach in June.

A unique and attractive feature in connection with the annual convention of the North Carolina Bankers' Association, to be held at Wrightsville Beach the later part of June, will be, if present plans materialize, a special steamer trip from Wilmington to New York and return for the members of the organization and their friends. This innovation was discussed at length at the meeting of the executive committee in Raleigh Friday, when the invitation of the Wilmington Clearing House Association, to hold the next annual meeting at Wrightsville Beach, was accepted.

President Thomas E. Cooper, of the North Carolina Bankers' Association, and ex-officio chairman of the executive committee, returned to Wilmington yesterday morning, and he stated last night that it was practically decided that the steamer trip to New York would be a feature of the convention.

The idea was suggested to the executive committee by President Cooper, and the members are enthusiastic over it. Mr. Cooper had already obtained data regarding such a trip from the Clyde Steamship Company, and was in position to outline the proposition to the committee along definite lines.

The ocean trip will be for all the members who care to go, and for their friends. A special Clyde steamer will leave Wilmington with the party aboard immediately after the convention adjourns. Three whole days will be spent in New York and the bankers and their friends will return to Wilmington by steamer and go to their homes from here.

Similar trips have been taken by the members of the South Carolina Bankers' Association and the Texas Bankers' Association, but it will be an entirely new feature, with the North Carolina bankers and it is expected to prove very popular.

The meeting next summer will be the first State Bankers' Convention to be held at Wrightsville Beach for a number of years and it is expected to be very largely attended. It will be held during the latter part of June, the date to be decided upon later. A numbers of prominent speakers from other States will be invited, including one or more officials of the Treasury Department.

Mr. C. E. Taylor, Jr., of this city, also a member of the executive committee, attended the meeting in Raleigh Friday and remained over yesterday for further meetings of the Legislative Committee, of which he is chairman.

The following are members of the executive committee, all of whom attended the meeting Friday:

Mr. Thomas E. Cooper, president; Mr. W. S. Blackeney, Monroe; vice president; Mr. W. B. Brake, Jr., Raleigh, vice president; Mr. William A. Hunt, Henderson, secretary and treasurer; Messrs. E. C. Reg, Edenton; J. B. Rambern; F. N. Egerton, Louisburg; A. L. Davis, Burlington; Charles E. Taylor, Jr., Wilmington; I. F. Craven, Ramseur; W. H. Worth, Jefferson; Long, Bryson City; George A. Holderness, Tarboro.

MR. W. A. LINEKER DEAD

Well Known Citizen Passes Away at Home at Wrightsboro Yesterday.

Many friends in Wilmington and throughout New Hanover county learned with deep regret yesterday of the death of Mr. William Archibald Lineker, which occurred rather suddenly at his home at Wrightsboro yesterday morning at 6 o'clock. He suffered an attack of pneumonia a few days ago. Mrs. Lineker has been at the bedside of a sister in New York. She was informed of her husband's critical condition and immediately departed for home, but was unable to reach Mr. Lineker before his death, having arrived in Wilmington on the 10 a. m. train yesterday.

Mr. Lineker was a native of England but came to New York about 20 years ago, where he engaged in the tailoring business. About 15 years ago he came to Wilmington to accept a position as cutter in the tailoring department of Munson & Co., where he remained for eight years. For the last several years he had been engaged in truck farming near Wrightsboro.

He was a man of most affable and genial disposition and had a host of friends who will sympathize tenderly with Mrs. Lineker in her bereavement. Surviving also are two brothers in Australia, one in Sydney, New South Wales, and one brother in London, England. He also has two sister living in London. He was 56 years old.

The funeral will be conducted from Bethany Presbyterian church this afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. Andrew J. Howell. The interment will be in the graveyard near the home.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Several Papers Filed for Registration Yesterday.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Hugh MacRae and others to Miss Mary Walsh, for $10 and other considerations, lot No. 44, Audubon; A. J. Slater and wife to W. H. Cobb, Jr., for $100 and other considerations, lot on east line of James, 63 feet north of Taylor street, 28 by 50 feet in size; Wm. T. Simpson and wife to Mrs. Lassie Mae Haslett, for $10 and other considerations, farm No. 11, Castle Haynes colony, also town lots 9 and 10, Castle Haynes; W. N. Core and wife to Henry Horne and wife, for $100 and other considerations, lot on nothwest corner of 15th and Church streets, 33 by 82 1-2 feet in size; Henry Horne and others to W. N. Core and wife, for $100 and other considerations, tract of six acres in the Horne Farms subdivision; J. T. Turlington and wife to L. L. Kirby and wife, for $100 and other considerations, lot on south line of Meares, 38 feet west of Third street, 33 by 110 feet in size.

Chicken Thief Comes to Grief.

Bishop Keedon, colored, was peddling chickens around yesterday morning for 35 cents each when Policeman A. D. Smith's suspicions were aroused and he arrested the negro on a charge of larceny or the suspicion of it. At the police station Keedon readily acknowledged that he had raided at least two coops, one being that of Mrs. Shapiro and the other that of Mary Jane Miller, colored. After making his confession the owners of the fowls were notified and came to the police station and identified their property. The negro will be arraigned before the Recorder Monday.

Religious Services at Sanitarium.

Religious services were conducted at the Red Cross Sanitarium during the month of January as follows: January 3, Rev. George Bell in colored ward; January 10, Rev. J. H. Moore in colored ward; January 31, Rev. Andrew J. Howell in white ward; January 31, Rev. George Bell in colored ward.

THE STRAWBERRY OUTLOOK

Prospects for Large Yield Are Bright, Says Journal—Increased Acreage in Vegetables.

The strawberry prospects for the season of 1915 are excellent, says a leading article in the Carolina Fruit and Truckers' Journal in a review of the berry and trucking situation in the current issue of this periodical. Preparations are being made for a large vegetable acreage, says the Journal, and is likely to be even greater than the increase in strawberries. The article in full is as follows:

"Barring the excessive wet weather, January has been an ideal month for the strawberry industry of this section, the weather being cold enough to keep down premature vegetation and at the same time moderate enough to prevent anything like destruction or serious damage by cold waves, blizzards or anything of that character, such as have taken place in the past during the month of January. February, however, is usually attended with as bad weather if not worse than January, but thus far there has been no cause for complaint on this score.

"In the meantime it is interesting to know that the farmers are giving special attention to their fields and plants by careful cultivation and fertilizing and the result is the vines never looked healthier or more vigorous as a general rule. Such cultivation and care of the plants always results in high class fruit, and upon this idea we may safely bank on some choice to fancy berries being marketed all over this territory the coming spring. With strawberry acreage reduced in other parts of the country to the South of us and in the Tennessee territory, these conditions ought to presage a rather successful season for the Carolina growers in this territory the coming spring, for our increased acreage will furnish a yield sufficient to take care of all wants in different parts of the country after the movement starts in April.

"Preparations for a large vegetable acreage throughout this entire section are on a rather extensive scale, although it cannot be stated with much certainty as yet just to what extent the acreage will be increased this season over last, as it is a little early for the farmers themselves to know how far they will venture in this direction. It is safe to say, however, that the acreage this year will be fully up to last season if not larger, as many cotton farmers are planning to cut their cotton acreage fully one-half and in some cases more, many of whom will plant vegetables, as it is already too late for putting out strawberry plants for this year's marketing. Hence it is that we say the increase in vegetable acreage in all this section is likely to be greater than the increase in strawberries."

TIME FOR TREE PLANTING.

Some Suggestions from Chairman of Commission.

Mr. John J. Blair, chairman of the Tree and Park Commission, yesterday called attention to the fact that the time for planting trees is rapidly passing and that all those who intend to take steps toward beautifying their premises and also the city by this means, should not delay longer if they desire the best results.

Mr. Blair offers the following suggestions relative to tree planting:

"The Tree and Park Commission can furnish and set out the Laurel Oak at $1 each. The time for planting is nearly over so that orders should be sent in at once in case any are wanted.

"The following precautions should be taken:

"During dry weather two buckets of water a week should be poured around the tree.

"Two posts two by four, should be driven firmly in the ground on opposite sides of the tree, and strips nailed four or five feet above the ground, to serve as guards for protection from March winds and other disturbing agencies.

"It has been demonstrated that young trees do not grow so well if many of the branches are left upon them. The tree should be topped and the limbs cut off rather close to the body of the tree."

EMPLOYMENT FOR NEGROES

Mr. M. Ed. Keathley Corresponding With Lumber Concerns.

Mr. M. Ed. Keathley, manager of the public employment bureau, stated yesterday that he had received a request from the Enterprise Lumber Company, of Goldsboro, to send 12 colored laborers to a lumber mill at Mt. Olive Monday morning. He will secure the negroes and send them to Mt. Olive on the 7:30 train Monday morning. One lumber grader is also wanted, he says.

Mr. Keathley stated that he is in correspondence with other mills at nearby points with a view to securing employment for laborers and for skilled saw mill men. He is also trying to secure employment for carpenters and wood cutters.

CLARA BARTON MISSION

Mrs. Toon Appeals to Public for Clothing and Blankets.

The Clara Barton Mission will be very grateful for any donations of discarded clothing and shoes and for comforts and blankets, says Mrs. E. May Glenn Toon, who has this work in charge. She says that the poor are in absolute need of these articles and that she is doing all that she can to relieve the distressed.

The mission will be open on Tuesday and Friday for white people and on Wednesday and Saturday for colored people.

RETURNS FROM NEW YORK

Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton at St. James' Today—Offering for Charities.

Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton, rector of St. James' Episcopal church, returned yesterday from New York, where he attended the quarterly meeting of the General Board of Missions of the Protestant Episcopal church. He will preach at St. James' Episcopal this morning at 11 o'clock and tonight at 7:45 o'clock.

The offering this morning will be given to the Associated Charities. On account of the great need at this time it is hoped that the offering will be a liberal one.

NEGRO SENT TO ROADS

Mose Bryant Alleged to Have Used Knife on Companion.

Mose Bryant, colored, alleged to have used a knife with rather serious effect upon one of his companions, was given three months on the county roads by Recorder Emple yesterday morning. His was the only important case on the docket. Mr. Ralph Kennedy was notified to secure a license for operating a meat shop.

STACY IS OPPOSED TO $400,000 BOND ISSUE

New Hanover's Representative in City for Today

Also Doubts Wisdom of Issue of $100,000 to be Loaned by Council to Citizens for Sidewalks, Water and Sewerage.

Representative W. P. Stacy, who arrived in the city last evening and who will return to Raleigh tonight, is opposed to the $400,000 bond issue proposed by City Council for the purpose of paying or renewing bonds falling due in 1918 and 1919, taking the position that it would be unwise for the city to issue bonds at this time for the purpose of raising funds to pay bonds that do not mature until three and four years hence. At present he also doubts the wisdom of the bill to authorize Council to borrow $100,000 for the purpose of lending money to citizens for sidewalk improvements and to make water and sewerage connections. This, he says, is unsound in principle and ought not to pass.

Mr. Stacy, when seen by a Star man last evening, discussed the proposed bond issues at some length. He pointed out that the $400,000 issue proposed by Council, and which is objected to by Councilman Wood, is for the purpose of paying of renewing bonds maturing as follows: $100,000 falling due in 1918; $96,000 falling due in 1918, and $126,000 falling due in 1919, none of which are payable or redeemable before maturity. There is also an issue of $80,000 which is subject to call in 1917.

The only argument in favor of issuing bonds at this time to raise funds to pay or renew these bonds maturing three and four years hence, Mr. Stacy says, is that bonds might be sold on a favorable market now, but, he believes, this argument is a speculative one, and there is no certainty that the market will be more advantageous within the next six months than at some later time before the maturing issues fall due.

Mr. Stacy yesterday introduced Councilman T. W. Wood's bill to authorize the city to acquire and maintain a municipal electric light and power plant, and to issue bonds for the purpose of doing this. The bill was introduced "by request", and there will be a hearing on it next Friday afternoon.

The bills to amend the present city charter and to give the city a new charter, subject to ratification at the polls, will be introduced tomorrow or Tuesday, Mr. Stacy said last night.

All members of the Legislature, Mr. Stacy says, are head over heels in work now. The Revenue bill has been completed and will pass the House tomorrow or next day, while the Machinery bill will be introduced some time this week. There are only a few changes in the Revenue bill as reported by the committee, Mr. Stacy says, but there will be quite a few changes in the Machinery act.

COMPLETE IMPROVEMENTS ON FIREBOAT ATLANTIC

New Steel House Installed on Vessel —Demonstration This Week.

The fireboat Atlantic is now in commission, and ready for service if the necessity should arise. With the exception of a last coat of paint this splendid addition to the fire fighting equipment of the city is complete. Fitted with a Globe gasoline engine of 25-horsepower for propelling purposes, it will have a speed of about ten knots an hour. The American LaFrance gasoline pumper recently installed with a pumping capacity of 1,400 gallons per minute will throw five streams with a working pressure of 180 pounds behind them. It is estimated, from tests so far made, that a fire within 300 feet of any nozzle can be effectively fought.

In addition to installing the machinery, the Cape Fear Machine Work of this city have just completed a steel house on the boat. This addition renders the boat practically fireproof and will enable it to do its work as a fire fighter under conditions which would make it impossible for the ordinary fireboat to even attempt. The Atlantic is the most approved type of fireboat to be found in either the states of Virginia, North or South Carolina, and would do credit to any city.

A demonstration will be given this week, probably Wednesday, at the wharf at the foot of Chestnut street, at which time the citizens of Wilmington will have an opportunity to view the workings of this up-to-date to the fire department.

OPENING OF EXPOSITION.

Postmaster Green Receives Formal Announcement from President.

Postmaster H. McL. Green, of Wilmington, has received the following formal announcement of the opening of the Panama Exposition at San Francisco, Cal., on next Saturday:

"The President and Board of Directors of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition beg to inform you that the Exposition, celebrating the completion of the Panama Canal, will be opened to the public with appropriate ceremonies Saturday, February twentieth, nineteen hundred fifteen, in accordance with the Act of Congress and the Proclamation by the President of the United States. The Exposition will on that day be complete in every detail including the participation of the nations of Europe, of the Orient and all the Americas.

"Very cordially yours,
"CHAS. C. MOORE,
"President."

SIGHTED A WHALE.

Government Party Took Observations But Didn't Molest Him.

The members of a surveying party from the office of Maj. H. W. Stickle, United States District Engineer, sighted a whale on the ocean bar at the mouth of the Cape Fear Friday but as they didn't get within a mile of the fish they were unable yesterday to give a very clear description of it. It was reported, however, that it was 75 feet long and ever so big around.

Some of the other members of the engineering office force were disposed to treat the story with some scorn yesterday, declaring that it was a "fish story." The doughty surveyors, however, stuck to their guns and maintained stoutly that it was a whale and also called attention to the fact that it wasn't the first whale that has been seen in that vicinity.

—A building permit has been issued to J. R. Williams for the erection of a residence at Ninth and Kidder streets, estimated cost being $750.

Put Your Gold in This Bank Before Old Age Puts Silver in Your Hair

$1.00 or More Will Open An Account Here

"OLD AND STRONG"

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

COR. FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

Put Not Your Trust In Riches; But Put Your Riches In Trust

This Trust Company—the oldest in the State—is prepared to handle your affairs while you live, and to settle your estate at your death. Thoughtful people everywhere are getting the trust company idea. Perhaps we may serve YOU in some of our various capacities. We should like an opportunity to discuss your business problems with you.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

110 PRINCESS STREET "Safety First."

BISHOP DARST AT Y. M. C. A.

Will be Speaker at Men's Mass Meeting This Afternoon.

Of much interest to the men of the city has been the announcement that Bishop Thos. C. Darst will make the address at the men's mass meeting at the Y. M. C. A. this afternoon at 4:45 o'clock. Bishop Darst in his ministry has been especially successful in his work with young men and has always evinced a particular interest in their welfare. It is expected that he will be heard by a large audience of men this afternoon. The public is invited.

The special musical programme includes a vocal duet by Messrs. W. T. Murphy and A. L. Dosher. The association orchestra will also render a number of selections. Mr. W. G. Robertson, organist at St. James' Episcopal church, will preside at the piano and there will be the usual congregational singing.

Boys' Meeting This Afternoon.

Mr. J. P. Seitters, physical director at the Y. M. C. A., will be the speaker at the Boys' Meeting at the association building this afternoon at 4:45 o'clock. His subject will be "The Three-Cylinder Engine." All the boys of the city over 12 years of age are invited. There will be special music.

GOODMAN'S

The House of Fashion and Quality

Ladies' Garments

THE BETTER GRADES ONLY

Wonderful sale of Crepe de Chine and Habutai Silk Waists. We are going to place on sale for tomorrow only Two Hundred Crepe de Chine and Habutai Silk Waists, worth $2.50 and $3.00. They are all the very newest waists, just received, and are absolutely first class in every respect. In order to make a clean sweep of this assortment, we are going to offer them at

$1.75 EACH

None Sent Out on Approval

:: SPRING SUITS ::

A great assortment has been received in the past few days, and are now on display at this place.

Whatever Fashion is Modish.
Whatever Material is in Demand.
Whatever Colors are Most Fashionable,
They are Here—at This Establishment.

We shall be very pleased to have you call in at your convenience and look them over. Assuring you that it will be to your advantage doing so, we shall anticipate your early call.

Yours for Increased Business,

GOODMAN'S

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. L. L. Newell and sister, Miss Norma L. Northam, left yesterday for New York, where they will purchase spring millinery and novelties.

* * *

The Red Cross Society will hold an important meeting in the parlors of the Colonial Inn on Thursday morning at 11 o'clock. A full attendance is urged.

* * *

The many friends of little Miss Edna Earle Mincy will regret to know that she is very sick at Harper's Sanitarium.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Yarborough have returned from their honeymoon which was spent in Florida and Cuba and will be at home to their friends at the Carolina apartments.

* * *

Friends will be glad to know that Master Thomas E. Johnson, son of Mrs. Rachel Johnson, is rapidly recovering from an operation performed by Dr. Caldwell last Monday.

* * *

Miss Elizabeth Fishblate, of New York, is expected to arrive this morning to spend a week or ten days with her sister, Mrs. Arthur Einstein, No. 401 Dock street.

* * *

Miss Etta Nunn, of Newbern, State secretary of the Christian Woman's Board of Missions, is in the city and is stopping with Mr. and Mrs. George Green on Orange street.

* * *

There will be a meeting of the Missionary Workers of the Fifth Street Methodist church tomorrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. Oscar Ellis, No. 213 South Sixth street.

* * *

On Tuesday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock a mothers' meeting and community tea will be held in the rectory of St. Paul's Episcopal church, Sixteenth and Market streets, to which mothers of all Sunday school pupils are urged to be present.

* * *

The German-American Ladies' Aid Society will give a supper at the residence of Mrs. C. P. B. Mahler, No. 23 South Second street, Thursday afternoon, February 18th, beginning at 4 o'clock. The receipts will go to the German Red Cross Society. Friends are cordially invited.

* * *

The ladies of the Christian Woman's Board of Missions of the Dock Street Christian church will hold their annual exercises at the church this evening at 7:45 o'clock. Among those taking part will be Miss Etta Nunn, the State secretary, and Mesdames Dempsey, Huband and Greene. Special music has been arranged and the public is cordially invited.

* * *

Yesterday's Charlotte Observer: "Mrs. Walter S. Alexander will entertain at an informal tea, in her apartments at the Selwyn hotel, Monday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock in honor of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Walter Lamar Alexander, formerly Miss Ernestine Bridgers of Wilmington. Mrs. Alexander has issued verbal invitations to a number of the older and younger members of society."

* * *

The Ladies' Aid Society of Dock Street Christian church cordially invite the public to a Valentine social tomorrow evening in the church parlors. Refreshments will be served and there will be a number of Valentine features, among them a "Mail Box," all of which will enable the guests to spend a pleasant evening. No admission will be charged but a silver offering will be received at the door.

* * *

The Valentine social at the home of Mrs. J. T. Sholar at Winter Park Friday evening, for the benefit of the Winter Park Methodist church, was quite a success in every way. An interesting programme was carried out and cake, candy, nuts, etc., were on sale. The home was appropriately decorated with hearts, smilax and holly. A contest in drawing hearts afforded much entertainment. Miss Rebecca Jones won the prize and Miss Annabel Campbell the booby. Quite a nice sum was realized for the benefit of the church.

* * *

Miss Lucile Polvogt, whose marriage to Mr. Ferdinand Duls takes place during the Easter season, was the guest of honor at a stocking shower given her at the home of Miss Eloise Cheek, No. 20 North Fourth street, Friday afternoon. The dining room was beautifully decorated for the occasion, and it was while the guests were seated at luncheon that the prospective bride was showered by Master Eugene Farris, drawing an express wagon decorated in pink and white. Cards and music afforded entertainment during the afternoon hours, and the time passed most delightfully for all present.

* * *

RED CROSS SOCIETY ACKNOWLEDGES DONATIONS

The Red Cross Society acknowledges with grateful thanks a donation of $16.50 for the general Red Cross war relief fund, the same being in the form of a check from Mr. Donald MacRae and being contributed by members of the Cape Fear Club.

The Red Cross Society also acknowledges the following donations to the Red Cross Sanitarium: Mrs. W. L. Parsley, one box laundry soap; Mrs. L. H. Love, two dozen oranges; Mrs. MacMillan and Mrs. W. A. Wright, six new suits underclothing for women; a friend, five dozen eggs; Mrs. G. Darden and Mrs. Merritt, vegetables.

* * *

PRETTY EVENING HOME WEDDING AT SCOTT'S HILL

Scott's Hill, N. C., Feb. 13.—On Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, Miss Irene Jarriott, the attractive young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Jarriott, of Scott's Hill, became the bride of Mr. Rodney Gaunta, of Wilmington, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. N. Gaunta, of Marine, N. C.

The bride was beautiful in a creation of white embroidered mulle, with a cluster of pearls, and carried a bouquet of pink carnations and ferns. Those attending the bride were her sister, Miss Mary Jarriott, maid of honor, and Miss Emma Lockey, of Wilmington. Groomsmen were Mr. Joe Jariott, brother of the bride, and Mr. Joe Southerland.

It was a pretty and quiet wedding, and Rev. Mr. Fitz, of Scott's Hill, officiated. A number of friends and relatives were present to witness the uniting of the two young lives and quite a number of handsome and useful gifts were presented. Following the ceremony refreshments were served.

Mr. and Mrs. Gaunta will make their home near Scott's Hill.

* * *

MR. JAS. EDWARDS WILLIAMSON TO WED MISS KATE WORTH SINCLAIR

Fayetteville, Feb. 13.—A delightful surprise to the friends of both parties was the announcement of the engagement of Miss Kate Worth Sinclair and Mr. James Edwards Williamson made at an announcement party given by Miss Sinclair's mother, Mrs. N. A. Sinclair, Friday afternoon at her lovely home on Haymount. The announcement party was altogether unique and thoroughly representative of the hostess' cleverness at entertaining, combining in various ways suggestions of the Valentine season and of the purpose of the occasion.

The announcement was reserved until the close of the afternoon, the invitations, heart shaped Valentines, merely conveying the information that Mrs. Sinclair would be at home Friday afternoon at 4:30 in honor of Mrs. J. O. Ellington.

The announcement came with the serving of a salad course and coffee. The place cards, hand-painted with tiny Cupids perched on an engagement ring, bore the inscription: "Kate Worth Sinclair and James Edwards Williamson, March, 1915."

Miss Sinclair is the attractive and accomplished daughter of former Solicitor N. A. Sinclair and Mrs. Sinclair, and has many friends and relatives in Fayetteville and North Carolina who will wish her much happiness. She is a young woman of much personal charm and devoted to high things. Mr. Williamson, originally of Asheboro, has for the past year made his home in Fayetteville, where he has been secretary and treasurer and general manager of the large Holt-Morgan Cotton Manufacturing Company, but has just recently removed to South Carolina to manage a string of four cotton mills at Fort Mill and Chester. He is highly regarded in the textile trade, and as a man is greatly esteemed by all his acquaintances.

BEACH CITIZENS TO MEET TOMORROW NIGHT.

Wrightsville Beach Property Owners to Discuss Improvements.

The annual meeting of the property owners of Wrightsville Beach will be held in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce tomorrow night at 8 o'clock. One of the matters to be considered will be the nomination of candidates for office. Improvements on the beach will also be discussed. The annual meeting of the Board of Aldermen will be held in April.

The matter of providing sewerage for the beach will be taken up tomorrow night. A movement to secure sewerage was inaugurated last year, but was never carried out because the committee and the Tidewater Power Company could not agree on the terms.

Arrangements have already been made for laying a new board walk through the entire Northern Extension and work will be started within the next few weeks. This will be built of cypress boards.

"THE PRINCE OF TONIGHT"

Witnessed by Two Large Audiences at Academy Yesterday.

Two large audiences witnessed the presentation of "The Prince of Tonight," with Tom Arnold in the leading role, at the Academy of Music yesterday, matinee and night. Mild favor, rather than rabid enthusiasm, would perhaps best describe the reception given the production.

Arnold possesses good looks and a fair voice and he was supported by a cast sizing up something better than the average, though lacking in good individual voices. His work was applauded at every appearance and he was compelled to answer with several encores.

The scenic effects were rather good, the costuming was also good, and the staging, while not elaborate in every detail, did not detract from the qualities of the production.

As has been the case with several other musical comedies appearing here this season, the lack of really catchy musical numbers is to be noted in "The Prince of Tonight."

BIG LOT CLOTHING STOLEN

Thieves Entered Store of Mr. A. Yeager Friday Night.

Clothing to the value of $250 was removed from the store of Mr. Alex Yeager, at Seventh and Castle streets, on Friday night. There is no clue as to the identity of the robbers. Officers Lane and Coleman were assigned to the case yesterday but were able to get little evidence as to the guilty persons.

Entrance was gained by removing a plant of glass from a sidedoor, a hatchet being used for this purpose. The latter weapon was left behind. Many boxes of shirts, shoes, clothing and also groceries and cigars were taken. It is presumed that a wagon was used in carrying the stuff off.

Policeman J. S. Lane and Deputy Sheriff Kelly passed the store at 5 o'clock yesterday morning and did not at that time notice anything wrong. The robbery may not possibly have been made until after that time.

Tileston Topics Out.

Tileston Topics, the Wilmington High School magazine, has just been issued from the press and is up to the usual high standard of this excellent periodical. Especial attention is given to the short story in this issue. O. Henry, North Carolina's famous writer of fiction, naturally comes in for consideration. Rudyard Kipling is also the subject of an interesting paper. All of the articles are well written.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Bill Kelly, colored, was arrested last night by Policeman G. W. Bullard on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon. It is alleged that he attempted to cut Henry Davis, also colored.

—Charged with the larceny of some grape juice from the store of the Payne Drug Company, Charlie Payne, colored, was arrested last night by Policeman G. W. Bullard and locked up at the police station to await a hearing before the Recorder.

—Because it was alleged that Ramos Lark, colored, drew his pistol on J. E. Walton at Eighth and Wooster streets yesterday, the negro was arrested on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon and also of carrying concealed weapons, by Policeman A. L. Long yesterday morning and locked up at the police station.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. S. P. Hewett, of Rocky Mount, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

—Mr. Frank Hempstead, who has been on a visit to Florence, S. C., has returned to the city and resumed his duties at the Elks' club.

SUNDAY SERVICES

We need rest—rest for our bodies—rest for our minds—rest for our souls. The Sabbath is a day of rest. The churches are places to seek spiritual rest and strength. These also offer opportunity to worship. In finding rest there is finding fitness for further work. Here, too, we have good fellowship with earnest people and ought to be better.

St. John's Episcopal church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector—Holy Communion 7:30 A. M. Service 11 A. M. with sermon by Bishop Darst. Sunday school 4 P. M. Evening prayer 5 P. M. Service and sermon 8 P. M. Seats free; all are cordially invited.

St. John's Mission, 1313 N. Fourth street—Sunday school 9:30 A. M. Special service with sermon by the rector every Wednesday night through Lent at 7:30 P. M. All are cordially invited.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, Market and Sixth streets, Rev. F. B. Clausen, pastor—Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Topic of morning sermon: "Ambitions." Topic of evening sermon, "Man—The Cheapest and Most Valuable Thing." Visitors are always welcome. Sunday school 3:30 P. M. Special service Ash Wednesday at 8 P. M. Installation of officers at morning service.

Calvary Baptist church, corner of Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Services Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Subject at the morning service will be "Saving a Soul from Death, and Hiding a Multitude of Sins." At night, Rev. J. O. Fulbright, of Lenoir, will preach. The Junior B. Y. P. U. will meet at 10 A. M. Deacons' meeting 3 P. M. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. Teachers' meeting and prayer meeting Wednesday night. Sunbeams Thursday 3:30 P. M. Senior B. Y. P. U. Thursday night. A cordial welcome to all services.

First Baptist church, Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor—Worship at 11 A. M. Text, "Seek Peace and Pursue It." This will be a special service commemorative of 100 years peace between United States and England. 7:30 P. M., subject, "The New Jerusalem," 9:45 A. M. Sunday school. 6:30 P. M., B. Y. P. U. Everybody invited.

Southside Baptist church, corner of Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. W. G. Hall, pastor—Morning worship at 11 o'clock, subject, "The Prerequisites to Church Membership." Evening worship at 7:30, "Man's Great Need." Both services conducted by the pastor. Public cordially invited to all services. Tuesday night from 8 to 11 o'clock, the ladies will give a reception to the entire church. A programme will be rendered at the close of which refreshments will be served. We hope every member will be present—no collection will be taken.

Winter Park Baptist church, Rev. W. M. Craig, pastor—Worship every Sunday 7:30 P. M. Sunday school 10:30 A. M. Prayer meeting Thursday 7:30 P.M.

Castle Haynes Baptist church, Rev. W. M. Craig, pastor—Preaching fourth Sunday in each month at 3:30 P. M.

Delgado Baptist church, Rev. M. O. Alexander, pastor—Worship 7:30 P. M. Sunday school 11 A. M.

Sea Gate Baptist church, Rev. O. N. Marshall, pastor—Preaching 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. second and fourth Sundays.

Masonboro Baptist church, Rev. O. N. Marshall, pastor—Preaching 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. first and third Sundays.

Seventh Day Adventist church, corner Third and Princess streets, in the old Odd Fellows' Hall, Rev. W. L. Adkins, pastor—No public Bible class today. Preaching at 7:30 P. M., subject, "The Passover". This subject will be illustrated by having the table and couch as did the Jews in the time of Christ, showing how and when the Lord's Supper was instituted. Public cordially invited.

St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral—First mass 7 A. M. Last mass and sermon 10:30 A. M. Vespers and sermon 8 P. M.

Christian Science church, edifice 17th and Market streets—Services 11 A. M., subject, "Soul". Sunday school at 12 noon. Wednesday evening services 8:15 P. M. Reading room adjoining church open daily 3:30 to 5:30 P. M.

Fifth Street Methodist church, Fifth between Church and Nun streets—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. by the pastor, Rev. A. J. Parker. Sunday school 3 P. M., W. H. Schafer, superintendent. Epworth League Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Midweek prayer meeting Wednesday evening 8 o'clock. A hearty welcome awaits all who come.

Castle Heights Methodist church—Sunday school at 3 P. M. and preaching at 7:30. T. C. Ellers, pastor.

St. Matthew's Ev. Lutheran church, Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor—Services 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school 3:30 P. M., Mr. W. W. Koch, superintendent. Luther services, Ash Wednesday 8 P. M. Catechetical class on Friday 3:30 P. M. Ladies' Aid Society will meet on Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. A most cordial welcome to all the services.

Grace Methodist church, corner of Fourth and Grace streets—Preaching services 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. by the pastor, Rev. J. D. Bundy. Sunday school 9:45 A. M., M. F. Allen, superintendent. Midweek prayer service 8 P. M. Epworth League meeting 8 P. M. Friday, Hankins Hall, president. Members urged to attend all these services, visitors and strangers cordially welcomed.

Sixth Street Advent Christian church, Sixth street, between Church and Castle streets, Elder J. P. King, pastor—Sunday services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. International Advent Christian missions meets Monday at 8 P. M. Prayer meeting 8 P. M. Tuesday. Sunday school 3 P. M. Music by the orchestra of seven pieces at Sunday school and evening services. Visitors and strangers earnestly asked to attend.

St. Paul's Episcopal Sixteenth and Market streets: Morning prayer and sermon at 11. Evening prayer and sermon at 8. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. The Rev. deF. Heald, Jr., will conduct the services and a cordial welcome is extended to you.

St. James' Episcopal church, Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton, rector: Morning prayer 11. Evening prayer 7:45. Services conducted by the rector.

ROBBING MAILS CHARGED

George Hill, Colored Driver at Postoffice, Admits Taking Clothing and Other Articles.

George Hill, colored, one of the drivers at the Wilmington postoffice, was arrested last night by Constable Davis on a charge of stealing certain parcel post packages from the mails. His room at No. 1105 Princess street was searched and a quantity of clothing, shoes and raincoats found. Hill admitted to the officers that he had stolen them. The affidavit was sworn out before Justice Harriss by Mr. H. Mack Godwin.

Postmaster Green has for some time been missing articles from the parcel post mail and was at a loss to understand what was going with them. Suspecion did not point towards Hill, who drives the mail wagon at night from the postoffice to the union station, until last week. On the night of February 10, a single parcel post package was dispatched in a pouch to Wallace. This was sent C. O. D. but was never delivered. Later the C. O. D. card was found at the stables, where the horses are kept, and it was then that it was suspected that Hill had gotten the package.

The matter was reported by Postmaster Green yesterday afternoon to Justice Harriss. Mr. H. Mack Godwin made out an affidavit for searching Hill's home. Before going to Hill's home, he and Constable Davis went to the postoffice and placed Hill under arrest at 6 o'clock just as he was preparing to go to work.

They found several suits of clothes, several raincoats and numerous shoes. In fact it looked like a miniature gentlemen's furnishing establishment. They were accompanied by Mr. Paul Jordan, of the postoffice force.

In default of bond in the sum of $1,000, Hill went to jail and will have a preliminary hearing before Justice Harriss Tuesday. Mr. Joseph F. Vines has the contract for transporting the mails from the union station to the postoffice and Hill has been working for him for several years.

As soon as Postoffice Inspector Yarborough, who is now in Raleigh, returns to Wilmington, it is expected that steps will be taken to start proceedings against Hill in the United States Court.

The officers in their search last night found a fine suit of clothes in the room of Tom Holmes, colored, who occupies the same house with Hill at No. 1105 Princess street, with the following marks on the coat, "I. L. Moses, tailor, Jacksonville, Fla., Capt. C. E. Garner."

Being suspicious that this might also have been stolen, Constable Davis went to the garage of Lassiter-McDuffie Company on North Second street, where Holmes works and placed him under arrest. Holmes protested his innocence, stating that he came to Wilmington from Jacksonville about six months ago and that the suit of clothes had been given to him by Captain Garner. Several men testified to Holmes' good character. Justice Harriss required him to give a nominal bond of $100 with his employes as surety for his appearance Tuesday morning. He believes there is little ground for thinking that Holmes has been implicated in wrong doing.

After the matter was reported to them last evening, the officers got busy immediately and had everything rounded up within two hours. Postmaster Green said that they certainly were on the job.

Some of the articles found in Hill's room were from the stores of A. David Company and the United States Woolen Mills. There were also articles from other stores.

UNION MEN MAKE PROTEST

Want Initiative, Referendum and Recall Features Included in Proposed New Charter.

The membership of the Wilmington Trades Council at a called meeting held last night, went on record as protesting most vigorously against the omission of the initiative, referendum and recall provisions from the new city charter, and in an authorized statement, issued after the meeting, call upon the framers of the charter to insert such provisions before the bill is enacted into law.

The statement, as issued, is as follows:

"The Wilmington Trades Council, composed of the different trades as follows: Carpenters and Joiners, No. 477; Book Binders, No. 209; Wilmington Typographical, No. 556; Printers and Pressmen's Union, No. 186; Painters, Paper Hangers and Decorators; Tailors' Union and the Marine Engineers' Association, wish to enter their protest against the elimination of the initiative, referendum and recall from the proposed city charter. We urge the framers of said charter to insert the necessary clauses, as the elimination of these features, we think, will defeat the entire charter."

The action of the Trades Council followed that of the Carpenters and Joiners' local, which, at a meeting Thursday night went on record as opposing the omission of the initiative, referendum and recall features, as stated in the following statement issued:

"Local Union ,No. 477, of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, in regulation session February 11, in discussing the proposed new city charter were unanimously in favor of the initiative, referendum and recall being included in the new charter, and respectfully request the framers of the new charter to reconsider and incorporate this clause, feeling sure that the measure will be welcomed by a large majority of the voters of Wilmington, as the measure would be not only a safeguard to the public but a protection to the public officials themselves, and in no way could it be construed as a reflection against the honor or integrity of an official. We not only believe that the measure is an absolutely essential one, but we believe that its elimination will mean the defeat of the new charter as a whole."

BOYS HAVE ENTERTAINMENT.

University Bible Class Hosts at Delightful Social Function.

The members of the University Bible class, of which Mr. T. M. Ramseur is teacher, entertained at a delightful entertainment at the Y. M. C. A. last night in honor of the Davidsonians, Wake Foresters and the A. & M. boys. After enjoying many interesting games the boys had a few "stunts" and were then entertained with several piano solos and a reading by Miss Eunice Tucker. Refreshments were served.

Flying Visit to Wilmington.

Mr. W. M. Conrad, publicity agent for the Flying Squadron of the National Prohibition Campaign, spent yesterday morning in Wilmington. He came from Raleigh and left in the afternoon for Columbia, S. C. Like the other members of the organization he is not wasting time but is keeping on the job every minute.

NEW EMPHASIS PLACED ON WORK OF SCHOOLS

At Sand Hills Board of Trade Educational Conference.

Teachers and Business Men of Section Addressed by Dr. Joyner and Other Prominent Ones Yesterday at West End.

(Special Star Telegram.)

West End, N. C., Feb. 13.—The Sand Hills Board of Trade Educational Conference, held here today, claimed a generous attendance of the teachers of the section. M. C. MacDonald, J. B. Voncanon, and Prof. E. J. Corkron constituted the local committee whose reception was most cordial.

President Derby, of the Sand Hills Board of Trade, presided and Mr. Carver, of Harvard, economical advisor to the Department of Agriculture, was the first speaker. His subject was on making rural teaching the life of the community and the necessity for co-operation along all lines of rural work.

Dr. MacBrien, of the bureau of education, Washington, dwelt upon rural school improvement and State Superintendent Joyner made a plea to the business men to work with the school leaders through the Boar dof Trade for improvement of the schools of the section.

President Derby urged the necessity for better schools to retain, as Secretary of Agriculture Houston expressed it, "the requisite number of efficient and contented people."

Secretary Davis, of the Sand Hills Board of Trade, presented a plan for a social survey to be made by the school children for various prizes, which met with hearty approval.

In closing a permanent school committee was appointed to represent the Sand Hills Board of Trade in co-operation with teachers and superintendents to secure better schools in the territory. John E. McQueen, of Pinehurst, is chairman, Clyde L. Davis, secretary, and George Ross, of Jackson Springs, Spaen Pone, of Cameron, and A. Cameron, of Vass, are other members.

STATE NORMAL NEEDS MORE MONEY, SAY THE DIRECTORS

Must Harve Larger Appropriations or Suffer, Says Report.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greensboro, N. C., Feb. 13.—The report of the directors of the State Normal College to Governor Craig and the General Assembly, just made public, shows that the appropriations of the State to the institution have not kept pace with the growth of the State and the demands of the institution. For this reason the directors say that the demands of the institution for increased appropriations must be made or the work of the college will be hampered.

Says the pamphlet: "The report of the president and our own observation, from time to time, indicate also most encouraging progress along all lines of work undertaken in the institution, and the constant enlargement and improvement of its service to the schools, to the children, and to the whole people of the State."

Attention is directed to the valuable extension work developed during the past biennium, the completion of the Woman's building, improvement of the Curry building, a new dormitory, a new barn and dairy, purchase of additional land, and a new cold storage plant.

Immediate needs of the college include an additional maintenance fund to take care of the summer session, the completion of the McIver Memorial building, additional dormitory capacity, while other needs not quite so urgent are a large auditorium, a home economics building and a gymnasium.

—Friends will be glad to learn that the condition of Mr. C. S. Grainger, cashier of the Murchison National bank, who was operated on for appendicitis at the James Walker Memorial hospital yesterday, is very favorable and that he is getting along as well as could be expected.

Wooltex
The H. Black Company
Designers and Makers
PARIS-CLEVELAND

Earliest Showing of the New Wooltex Spring Styles Coats, Coat Suits And Skirts

A. D. BROWN

The Store That Sells Wooltex

SAFETY KEY PROTECTOR.

All men who carry keys should have it. It immediately serves to establish the ownership of a bunch of keys, if lost or stolen. Write plainly name and address, to be inserted in checks, for 25c.

THE PARCOOKE, WILMINGTON, N. C.
Agents Wanted.
WRITE FOR FULL PARTICULARS.

Take Care of Your Earnings

Said a noted business man in a recent address before an assemblage of rising young men. It is a well known saying that money is more easily earned than saved. Of course an account, no matter how small. In a good savings bank is always a stimulus to those who want to save but lack a system. We solicit small accounts, paying interest at the rate of four per cent., compounded quarterly.

START TODAY

HOME SAVINGS BANK

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All day long we were busy with a continual stream of discriminating buyers, and they all left well satisfied with their bargains in

Crockery, Hardware, Tools, Canoes, Tents, House Furnishing Goods, Motor Boat Supplies, Heaters and Ranges, Gasoline Engines, and Sporting Goods and Farming Implements.

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Our Expert Soda Men are ever alert to serving you something wholesome and refreshing, from the famous "Woodall and Sheppard Fount," Something New and Different nearly every day, and the "old time" drinks, made to your liking.

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Prescriptions Compounded Carefully. Phones: 131-132

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Egg, Stove and Chestnut, Logan Lump and Pocahontas, Run of Mine.

SHINGLES! SHINGLES!
750,000 Shingles, All Grades and Sizes.
BUILDERS' SUPPLIES.
Everything in This Line.
We Offer Close Prices, Prompt Service and Respectfully Solicit Your Orders.

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Require the prompt placing of orders for engraved invitations. Our samples represent the very latest shapes and forms that have been accepted by refined and fashionable society.

WE LEAD in originating artistic effects with fine material. Our prices are the lowest. Send for samples, which will be supplied free of charge.

J. P. STEVENS ENGRAVING CO., Wedding Stationery Engravers, 47 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

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Oliver Plows Have Been the Standard for Three Generations
More Than 2,500,000 in Actual Use.

They stand first and foremost for excellence, durability, fine finish, long wearing and perfect scouring and turning qualities. Sold by good merchants.

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Everybody Reads the Star Business Locals

FIRST BELGIAN REFUGEES COLONY IN UNITED STATES

Report of Progress in Matter of Settling Belgian Refugee Farmers, Native and Foreign Born Americans on Lands in the South Through Efforts of Southern Settlement and Development Organization.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 13.—The first Belgian refugee colony in America was established at Tullahoma, Tenn., through the efforts of the Southern Settlement and Development Organization, early in January. The colony consists of 27 individuals and all the men are experienced farmers who have executed contracts to purchase land from the owners on terms which should enable them to pay for the land, improvements, tools, live stock and other essentials from the products of their farms before the time of final payment.

It may be of interest to know that these colonists took possession of their American homes six weeks and three days after Mr. W. H. Manes, vice president and general manager of this organization, sailed from New York for England and Holland to enter upon the task of selecting Belgian refugees who could measure up to the established standard of requirements. Inasmuch as this mission, in the beginning, was something of an experiment, for at first the unprecedented situation developed by the European war seemed to impose conditions almost prohibitive of results, it was deemed wise to start the movement with a small colony.

Now the demonstration is complete, it has stood the test of accomplishing colonization. It has transferred a number of Flemish farmers from the European war zone to farm lands in Southern Tennessee, thus beginning the process of transforming destitute fugitives into American land owning farmers. This happy conclusion was only made possible by the co-operation of public spirited, broad minded Southern land owners who were actuated by motives of practical philanthropy. It is obvious, however, that if this colony is successful, and the enthusiasm and contentment of the colonists promise success, it will act as a center of attractive influence which will automatically draw to it the friends and former neighbors of the Belgian colonists when the European war is at an end.

This organization, on several occasions, has pointed out that if 25 to 50 colonies, similar to the Tullahoma colony, could be established in the South within the next few months, they inevitably would turn southward a large number of desirable agricultural immigrants who will form part of the great immigration movement which will set in to the United States when European peace is established. It is the opinion of a number of well informed Southerners, who are actively interested in the settlement and development of the South, that a successful colony of an agricultural type not only will enhance the value of the tillable lands in the community, but will bring to that community settlers who would not require assistance, such as has been given the premier colony in Tennessee.

It must be borne in mind that these Flemish farmers, for such are the Belgian refugees in whom this organization is interesting itself, were driven from their homes by the movements of contending armies. They fled precipitately, taking with them only what they could carry on their backs. Some, in fact many, of them are land owners or have other property of value in Belgium, but none of this property is now, and perhaps never will be, available as a source for raising money. But they still have their reputation for industry, thrift and agricultural skill. It is well known that wherever Belgians have settled in the United States they have become valuable members of their community. They long have been sought by land companies.

Basic Propositions.

Bearing in mind the condition of the Flemish farmers caused by the war, it is evident that the following are basic propositions in any movement to bring them to the United States:

First: Some lawful means must be provided for paying transportation, including steamship fare. The United States immigration law is specific in prohibiting any corporation, association, society, municipality or foreign government, directly or indirectly, from paying an immigrant's steamship passage. An individual can do it, and, apparently, a state, but in either case the immigrant is classed by the immigration office as an "assisted alien," and the burden of proof is laid upon him to show beyond any doubt, that he does not belong to any of the excluded classes.

Second: Land, including a house of some character, with some acres cleared and ready to be farmed; necessary tools, a cow, a couple of pigs, some chickens, etc., must be offered without any cash first payment and on long time, the cost of the improvements and other necessities being included in the price of the land and subject to the same terms of payment.

Third: Food, seed, fertilizers, etc., must be guaranteed each family during the non-productive period of farm development, perhaps for six to twelve months.

Fourth: The colony must be compact: the farms small, so that the settlers may have something of the community life to which they have been accustomed and which is essential to their happiness and therefore to their efficiency.

Fifth: Because the Flemish are specialists in agricuture they should be located on land which is suitable for the particular agricultural employment which they practiced in Belgium; some specialize in truck gardening, others in dairying, others in fruit culture, others in poultry, etc.

Sixth: The colony should have the services of a proficient agriculturalist who could teach them American methods of farming, growing vegetables, marketing etc.

In the establishment of the first colony the exact letter and spirit of the immigration laws, and all the rules and regulations of the immigration office were rigidly adhered to. There has been nothing spectacular or sensational in this movement; in fact, had these Flemish farmers entered the United States and gone on their Tennessee farms before the European war, they would have attracted little or no attention.

Some months before the great European war began the Southern Settlement and Development organization took up the problem of settling in the South, as "partially assisted colonists," Americans of native and foreign birth, who had had farming experience but, for one reason or another, had been drawn into the industrial and commercial life of the larger cities in the North. Preliminary investigation indicated there were a large number of such men and it was ascertained that many would gladly go back to the soil if they were "helped to help themselves." It was planned to group these people in colonies, sell them "partly ready farms" on long time and generous terms and thus locate centers of colonization, influences at strategic points in the South. This matter was taken up with a number of large land companies, boards of trade and agricultural organizations with but indifferent success.

Not Altogether Futile.

It appears, however, that the earlier efforts had not been altogether futile, for immediately after the organization's "Belgian refugee" movement became a matter of public knowledge, there came, from a number of points in the South, strong intimations that negotiations looking toward the colonization of Americanized foreigners and native Americans of agricultural antecedents somewhat along the liens of the Belgian colonization plans, were re-opening themselves. The organization at once took up the matter and already two large colonies of Holland-Americans are going through the process of establishment in two of the Southern states. The indications are that in a few weeks several colonies of native and foreign born ex-farmers will be taken out of industrialism and placed on Southern soil. The solution of this problem is much more simple than that involved in the settlement of the Flemish, for the factors are entirely domestic and those relating to ocean transportation and family maintenance during the non productive period of farm development are eliminated. Briefly, the tender of land for these American refugees of the War of circumstances includes at least ten year payment, several acres ready to plant, the erection of a house and outhouse, some live stock, tools, etc., and help from an agricultural adviser. The class of settlers who will be placed in these colonies, if the campaign is successful, include foreign born farmers, or farm laborers, who have been in this country long enough to become Americanized, and Americans who once were farmers, or farm laborers, but who drifted into the large cities and "lost out."

The argument is advanced that if such colonies succeed their potential value to a land company, or community, is manifest for their labor not only will increase the value of surrounding land, but a community in which men have succeeded without money to start with—in other words, the demonstration will have a distinct value as an advertisement of strong pulling quality.

Contemporaneous with both campaigns, this organization took up the matter of bringing together unemployed family men in Northern cities who were qualified for farm work and Southern farmers who needed such men either for farm hands or tenants. An active correspondence was started with a number of central charity, civic and philanthropic bodies in large Northern cities to ascertain if family men, who had had some farming experience, had recently come under their observation, and if such bodies believed a practical plan for bring the jobless man and the man-less farm together could be worked out. A large number of replies were received, all sympathetic but most of which were pessimistic as to the success of any such effort. Most of the organizations wrote there were a number of family men who had had farming experience who had come under their observation.

NOtwithstanding the tone of pessimism which ran through most of the letters from the charity and philanthropic organizations the Southern Settlement and Development organization believes that a practical plan will be evolved, which will locate some of the unemployed men of the North on Southern farms, either as laborers or tenants.

REMARKABLE VIEW OF BATTLE AT SOISSONS

Telephone Operator Tells of What He Saw from "Den"

Hamburg Soldier Describes Operations in Fighting Around Soissons—All Orders Passed Through His Wires.

(Correspondence of Associated Press.)

Berlin, Jan 31.—A Hamburg soldier, who acted as telephone operator in the latest fighting at Soissons, had a remarkable view of the operations from his dug-out.

"My don," he writes, "suddenly became the meeting place for officers, and for several days it has borne the name: 'Central Telephone Station of Field Artillery.' The name says enough to explain itself. All orders pass through my wires, giving directions for our artillery fire at important points.

"Outside we hear the wild rage of the battle. Suddenly our dug-out seems to be caving in stones crumble from the roof; we stop breathing and a terrible pressure in the air seems about to flatten our chests. What was that: The younger soldiers tremble and grow pale, but the veterans give a quick and meaning glance, and the new men who have not yet been in battle recover themselves and proceed calmly with their work. It was after all only a little 10-inch bomb. The veterans know that it did not fall directly over our dug-out and proceed with their telephone work, knowing that any delayed message might cost much German blood. Meanwhile the tide of battle is turning back and forth.

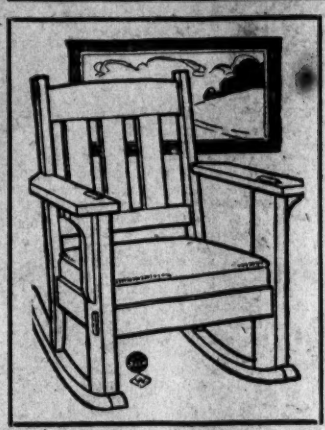
"'Our infantry is falling back and has lost connection with adjoining troops. The first and third companies of the regiment have disappeared'; or 'Height number —— must be stormed at once.' 'The first battalion is under a flank fire, its losses heavy, help wanted at once.' 'The artillery must lengthen its range 300 metres at once, as it is endangering our infantry.' 'Captain X—— has just fallen; Lieutenant S—— assumes command.' 'Field artillery must immediately open fire on height number ——' upon —— road and enemy's artillery galloping away.' Two minutes later that road is screened with smoke as our shells fly further and further into the thick masses of men and horses. Horses dash away in a mad panic, and men creep forth from under capsized gun carriers and caissons and limp away in search of cover. They nearly succeed, when a white cloud is suddenly seen, and the tottering figures and everything around are mowed down. That was one of our shrapnels.

"The smoke has cleared away, and our field artillery is shooting at more important game—a field battery in the road, which is now at rest forever. 'Hurrah!' is shouted through the telephone, with the announcement: 'Cuffles has been taken completely, also the height 132' (naming a little fort). Enthusiasm for a moment and then the telephone service goes on with the same zeal and energy. We have had great successes, and not a man thinks of getting his dinner. We only drink black coffee from morning till night, and that is all that keeps us on our feet. The enemys' artillery gradually stops firing, but our's fires still more hotly if possible. Suddenly the urgent call:

"'The whole artillery will prepare Crouy and Vauxrot to be taken by storm.' At 2:40 Crouy is taken after a hard struggle, and occupied by our brave field-greys. Two hours later Vauxrot is ripe for attack and is taken by storm with only small losses. Another hour and the glass factory, after having been frightfully shot to pieces, falls into our hands. That was a strong supporting point of the French—and now there is no longer any holding out on their side. Their riflemen run for the Aisne in wild masses and press to cross the bridges for the south bank. Our artillery tears with rapid fire through the disorderly masses. Hundreds of these brave soldiers redden the soil of the native land with their blood.

"Another 'Hurrah!' Announcement from division headquarters that the Kaiser, our beloved Kaiser, has just arrived in an automobile behind our front. Hundreds of telephones carry the news into the front battle lines; and our men are no longer to be held back—in a short time all the country on this side of the Aisne is cleared of the enemy."

BIG FURNITURE AUCTION SALE



WE MUST GET

QUICK ACTION ON $50.000 STOCK

Fine Furniture, Rugs, Ranges and Housefurnishing

Our Store Has Been Rented. We Are Quitting Business.

Our Big Furniture Auction Sale begins Monday, Feb. 15, at 2:30 P. M., and will continue daily at 2:30 and 7:30 P. M. until our immense stock of Furniture and House Furnishings, consisting of $50,000 worth of Medium and High Grade Living Room, Library, Hall, Dining Room and Chamber Furniture, Davenports, Rockers, Chairs, Brass and Enamel Beds, Mattresses, Springs, Kitchen Cabinets, Refrigerators, Stoves and Ranges, Rugs of every grade, pattern and size; Pianos, Piano Players, Guitars, Banjos, Etc.; in fact everything to furnish the Home complete.

Every article in this large and well selected stock must be sold without reserve. You can select any suit or single piece, and it will be offered and sold for what it will bring.

Our store building has been leased by the Woolworth 5 and 10c Store, and we are forced to vacate, and in order to make quick disposition of every piece of goods in our store, we offer the Entire Stoks at auction—for What It Will Bring.

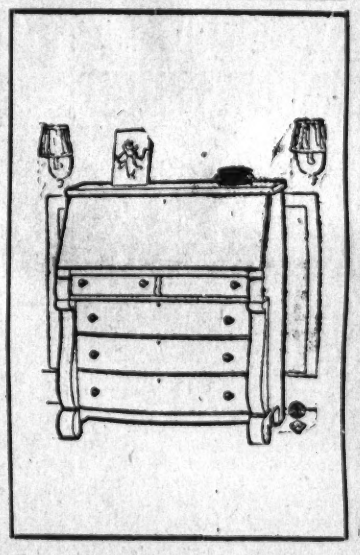
Attend This Sale. It is Your Opportunity to Save Big Money. It offers you the chance to buy anything in the Furniture line at your own price. Chairs will be provided for your comfort.

A beautiful Brass Bed will be given free at the Opening Sale to the people attending whether buyers or not. Mr. John H. Raven, of Grand Rapids, Mich., will act as auctioneer.

Remember The Opening Date

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15

At 2:30 P. M. and Daily thereafter at 2:30 and 7:30 P. M.



STERCHI-BANCROFT-RICH COMPANY

Wilmington, North Carolina

Skin Sufferers—Read!

We want all skin sufferers who have suffered for many years the torturs of disease and who have sought medical aid in vain, to read this.

We, as old established druggists of this community, wish to recommend to you a produc that has given many relief and may mean the end of your agony. The product is a mild, simple wash, not a patent medicine concocted of various worthless drugs, but a scientific compound made of well known antiseptic ingredients. It is made in the D.D.D. laboratories of Chicago and is called the **D.D.D. Prescription for Eczema.**

This is a doctor's special prescription—one that has effected many wonderful cures.

The effect of D. D. D. is to soothe instantly, as soon as applied; then it penetrates the pores, destroys and throws off all disease germs and leaves the skin clean and healthy.

We are so confident of the marvelous power of D. D. D. that we have taken advantage of the manufacturers guarantee, to offer you a full-size bottle on trial. You are to judge the merits of the remedy in your **own particular case.** If it doesn't help **you,** it costs you nothing.

D. D. D. Soap is made of the same healing ingredients. Ask us about it.

R. R. Bellmay Druggists.

We are now located in our new quarters, and are prepared to take care of all orders promptly for

Gasoline, Kerosene, Lubricating Oils, Axle Grease, Cup and Transmission Grease.

GASOLINE 14 1-2c in Galvanized Iron Barrels, F. O. B. Wilmington

We paying return freight on empty barrels.

DON'T FAIL TO ORDER OUR CARBONLESS

AUTOIL

FOR AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER GAS ENGINE LUBRICATION

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

Your Attention Wanted

We are pleased to announce that we do all kinds of work in ornamental and architectural work for building, iron fences, gates, vestibule doors, double and single gates, fire escapes, sanitary fences, folding gates, iron stairs, shutters, window guards, and all kinds of general repairing, automobiles, farming machinery, guns, pistols, stoves, ranges, scales, key fitting and pipe fitting, iron beds.

All work guaranteed to your satisfaction. Give us a trial. If you can't come, write to us. We'll call at your residence.

NEW YORK IRON WORKS

No. 5 Dock Street. Near Water Street.

DAVID'S

FINAL CLEARANCE SALE

—OF—

Winter Suits, Overcoats and Haberdashery.

We're clearing stock for Spring goods that are coming; the prices are marked down as an inducement to buy now

Watch Our Show Windows for Special Clearance Values

The A. David Company

Merchant Tailors, Clothiers and Haberdashers

Star Business Locals Get Results

CONVENTION OF LAYMEN'S MISSIONARY MOVEMENT

(By Mamie Bays.)

The following question is being asked by scores of men in the Southern Presbyterian Church who have not yet attended one of the great conventions of the Laymen's Missionary Movement: "Shall I attend the Laymen's Convention at Charlotte in February?" The answer of the hundreds of men who attended the Laymen's convention at Birmingham, Chattanooga or Memphis, or all of these, would be "By all means attend the convention in February. This chance comes only once in two years. You need the stimulating effect of such a gathering. After all the small cost in time and money is not the question—the real question is, 'Can I afford to miss it?'"

There are many men throughout the territory of Southern Presbyterianism that count the conventions of the Laymen's Movement which they have attended the beginning of great things in their lives, as the following expressions attest: "The Laymen's Convention brought me into church membership at the age of 45," says R. Lee Byrnes, a druggist of Natches, Miss. "I have never enjoyed more pleasure in my life than the past five years doing Christian work. I believe the Laymen's Missionary Movement affords one of the greatest agencies for reaching men in our church today. I feel that I owe the balance of my existence to the work. It has helped me—it will help you. Men, don't miss your opportunity."

J. T. Lupton, a manufacturer of medicines, at Chattanooga, has this to say about the work of the convention of the Laymen's Movement held in that city: "Up to the time of the Laymen's Convention in Chattanooga, I took but little interest in foreign missionary work—for the reason that I was doubtful about the work being well managed. I attended all the sessions of the Chattanooga Convention. I was both entertained and instructed. And before the convention adjourned I was persuaded that the work was being well done, and convinced that, however that might be, it was a good thing for me, personally, to get in behind the movement as much as I was able."

Dr. J. R. Dobyns, a layman, recently inaugurated president of the Southwestern Presbyterian University, at Clarksville, Tenn., gives the following recommendation of the conventions of the Laymen's Movement; "I am glad to see the preparation that is being made for the great convention of laymen at Charlotte and Dallas. No church movement, for a long time, has done so much for so many laymen as these conventions. If you could have an 'experience meeting' of those who have attended you would learn of some remarkable changes in the lives of men already in the churches. I know of many who refer to the convention they attended as the time when they realized that they were created for God's glory. No one can estimate the good done but those who have experienced this very wonderful change."

"I went to Birmingham a passive believer in foreign missions," says F. Wade Vaughn, a fire insurance agent, of Atlanta, "I returned an enthusiastic believer. I went to Chattanooga an enthusiastic believer and returned a "superenthusiast', if there is such a thing. I went to Memphis more enthused over home missions, by reason of my foreign mission enthusiasm, than I ever was. If Charlotte is to be any more inspiring than the previous meetings, the fire already kindled will burst out into flames and consume me. These missionary gatherings are now a part of my life and I look forward to them just as I do to an annual business gathering which I attend every year. Every business man should go to Charlotte and be convinced, convicted, converted and consecrated."

A. F. Patterson, a farmer, of Laurel Hill, N. C., says: "I have had the pleasure of attending one of the great conventions of the Laymen's Movement. I think it one of the best investments for any man or church to make. I wish all of our churches could send one or more men to Charlotte or Dallas in February."

One of the most beneficial features of these conventions is that it brings together laymen from the country, town and city, men of many professions and callings in life, and these men, interested in the same work, touch elbows with each other, learn what each other has found out about the work and how the difficulties have been met and overcome.

Some one has said of these great conventions of the laymen that it is worth the time and expense of going, just to look once at the men gathered there.

The Charlotte committees are busily engaged in completing arrangements and answering inquiries about the convention. Information is given promptly by Morgan B. Speir, chairman.

USE MORE COTTON AS SUBSTITUTE FOR LINEN

"King Cotton" Continues to Vanquish Competitors.

Advanced Price of Linen Has Caused Hotel Proprietors to Look About for a Substitute in Their Napery.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 10.—That King Cotton bids fair to take care of another gap opened by the European war is the latest news. This has reference to the napery in hotels. The advancing price of linen had the effect to make hotel proprietors look about for some kind of a substitute, not alone because of the high price of linen, but the growing probability that it would soon be impossible to secure linen at any price.

From time to time, during the past few months, the Department of Labor and Printing, which is the State's chief statistical authority on manufactures, has had inquiries for the name of manufacturers of towels, napkins and table damasks. To these parties the names of manufacturers of these products have been forwarded. The department is in receipt of a communication from Mr. Beifeld, of Chicago, in which the statement is made that a North Carolina mill is making the cotton article which has proven, by extensive test, to be as satisfactory in every respect as the linen article. Below is an excerpt from the Hotel Bulietin bearing on the subject:

"The war in Europe has brought to the hotels of America many problems in addition to that of the loss occasioned by the complete upheaval of business conditions. Travel has been light and those on the roads have been cutting corners curtailing expenses to such an extent that the hotel man's income has been seriously reduced.

"This, however, is only one phase of the problem. Another is the cutting of imports from Europe and the probability of finding it impossible to secure, at any price, many of the articles generally considered essential to a first class house.

"Chief among these is the problem of supplying linens, both for the table and the room, and as the foreign manufacturers announce that their supply of flax is only sufficient for a few months, and no prospect for more until a new crop is raised, it can readily be seen that before many moons linen will be a mighty scarce article and the price will soar out of sight. A few long-headed, far-sighted individuals have been considering this question seriously and have been casting about for an acceptable substitute. As is usual in such cases, fabric has been found which can fill the requirements, and what is far more gratifying, it can and is being 'Made in America', at a very considerable saving in cost on the imported article.

"Joseph Beifeld, president of the Hotel Sherman Company, operating the Hotel Sherman and the Fort Dearborn Hotel in Chicago, is one of those who has been studying the question carefully and has found that there can be and is being made in this country, from the cotton of the South, a fabric which equals linen in appearance, washes equally as well, wears better and costs about one-quarter as much. Mr. Beifeld has installed this cotton napery at the Fort Dearborn Hotel and has watched the results carefully. After several months use in the cafes of that house, he finds the results entirely satisfactory, so good in fact, that as soon as the present linen stock at the Hotel Sherman is exhausted, he will replace it with the product of the cotton fields of the South."

U. S. Court Sale.

Of the Haar Stock of Dry Goods and Fixtures continues until sold. Court appraisers have reduced prices to wholesale cost. (advertisement.)—tf

RELIGIOUS BODIES IN AMERICA MAKE GAINS

No Cause for Discouragement Over Record of 1914.

New Members Added Made Good All Losses and Left Net Gain of Three Quarters of a Million or More—Details.

New York, Feb. 13.—The religious bodies of the United States have no cause to be discouraged over the results of the year 1914. The new communicants or members added made good all the losses by death, expulsion or withdrawal, and left a surplus of nearly three-quarters of a million. That is, the total membership is 763,078 greater than it was in 1913. This is an average increase of 2 per cent for all bodies great and small, Christian and non-Christian.

Elaborate statistical tables prepared by Dr. H. K. Carroll, and issued by the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, show in detail the gains and losses of the year.

The grand total of members is now 38,708,149. All the larger denominations share in the increase. Baptists gained 122,125; Eastern Orthodox churches, 36,500; the Roman Catholic church 136,850; the Lutherans 56,248; the German Evangelical Synod, representing the state church of Prussia, 29,315; the Methodists, 231,460; the Presbyterians, 56,019; the Protestant Episcopal church, 28,641.

The Protestant Episcopal church has crossed the million line, having gained 86,468 since 1910, and over 300,000 since 1900.

The Roman Catholic church has gained nearly a million and a quarter since 1910 and more than five and a half millions since 1900.

The Methodist Episcopal church, the second largest denomination, gained 187,487 in 1914, and nearly 700,000 since 1900.

The 30 churches, constituting the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, report, as will be seen, nearly 17,500,000 members, somewhat less than half of the aggregate for all denominations, with 103,000 ministers and nearly 139,000 churches. These bodies have a net increase of over 500,000 members, or more than two-thirds of the entire increase of all bodies.

There are nine denominations which have a million and upward, the Roman Catholic, 13,794,637; the Methodist Episcopal 3,603,265; the Southern Baptist 2,492,217; the National Baptist, (colored), 2,018,868; the Methodist Episcopal, South, 2,005,707; the Presbyterian, Northern, 1,442,498; the Disciples of Christ, 1,363,163; the Northern Baptist Convention, 1,238,323; and the Protestant Episcopal, 1,015,238. These seven denominations aggregate over 29,000,000 members, or more than three-fourths of the entire aggregate of the 170 religious bodies.

The effects on church membership of the European war in narrowing the stream of immigration were probably quite small, as only the last five months of the year were involved. The emigration of men to take part in the great conflict would not be a very large factor for the same reason. The German bodies—Lutheran, Reformed, and the representative of the Prussian State Church, all show unusual gains for 1914. On the other hand, Roman Catholic gains are quite small.

The summary shows that the total increase of ministers was 3,212, which is unusually large, while the total increase of churches was 1,441, which is unusually small.

EFFECT OF GREAT KIDNEY REMEDY IS SOON REALIZED

I feel it my duty to let you know what Swamp-Root did for me. I was bothered with my back for over twenty years and at times I could hardly get out of bed. I read your advertisement and decided to try Swamp-Root. Used five bottles, and it has been five years since I used it, and I have never been bothered a day since I took the last bottle of it. I am thoroughly convinced that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root cured me and would recommend it to others suffering as I did.

My husband was troubled with kidney and bladder troubles and he took your Swamp-Root and it cured him. This was about five years ago.

You may publish this letter if you choose.

Very truly yours,
MRS. MATTIE CAMFIELD,
R. F. D. No. 3 Gobleville, Mich.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th of July, 1909.
ARVIN W. MYERS,
Notary Public,
for Van Duren Co., Mich.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.,
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do for You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention the Wilmington Star. Regular fifty-cent and one dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

ALL FARMERS' UNION LOCALS TO MEET NEXT SATURDAY

Special Call Issued for Extraordinary Meetings, by State Officers.

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 13.—Every local Farmers' Union in every county in North Carolina is called to meet in special and extraordinary session Saturday, February 20, the call having just been issued by State President H. Q. Alexander and Secretary-Treasurer E. C. Faires, who state that "these meetings are to consider important matters affecting the farmer's welfare and to make business and other plans for the coming season." All Union farmers are urged to attend these local meetings next Saturday.

Warsaw, N. C., Feb. 12.—Judge R. B. Peebles will preside at the February term of Duplin county Superior court which will convene in Kenansville on Monday. The county jail is "running over" with prisoners, more cases being on hand now than have come up at most terms for some time. Only a very few of them are of interest, the majority being negroes. The three negroes who stole $71 worth of tobacco, after they had sold it once, and then resold it, and a negro murder trial being the two most important. A number of robbery cases are on the docket.

STOP CATARRH! OPEN NOSTRILS AND HEAD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Relieves Head-Colds at Once.

If your nostrils are clogged and your head is stuffed and you can't breathe freely because of a cold or catarrh, just get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm at any drug store. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream into your nostrils and let it penetrate through every air passage of your head, soothing and healing the inflamed, swollen mucous membrane and you get instant relief.

Ah! How good it feels. Your nostrils are open, your head is clear, no more hawking, snuffling, blowing; no more headache, dryness or struggling for breath. Ely's Cream Balm is just what sufferers from head colds and catarrh need. It's a delight.

PARALYSIS Conquered At Last By **DR. CHASE'S**
Special Blood and Nerve Tablets
Write for Proof and Booklet
Dr. Chase, 224 N. 10th St. Philadelphia.

Piles BO-SAN-KO'S PILE REMEDY Gives instant relief in Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. 50c
The Dr. Bosanko Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Neuralgia

There is no need to suffer the annoying, excruciating pain of neuralgia; Sloan's Liniment laid on gently will soothe the aching head like magic. Don't delay. Try it at once.

Hear What Others Say

"I have been a sufferer with Neuralgia for several years and have tried different Liniments, but Sloan's Liniment is the best Liniment for Neuralgia on earth. I have tried it successfully; it has never failed."—*F. H. Williams, Augusta, Ark.*

Mrs. Ruth C. Claypool, Independence, Mo., writes: "A friend of ours told us about your Liniment. We have been using it for 13 years and think there is nothing like it. We use it on everything, sores, cuts, burns, bruises, sore throat, headaches and on everything else. We can't get along without it. We think it is the best Liniment made."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is the best remedy for rheumatism, backache, sore throat and sprains.

At all dealers, 25c.

Send four cents in stamps for a TRIAL BOTTLE

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General Practice.

DISEASES OF STOMACH AND INTESTINES A SPECIALTY.

508 Market st. 'Phone 2085

OFFICE HOURS:
9—11 A. M. 2:30—4:30 P. M.

NOTICE

There will be a meeting of the property holders of Wrightsville Beach, Monday night, Feb. 15th, at 8:30 P. M., at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, for the purpose of nominating officers for the ensuing year, action on the Sewerage matter, and other business as may properly come before the meeting.

R. H. NORTHROP,
Clerk.

NOTICE OF SALE OF THE FISH FACTORY PLANT, WITH APPURTENANCES OF THE CAROLINA COAST PRODUCTS CO., LOCATED ON THE CAPE FEAR RIVER, UNDER DECREE OF THE U. S. FEDERAL COURT.

By virtue of a decree of the U. S. District Court, for the Eastern District of North Carolina, in a suit therein pending, wherein R. E. Sumner, T. C. Meadows, are complainants, and the Carolina Coast Products Co. and the Atlantic Trust & Banking Co., trustee, are defendants, and by authority ton me given by said decree, the undersigned will sell, subject to confirmation by the court, on the first Monday in April, 1915, being the 5th day of April, at the U. S. Post Office, in Wilmington, N. C., at 12 o'clock M., at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, all the land, plant and property of the defendant, the Carolina Coast Products Company, located and situated on the West side of the Cape Fear river, near St. Philip's, known as the Fish Factory, except the Comissary Stores, and manufactured products, but including all of the property described in the deed of trust, executed by the Carolina Coast Products Company, to the Atlantic Trust and Banking Co., Trustees, dated the 1st day of August, 1913, and recorded in the Register of Deeds' office, Brunswick county, this State, in Book 22, Page ——, therein described as follows:

And all that piece and parcel of land, located in Brunswick county, North Carolina, near St. Phillip's, on the Cape Fear river, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a stake on the Cape Fear River, said stake being situated in the northern line of lot number three (3) in the division of the estate of the late Isaac Reynolds, as divided by his will, and as appears by the plat mentioned there, and runs thence north seventy-eight (78) degrees west two hunderd and twenty (220) poles to a stake in the Orton line, thence north twelve (12) degrees east along the Orton line to a stake in the big Hog Pen Pond, the same being the southwest corner of lot number six (6) in the division of the Isaac Reynolds estate, thence south seventy-eight (78) degrees east to the Cape Fear River, thence with the various courses of that river to the beginning, together with all and singular, the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining; also all buildings, warehouses, wharves, factories, tools, machinery, and personal property, whether affixed to the realty or not, now owned by said mortgagor company, and located on said premises or used thereon in connection with its fish factory, situated on the premises or otherwise, and all real and personal estate, franchises, privileges, rights and powers of every kind and description, now owned or hereafter to be acquired by the said mortgageor company, of the first part:

TERMS OF SALE.

The property will be sold as a whole, under the following terms and conditions:

No bids will be received for less than $40,000. The purchaser to pay in cash, or, at his option, one-half cash, when deed is delivered and balance of equal installments in six and twelve months, from date of confirmation of sale. Deferred payments to be secured by note, with six per cent. interest, payable quarterly, and by mortgage on the premises so sold, or by other satisfactory security. Insurance on the property to be transferred to the Receiver of this Court. The successful bidder at the sale shall at once deposit with the Receiver, a duly certified check in the sum of $1,000, to be credited on the purchase price, if the sale be confirmed, and if not, to be returned to purchaser, but, if confirmed, and the purchaser does not comply with the conditions of sale, then said check to be forfeited to the benefit of this trust. If the highest bidder does not deposit checks, when property is knocked down to him, the undersigned will report the sale as made to the next highest bidder who complies with the condition of the sale.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

One tract land, about 100 acres, factory site, having river frontage, about 1,200 feet, deep water.

Extensive wharves and coal docks, recently constructed.

Main Factory Building, 2 stories, 200x40.

Large Fertilizer House, pitch 24 feet, 140x100.

Carpenter Shop, 16x30.

Machine Shop, 20x100.

Boiler House, 90x35.

Dry House and Fertilizer Rooms, 45x246.

Also Dining Room, Kitchen, Sleeping Quarters, Watchmen's Dwelling, Bag House, 16x90; Cook Room, 51x84, and other buildings.

MACHINERY—

8 Logan Return Tubular Boilers.
1 Waberter Vacuum Feed Water Heater.
2 American Process Dryers.
2 American Process Screw Presses.
8 Curry Presses.
6 Steam Engines.
Dynamo and Electric Lighting Equipment.
2 Morris' Fish Cookers.
10 Snow Duplex and Smith-Vail Pumps.
Complete Machine and Carpenter Shop Equipment.
Complete Loading and Carrying equipment.
Reservoir and Storage Tracts.

Property in good condition; altogether up to date, modern, complete fish factory, ready to operate immediately.

For further information and inventory, apply undersigned.

FRANK HERBST,
Receiver.

Wilmington, N. C.
Tredell Meares,
Attorney Complainants.
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ATTENTION Potato Dealers

SEVERAL CARS OF GENUINE MAINE SEED WILL ARRIVE IN A FEW DAYS. WRITE FOR PRICES. ALSO FULL STOCK OF CANNED GOODS, STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES, DRUGS AND SUNDRIES, AT WHOLESALE.

A. B. Croom, Jr., Company
226 North Water Street,

Fiery Blood Disorders Checked

The Sources of Disease are Cleaned and Blood Purified

Those who have used S. S. S. marvel at the way it checks blood diseases. See a man today with his skin all broken out; see him again in a week or two after using S. S. S. and he is a wonder to behold, all cleared up, skin healthy, eyes bright, a big smile replaces the droop. What is S. S. S. that can accomplish such wonderful results? First of all it is a natural medicine. Like milk, eggs and other foods that can not be imitated, S. S. S. owes it to Nature for its power to overcome disease just as food prevents emaciation. S. S. S. is not a combination of prescription drugs. It is a preparation direct from medicinal plants that retains all the virile potency of what we need, what we must have in the blood to counteract those destructive tendencies that assail us throughout life. If it were not for our natural secretions to sustain us, aided by such known helps as S. S. S. there would be small chance of any of us surviving childhood.

Get a bottle of S. S. S. today from any druggist but be careful to avoid the substitutes palmed off on the unwary. S. S. S. is prepared only by The Swift Specific Co., 53 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., and for private medical advice write briefly your symptoms to their medical department. They will take excellent care of you.

500 Bags Maine Grown Irish Potatoes—all varieties.
5,000 Western Cartridge Company Shells.
4,000 Kegs Nails.
1,000 Bundles Cotton Ties.
600 Rolls Bagging.
300 Bags Coffee.
500 Rolls Ellwood and Universal Fence.
3,000 Pounds Fence Brads.
1,000 Boxes Tobacco.
500 Barrels Molasses—best quality.

Also all kinds of canned goods usually carried by Wholesale Grocers. Call or write for our prices before buying elsewhere.

D. L. Gore Co.
Wholesale Grocers and Importers.
Wilmington, N. C.

SEED Potatoes

Genuine Maine Grown Seed Potatoes, Inspected Four Times. Shipment This Week.

Love & Woody
Wholesale Grocers
'Phone 809.

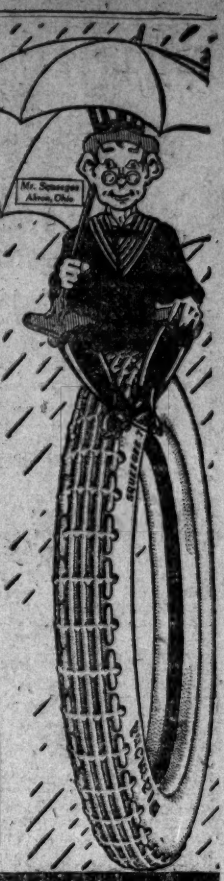
Seed Potatoes

400 barrels Irish Cobblers.
100 barrels White Bliss.
200 barrels Red Bliss.
100 barrels Early Rose.
100 bushels Yellow Onion Sets.
50 bushels Silver Skin Onion Sets.
500 tons Assorted Fertilizers

All of which will be sold on a close margin. We solicit orders for immediate shipment, and guarantee the quality to be first class, and prices right.

J. W. BROOKS
WHOLESALE GROCER
Wilmington, N. C.

"The dealers stand behind Diamond Tires, because Diamonds make good what the dealer says. More, too, you can now buy Diamond Tires at 'Fair-List' prices — see below." —*Mister Squeegee*



Two tires went bad —out of 4000

Here's a sample Diamond Tire record: Out of 4000 Diamond Tires sold by one Diamond distributor during 1914, two—*just two*, mind you—were returned. Out of *4000!*

This was about the average experience of *all* Diamond dealers through the year.

Is it any wonder that the Diamond dealer—unlike other tire dealers—is ready to *recommend* and *advise* you to put on Diamond Squeegee Tread Tires.

Added to the wonderful Diamond Service, you can now buy Diamond Squeegee Tread Tires at the following

"FAIR-LIST" PRICES:

Size	Diamond Squeegee	Size	Diamond Squeegee
30 x 3	$ 9.45	34 x 4	$20.35
30 x 3½	12.20	36 x 4½	28.70
32 x 3½	14.00	37 x 5	33.90
33 x 4	20.00	38 x 5½	46.00

PAY NO MORE

For Automobiles, Bicycles **Put on Diamond Squeegee Tread Tires** For Cyclecars, Motorcycles

WHO BUILDS YOUR CLOTHES?

We Are Pleased to Announce That on

Wednesday, Feb. 10th, Thursday, Feb. 11th, Friday, 12th,

Strouse & Bros. will have their Expert Fitter with us, Taking Measures for This Spring and Summer Clothes. We will be Glad to Have You Call In—if only to show you through this Great Assortment of Fabrics.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.
No. 9 North Front Street Phone 617

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ONLY Through Sleeping Car Between WILMINGTON and **ATLANTA**

DAILY SCHEDULES:	No. 55	No. 51
Lv. Wilmington	3:45P.M.	5:25A.M.
Ar. Florence	7:30P.M.	9:20A.M.
Ar. Atlanta	6:00A.M.	.....
Ar. Montgomery	11:30A.M.	.....
Ar. New Orleans	8:55P.M.	.....
Lv. Wilmington	3:45P.M.	5:25A.M.
Lv. Florence	7:55P.M.	9:40A.M.
Ar. Jacksonville	7:15A.M.	7:20P.M.
Ar Tampa	4:00P.M.	6:45A.M.
Ar. St. Petersburg	8:30P.M.	8:00A.M.
Ar. Fort Myers	10:20P.M.	12:05P.M.

PULLMAN CARS ON ALL TRAINS.

PHONE 160
ATLANTIC COAST LINE
THE STANDARD RAILROAD OF THE SOUTH

Seaboard Air Line Railway
The Progresstve Railway of the South.
CHARLOTTE, - - N. C.

Round trip fare from Wilmington, $5.90, Account of Laymen's Missionary Movement, Presbyterian Church in U. S., February 16-18, 1915. Tickets on sale February 14th and 15th, limited returning Midnight February 22nd. Reduced rates from all points on the Seaboard Air Line Railway. For information as to rates and etc., Call on local agent, or phone 178, Orton Hotel Building.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

Rubbing Will Not Cure

The use of Liniments for Rheumatism is right good exercise, and in some cases gives temporary relief—but never cures. If you are a sufferer try HARDIN'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY. This preparation always gives relief, and in most cases effects a permanent cure. Phone 85 for a bottle.

PRICE 50 CENTS

1880 **Hardin's Pharmacy** 1915

PRACTICAL SIDE OF MISSIONS IN CHINA

How Boys Are Taught Useful and Profitable Trades.

MISSIONARY NEWS NOTES

Striking Story of Christian Hero in India — Letter From a Native Preacher in Africa—Missions and the Chinese Press.

(By Ida Clyde Clarke.)

That a new idea is being successfully worked out by the Southern Baptist missionaries in China is shown by the following letter from S. Ernest Stephens, a missionary there:

"This is the first year we have had regular classes in the trades department, and all the boys taking this work are doing well in their literary work, and are already profitable to the institution in doing many odd jobs. These students take the regular literary course in four or five years, according to their ability, instead of three years, thus giving ample time to work in the shops. These students pay less than half board the first year, less than one-third the second year, less than one-seventh the third year, and nothing the fourth and fifth years. After three years their labor will more than pay their board. So a trade student can complete his full literary course and learn well his trade for less than the cost of one year to a regular three-year literary student.

"The department of masonry and general repairs is profitable in many ways. First of all, it gives the students in the academic, normal and seminary classes a chance to work at all off periods they can spare from lesson preparation, thus aiding them financially. In the next place, we get more work for our money, for these students work very much more rapidly than the average workman. We now have some capable masons among the students, and are ready to do all of our building in the future with our head masons in the lead. It is most refreshing to see these young Chinese scholars in the normal class doing the ordinary work of carrying dirt and brick to help pay expenses. This work grows in favor every day. The difficulty is to furnish work for all.

"Our cannery has done well this year—more orders than we can fill. This enterprise gives promise of providing employment for many students at off hours in the future. We are getting a good start of foreign fruit trees and berries, and hope soon to begin a nursery for the propagation of these new varieties among the Chinese. This will give both profitable and instructive employment to our students. We have splendid beef cattle in this section, and they are not dear, so we plan to put in the winter months canning beef, so furnishing work for the boys at a time when there would be otherwise nothing for them to do.

"One of the present graduating class will complete his course as a tinner, and will go out to take up his trade next year. All the men graduating this year are a new type, having largely worked their way through school. The Chinese teachers recognize the great advantage of the new methods, and say we are now making a different type of citizens—Christians with some backbone. At least ten of the present class of the twenty-one have decided definitely to preach the gospel as a life work. I thank God that some of them were called to this work by the Lord as the result of reports from some of the evangelists who are now working in the west. These Pingtu men are not afraid of "suffering hardships" to preach to their own people. There are now more than thirty students in this institution who are looking forward to a life of toil and gladness in seeking to save the lost."

Real Heroism in India.

The following story of heroism as related by a missionary is striking. Mr. Tilok is a well known oriental Christian:

"He had been staying at Panchgani all the season. This place is eleven miles from Mahableshwar and he wished to visit the latter place, as Dr. Hume and most of the missionaries were there. Learning this, I told him we would send our conveyance for him half way, as he said he would like to walk five or six miles. On the way, before he reached the 'tauga,' which we sent for him, he left the road and walked under the trees through the fields. Suddenly a cobra raised itself before him. He thought his last moments had come. He quietly slipped a notebook and pencil from his pocket and standing quite still wrote the following:

(1) "I have met death by a cobra bite.

(2) "My daughter Tara will finish my Christyan.

(3) "My last thoughts are for a blessing on Dr. Hume and family.

(4) "I pray for all the Christian church of India."

"With this he closed his eyes, expecting every moment to be his last. When his prayer was finished and he opened his eyes the cobra was gone.

"Now, there is nothing accidental about this, is there? A slight movement would have probably been his death, but it is only an oriental, I think, who would not make some effort to leave the scene.

"The Christyan is a merical Life of Christ which he is putting the best effort of his life upon."

Revival Among Soldiers.

A remarkable Bible revival is in progress among the British soldiers quartered on Salisbury Plain and elsewhere in England. Already more than 10,000 of the troops on Salisbury Plain alone have joined the Pocket Testament League, and have agreed to carry a Testament with them and to read a chapter daily, and over 3,000 have declared their acceptance of Christ and enlisted under the banner of the King of kings.

The government began some time ago when Charles M. Alexander, the well-known Gospel song leader, accompanied by two soloists, a pianist, and a representative of the Pocket Testament League spent five days travelling from one Y. M. C. A. marquee to another on the plain, holding gospel meetings.

From the beginning the meetings were a great success. The soldiers crowded into the marquees, and when the tents were filled they let down the sides and men stood outside during the service.

Missions and Chinese Press.

In the record of the Christian Literature Society for China during the past year occurs an account of the cultivation of a friendship with the Chinese Press in order to help China through its columns. Dr. Williamson, Dr. Allen and Dr. Richard worked for many years to secure admission to the newspaper brotherhood of China, and at last their labors are bearing fruit.

The editors recognize that the society has no axe to grind, or political party to "boost." They believe that if the society writes articles for wide use they must be so superior that secular journals will agree that they cannot deprive their readers of the benefit of reading them.

From a Native Preacher in Africa.

Rev. S. G. Pinnock, of Abeokuta, sends a most interesting letter from a native Baptist preacher in Africa:

Idere is a small town where the Saje church built a chapel and a workers' house. Eruma is a large town where the Saje church built a chapel and dedicated it on Friday, October 2. Laulate is the town where Brother Overinde's father is the evangelist in charge.

Ese Ado (or Awaye) is a new work just opened up by the Saje church. So you see the aggressive work being done by this Abeokuta church.

The letter is as follows:

"I arrived here yesterday, and I met all my families very well. I spent two days at Idere. On Sunday, September 13, in Sunday school we have 15 attendance. Morning service, 5; evening service, 21, and in the street service we counted about 160 people, the crowd very good. On Monday Bro. Sam Ogungle and I took our journeying to Ese Ado; we got to Eruma about 1 o'clock P. M. We rest there for a little while; we have our dinner there; from there we went to Lanlate; we reached there about 4 o'clock P. M.

"On Wednesday, September 10, Bretheren Oyerinde, Ogunbe, and I took our journeying to Ese Ado; and we went straightway to Alado's house; and the king welcomed courteously and lodged us in one of his family's houses. Brother Adeyemi, who God called for the work, promised us, God willing, he will commence the work on October 1st. We returning to Lanlate on Saturday, September 19th, and on Sunday, September 20, we have 52 attendance in our Sunday school. Six people asked for baptism, but I could not baptize them for all their brooks were dried up; please if missionaries will; we need help, for Ese Ado's work; and help for the workers' house at Eruma. Please give my salutation to Mrs. Pinnock for her sympathy to my boy Ladele; please tell him that I cannot write him, because it is time now for me to go to prayer meeting at Ago Ijal. Yours in Christ.

"J. AGBOOLA."

Missions in 1914.

The banner year of the American foreign mission boards was 1912. In 1913 the income was not so great. In 1914 the contributions exceeded those of 1913 by more than $1,100,000. The total income of American foreign mission boards for last year was $17,165,611. This does not include $509,510 contributed for certain mission work in Mexico, Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and Alaska.

The showing made by natives in the foreign fields indicates that great progress is being made in the direction of self-support. Last year the natives contributed $4,243,967 to work conducted by American missionaries alone.

Great Britain and Continental Europe are naturally behind their figures for 1913. The amount of their contributions last year was $13,884,411.

The following are some statistics of the American mission boards: Missionaries, 9,969; baptized, during the year, 159,286; number of churches, 9,946 (a gain of 34,475 over 1913; colleges, theological seminaries and training schools, 12,619, with a total attendance of 547,730.

Facts That Count.

About 300 Turkish soldiers are quartered at the orphanage of the Church Missionary Society at Jerusalem. Information recently received from Cairo is to the effect that the missionary in charge is nursing the sick soldiers and that she is safe.

There are over 60,000 Moslems in India.

The home income, not including the amount received from investment, of the foreign missionary organizations of the United States and Canada for the year 1914, was $17,168,611.18. Native contributions totaled $4,235,991.18. These organizations have 9,969 missionaries on the field.

The more than 2,000 subscribers and the 300 campaigners who two years ago united their efforts to raise funds for the new Filipino buildings of the Young Men's Christian Association, are now seeing the results of their labors and generosity in the fine new buildings, which are nearing completion on calles Conception, San Marcelino and Arroceros.

The Nyasaland mission began work on the shores of Lake Nyasa twenty-five years ago, under the direction of the Dutch Reformed Church of South Africa, the only native church organization in that great continent. Dr. Andrew Murray, now eighty-seven years old, was then the principal leader in the movement. There are today about 2,000 native evangelists, laboring in 832 out-stations, under the supervision of seventy-two European missionaries in eighteen central stations.

A short time ago the treasurer of the Episcopal board of missions received the Lenten offering of St. Matthew's Sunday school, Fairbanks, Alaska. It amounted to $502.08. This is no doubt the largest per capita giving of the Sunday schools of the American church. This is the school which gathers its money in condensed milk cans, because the ordinary mite boxes provided by the board are neither sufficiently large nor durable.

From 1904 to 1914 gifts of Southern Baptists to foreign, home and state missions increased from $641,000 to $1,601,000.

A PERSONAL STATEMENT.

There are so-called "honey and tar" preparations that cost the dealer half as much but sell at the same price as the original and genuine Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. We never offer these imitations and substitutes. We know you will buy Foley's whenever you need a cough syrup if you once use it. People come long distances for the true FOLEY'S—over thirty years the leading remedy for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchial and lagrippe coughs. Sold by Rob't R. Bellamy.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson VIII.—First Quarter, For Feb. 21, 1915.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, I Sam. iv, 1-13, 18. Memory Verses, 10, 11—Golden Text, Jas. 1, 22—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

As we read this chapter and the two following and vii, 1, 2, we cannot but notice the frequent mention of the ark of the Lord, or the ark of God, or some of its other titles, and when we recall that it was the principal vessel in the tabernacle and the only one of all the tabernacle vessels that continued to be used in the temple of Solomon, that it was made specially to be a receptacle for the two tables of the law, that over its blood stained lid or mercy seat and between the cherubim the glory of the Lord was revealed, and that from above the mercy seat the Lord communed with Moses, we must be persuaded that this vessel had a wonderful significance. And when we read in Rev. xi, 19, of the temple of God in heaven being opened and there being seen in it the ark of His Testament we stand in still greater awe before this holy vessel. It is mentioned forty times in the books of Moses and twenty-eight times in Joshua, chiefly in connection with the crossing of the Jordan. In our lesson chapter and those following it is mentioned thirty-seven times, so that we can easily see that the interest centers upon it.

Lesson verse 2 shows us Israel smitten before the Philistines, and we think that we hear again the words of Joshua, "O Lord, what shall I say when Israel turneth their backs before their enemies?" (Josh. vii, 8.) But, as then, so now, it was because of sin in the camp. As the elders considered the present defeat they did not seem to think that the difficulty might be with Israel, nor did they turn to the Lord, but said, "Let us fetch the ark of the covenant of the Lord that it may save us" (verse 3). The presence of the ark caused Israel to shout with a great shout, and when the Philistines understood that it was because the ark was come into the camp they said that God was come into the camp, the gods that smote the Egyptians. On the part of both Israel and the Philistines it seemed like pure superstition. The latter knew no better, but for Israel to put confidence in the ark rather than in the Lord reminds us of their worship of Aaron's golden calf and away beyond the time of this lesson their worship of the serpent of brass (II Kings xviii, 4).

Is it not the same today with those who think there is any benefit in the mere reading of a chapter in the Bible, or saying a prayer, or taking the communion, or in any religious formality? Anything that is not real heart dealing with the Living God is only a form of superstition. The Philistines were stirred to great fervor by the cry of their leaders, "Be strong; quit yourselves like men and fight" (verse 9), and the Lord delivered Israel into their hands so that 30,000 were slain, including Eli's two sons, and the ark of God was taken (verses 10, 11). Poor old Eli waited with fear and trembling for tidings from the battle, and when he heard the sad news and that the ark of God had been taken he fell off his seat backward and broke his neck and died. He was ninety-eight years old and had judged Israel forty years (verses 12-18). I think that while outwardly it was a broken neck it may have been inwardly a broken heart. In the same day it seems as if Phinehas' wife was also taken away (verses 19-22), so that a great calamity came to the house of Eli in one day (ii, 34). Thus suddenly have great events transpired again and again, and so shall it be at the end time.

The story of the ark in the hands of the Philistines (chapters v and vi) makes us think of Jerusalem, a burdensome stone for all people, and that all that burden themselves with it shall be cut in pieces (Zech. xii, 3). The Philistines found the ark a very grievous thing to have in their midst, and after a few months (vi, 1) they were glad to send it back to Israel. The story of the new cart and the two milk cows tied to it, with their calves shut up at home and the cows taking the straight way to Beth-Shemesh, lowing as they went, but not turning aside to the right hand or to the left (vi, 7-12), is a wonderful record of the hand of the Lord upon dumb beasts and brings to mind the dominion over all sheep and oxen, beasts of the field, fowl of the air and fish of the sea that has had some foreshadowings all the way along, but will be fully seen when the kingdom comes (Ps. viii, 6-9; Heb. ii, 8, 9).

The men of Beth-Shemesh rejoiced greatly to welcome the ark, and they offered burnt offerings and sacrifices unto the Lord, but they made a sad mistake when they looked into the ark, and they suffered greatly for it. As we said at the beginning of this study, the ark was made to keep the holy law of God, which Israel could not keep. The blood sprinkled upon the mercy seat from year to year (Lev. xvi) told of the demands of the law met by a substitute, even Christ, the end of the law for righteousness to every one that believeth (Rom. x, 4). Life never was nor could be by the law, which can only bring us all in guilty before God and is therefore called the ministration of death (Gal. iii, 21; Rom. iii, 19; II Cor. iii, 7).

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

"The Store That's Always Busy"

THIS WEEK

We Will Show Our New Spring Goods, Consisting of Silks, Dress Goods and Coat Suits.

¶New Millinery. The new Satin and Straw Hats. We have just received a large assortment of these Hats in all the new Spring shades with Veils to match. Prices $1.50 to $6.00.

¶New Shirt Waists, Crepe de Shene, $2.50 to $5.00. Voille and Crepe Waists for $1.50 and upward.

¶New Silk Hose in all Evening shades and Black, $1.00 a pair.

¶New Laces in Vals and Torchon, 5c and upward.

¶New Embroideries, Swiss and Nainsook in wide and narrow widths.

¶New Spring Suits in all the new shades, $15.00 to $37.50 each. We invite you to visit our Ready-to-Wear Department.

¶New Muslin Underwear in Gowns, Skirts and Teddy Bears. Special sale for this week at $1.15 each.

¶New Matting, New Draperies just received in our Carpet Department.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

To Have Pretty Hair

If your hair is not as soft, and pretty, or as fresh and full as that of some friend, do as she does—give it daily attention, just the same care you would give a plant to make it healty and beautiful. Luxuriant hair—soft, fluffy, thick and lustrous—is really a matter of care. If it is too thin, make it grow. If it is too dry and brittle, soften it up—lubricate it. If you have dandruff it is because the scalp is too dry and flakes off. Freshen up the scalp and the dandruff disappears.

Parisian Sage, an inexpensive tonic, which you can get from any drug or toilet counter, or from R. R. Bellamy, is just what you need—it softens the scalp, nourishes the hair roots, immediately removes dandruff, and makes the hair fluffy, lustrous and abundant. One application will stop itching head and cleanse the hair of dust and excess oil. Parisian Sage takes away the dryness and brittleness, makes the hair twice as abundant and beautifies it until it is soft and lustrous.

By the use of this helpful tonic any woman can easily make her hair soft, fluffy and abundant. Pretty hair will surely increase her charm and beauty.

WAR - WAR - WAR

ON BUSINESS IGNORANCE

JOIN THE ARMY NOW DRILLING

FOR SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS POSITIONS, AND DO YOUR PART IN CONQUERING IGNORANCE

THE ENEMY

OF ALL PROGRESS.

RECRUITING STATION

JONES BUSINESS COLLEGE

217—219 NORTH FRONT ST., WILMINGTON.

WAKE FOREST LITERARY SOCIETIES CELEBRATE

Eightieth Anniversary an Important Event in College Life.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wake Forest, N. C., Feb. 13.—The 80th anniversary of the Euzelian and Philomathesian Literary societies of Wake Forest college was celebrated yesterday. At 2:30 p. m. the debate was held in Wingate Memorial hall. Mr. H. D. Pegg, Eu., presided as president, with Mr. V. E. Duncan, Phi., as secretary. Mr. Pegg in a few brief remarks welcomed the many visitors and spoke of the growing need of larger society halls as the present ones are inadequate for the increased number of members now engaged in society work.

President W. L. Poteat announced the following gentlemen as judges for the debate: Chief Justice Walter Clark, Dr. T. W. O'Kelley, Rev. Bayfus Cade, Dr. R. T. Vann, and Rev. M. L. Kesler. The query: "Resolved: That the United States should adopt a policy of subsidizing its merchant marine engaged in foreign trade," was announced. J. P. Mull, Eu., Cleveland county, and K. A. Pittman, Phi., Franklin county, upheld the affirmative; Basil M. Watkins, Phi., Wayne county, and J. Baird Edwards, Eu., Madison county, upheld the negative.

The judges rendered their decision, without consultation, three to two in favor of the affirmative.

At 8 p. m. two orations were delivered by representatives of the Senior class. Mr. P. E. Downes, Eu., chief marshall, introduced the first speaker of the evening, Mr. A. Yates Arledge, Eu., whose subject was "Innocent Bystanders, Belgium." Following Mr. Arledge's oration, Mr. I. L. Bennett, Phi., chief marshall, introduced Mr. Earl Prevette, Phi., whose subject was "The Purple Peril." Both orators acquitted themselves creditably.

Mount Olive, Feb. 13.—James Summerlin, Confederate veteran, 93 years of age, and one of the oldest citizens of northern Duplin county, died at his home Friday afternoon.

:: THE FAMOUS WHITE ::

PLEASURE CARS AND TRUCKS

Everybody knows what they are. We take pleasure in announcing we are Agents for the Celebrated White Motor Cars — both pleasure vehicles and trucks. Made by the White Motor Car Co., Cleveland, Ohio. Let us talk to you about them.

LASSITER-McDUFFIE CO., Inc

HUDSON. OVERLAND. WHITE.

Garage: 114 North Second Street

SALE OF LAND

FOR TAXES UNPAID FOR 1914.

I have levied upon and will sell at public auction at the Court House door of New Hanover County, on Monday, the 1st day of March, 1915, at 12 o'clock M., the following described real estate to satisfy the unpaid taxes due the State of North Carolina and County of New Hanover for the year 1914, together with the cost and expense due thereon unless the amounts so due and unpaid are settled before sale.

S. P. COWAN,
Sheriff New Hanover County.

WILMINGTON TOWNSHIP.

Name	Description	Blk	Tax and Cost
Abelovitz, Louis & Bro—	N e ¼ 4	278	
	S e ¼ 2	207	38.51
Alderman, Allison—m pt 1 2	N w pt 1	213	
		137	10.85
Alderman, Mrs. Mary L.—w 2	E m 1 2 pt 3	169	33.75
Andrews, R. J. & wife—pt 1 2	E pt 6	146	8.45
Barker, Mrs. Rosa L.—m pt 6		90	14.94
Beach, A. J.—pt e end 1		88	12.85
Bell, Mary Emma—e ¼ 5		65	5.15
Bellamy, J D, & Adams	W m 1	307	10.10
Benson, W. L.—s e ¼ 5		73	15.40
Bethea, B. P.—s w pt 6		50	13.68
Biddle, hrs. Julia—w pt 2 3		78	11.20
Bishop, Mrs. Jasper—n w 1 2		145	10.10
Bordeaux, Henry—s w ¼ 4		572	6.33
Bowden, Mrs. Annie—e end 5 6		193	38.43
Bowden, hrs. Sarah C.—w 5		181	20.18
Boylan, D. D.—n e 2		182	22.00
Boise, N E—n w 5		263	10.10
Boylan, J. E.—w end 1 2		185	16.22
Brothers, J. A.—s e ¼ 4		117	9.90
Bullock & Watson—	E pt 2 3 4 5 6	290	24.40
Burch, Lula May—e 4 pt 5		210	6.25
Canady, J. S.—s w ¼ 3		54	8.75
Capps, Mrs. Hollis P.—e m 1 2		77	11.20
Carter, L. J.—e m 4 5 6		506	
	E 1 2	70	
	N e pt 5	268	
	N w 1-4 4 pt 3	294	19.85
Croom, M. H.—W m 6		74	18.70
Croom, Virginia M.—w ½ 1		31	2.95
Daniel, Joe—e pt 3 4		572	5.15
Davis, hrs. Maggie C.—e 6		68	5.15
Dennis, J. D.—e end 1		295	
	E end 1	325	16.35
DeVane, Mrs. C. G.—w 3 4		168	30.45
Dixon, Mrs. H. L.—n e pt 4		117	9.08
Evans, C. N.—m 1 2 3		160	60.09
Flynn, Mrs. Mary B.—e m 6		195	23.30
Flynn, W. J.—e pt 5 pt 6		117	20.90
Foard, Mrs. C. D.—e 2		168	
	W end 1 2 3	487	55.13
Fryer, R. L.—pt 3		69	
	Pt w ½ 3	84	7.00
Gaskell, J. W.—n w ¼ 3		33	7.70
Glover, S. H.—n e 1		103	23.63
Green, Edw. G.—n e pt 3		136	14.85
Green, Emma W.—	W m 5 6 pt 2	193	28.80
Greer, Mrs. Gussie—n w 2 pt 1		350	11.75
Griffith, Mrs. M. W.—pt e m 6		71	7.63
Guthrie, Mrs. Fannie—e pt 6		174	9.83
Hall, Ethel S.—n e 4		126	22.75
Hall, A. H.—e ½ 5 6		79	12.30
Hanby, L. L.—w ½ 2		184	
	E pt 3 4	483	
	S e pt 2	195	
	M 4 5 6	145	51.68
Hand, Jere—pt w 2 3		304	14.11
Harvey, Rev. J W S—w pt 1		51	5.98
Haskett, Jesse H.—m w 3		293	12.16
Hawkins, Mrs. J. M.—e 5		324	7.35
Hayden, Mrs. M. A.—e ½ 2		166	48.05
Hill, Mrs. Virginia B.—m pt 1		171	16.70
Hodges, R. W.—m 3 4 5		159	20.35
Holmes, Mrs. Carolina G.—	S e ¼ 3	170	28.53
Holmes, Ed H.—n w ¼ 2		200	5.50
Horowitz, Jacob, Jr.—	¼ e m 1 2 3	59	
	W m 1 2 pt 3	151	11.56
Horovitz, Jos.—e m 1		59	21.45
Huband, C. H.—w m pt 6		90	7.15
Huggins, Mrs. M. J.—w ½ 3		142	51.08
Hurst, Wm—m 1 2 pt 3		488	9.55
Irving, G. W.—n 3		92	6.80
Jarman, R H & wife—pt 2		210	18.49
Keathley, M. Ed—w end 5		522	3.85
King, W. W. Jr.—m 5		78	11.55
Klander, W. B.—pt 5 6		507	7.15
Knox, Ed—n e 6 e pt 5		498	5.22
Koch, W. F.—n w pt 4		280	14.50
Koch, W. W.—n e 1		180	35.75
Korb, C. W. B.—s e pt 2		146	11.48
LeGwin, J. H.—w m 1		321	6.60
Mathews, Jas. R.—s w ¼ 4		292	10.18
Matthis, Jesse T.—pt e 5		5	4.89
Miles, G. W.—m pt 2 3		52	11.48
Miles, Mrs. L. & others—	M 1 2 3 pt 4	493	22.48
Mintz, F. L.—s w 4		62	7.08
Moore, Mrs. Annie—n e ¼ 4	s e ¼ 3 s w ¼ 5	137	3.78
Moore, R. Bruce—	N e pt 1 2 m pt 2	20	
	S e 2	20	7.00
Morrison, Mrs. R. I. Gd—	½ int. 3	125	
	M 4 5	234	63.65
Morrison, Mrs. W.R.—n w ¼ 2		204	33.20
Murrell, W W—pt 6		4	
	W ½ 3	50	11.68
Mohr, T. H.—w m 5		237	16.50
McInnis, J. F.—pt s w ¼ 5		265	5.98
McMillan, Mrs. A. E—lot 24		529	1.58
Norfleet, E trustee—1 2		508	2.40
Norfleet, E.—e end 6 pt 5		512	5.50
Oldham, W. P.—w 4		127	24.95
Padrick, Eva J.—s e 5		51	8.25
Pelfer, Frank W—s w 2		117	15.62
Pickett, J. W.—n w ¼ 3		54	
	S w 2	54	10.93
Piner, W. A.—w end 1		38	
	E end 6	52	20.39
Prease, D. J.—w end 1		263	
	Pt 1	292	23.55
Prease, Mrs. Mary E.—	S w ¼ 2	292	7.35
Reaves, W. J.—e ½ 4		87	
	S w ¼ 4	56	
	S e ½ 2	87	53.95
Register, Mrs. F. M.—	E m pt w 6	17	5.15
Register, Jno. T.—n w ¼ 3		335	11.48
Register, W. H.—s e ¼ 2		117	16.70
Schleive, hrs Herman—	Pt w ½ 5	523	2.13
Scull, D. S. & wife—w pt 1 2		373	2.40
Sellers, J. C.—s w 6		17	13.75
Sellers, J. F.—w end 1		321	
	S w ¼ 2	323	
	E m 1 e pt 2 3	247	
	S. w ¼ 4	293	
	W m 5	321	
	W end 2 3 pt 4	321	
	Pt w end 4	321	
	Pt 2	321	78.99
Sexton, J. H.—w m 3		59	40.13
Sheppard, H. B.—pt e m 4 5 6		19	6.65
Simmons, Geo. C.—s e 4		50	6.60
Simon, W A—s w 2 pt 3		35	
	S e 2	70	14.78
Sinclair, D H—m 2		325	5.70
Singletary, G. C.—w ½ 1		10	2.68
Skipper, T. L.—pt 5 6		19	9.83
Smith, Rev. J. A.—e m 5		219	38.43
Stefano, J D—w m 5 6		92	13.69
Steljes, Albert—e 1 2 3		180	
	W end 1 2	161	73.15
Strauss, Jno. H.—n w ¼ 3		166	
	E 4 5	283	
	E 4 5	139	161.09
Surles, Mrs. E. M.—pt 3		346	17.53
Swann, Vrans—pt n w ¼ 3		76	12.30
Sidbury, K. C.—e m 2		45	
	S w pt 5 6	510	
	W m pt 1 2	161	
	Pt 1	47	41.85
Strosnider, C. F.—s w ¼ 4		82	3.78
Todd, L. B.—N e pt 4		92	17.05
Todd, E. A.—w end 6		92	
	W ½ 6 w 2-3 5	93	48.60
Turner, J. M. & E. J.—pt 1 2		206	39.05
Underwood, Mrs. U. A.—s e 3		143	10.93
Ward, A L—pt e m 5 6		74	7.98
Warren, E. D.—e end 1		104	23.59
Wenberg, Jas.—e 5		91	11.55
West, Mrs. Rebecca L.—	W m 1 2	180	
	S w ¼ 4	155	60.90
Williams, Mary M.—e 1 pt 2		20	4.05
Wilson, H. B. & Mary M.—	E m 1 2 pt 3	161	7.90
Winstead, A. S.—m e 1		291	
	E pt 6	48	24.71
Winstead, hrs. Mrs. E. R.—	E 3 4 5	184	
	E m 3	88	14.70
Wise, Sarah E.—e 5 6		67	5.15
Woebse, H H—e m 4 5		337	12.85
Woebse, Mrs. Margaret—	N m ¼ 4	325	5.98
Woebse, hrs. Wm. M.—w m 1		308	4.05
Woolard, Mrs. J. M.—s e 2		264	24.40
Wright, R. A.—w 1 2		81	
	W pt 1	127	35.70
Yopp, A T pt 6		20	
	N e pt 2	105	
	All	13	
	E m 5	207	
	W ½ 3 4	554	38.30
Yopp, Mrs. Katie M—e 3 4		133	15.80
Zellers, Fritz F.—pt e m 6		91	9.90

WILMINGTON TOWNSHIP. DELINQUENT.

Name	Description	Blk	Tax and Cost
Bagg, Misses M. E. & B. P.—	S w 2	168	45.86
Brooks, Jane A.—pt 3		84	5.70
Brown, Mrs. Alberta—w pt 1		18	5.70
Barber, J. T.—e m 5 6		20	10.26
Carter, L. J.—pt 3 4 5		484	23.30
Corbett, Mrs. Maude H.—	E end 6	71	15.60
Chappell, Kate & others—	E m 1 2 3	187	78.30
Cranmer, E. H., trustee—	M 5 6	84	4.06
Davis, D. M.—w ¼ 3		117	52.06
Dollar, Mrs. Susie D.—e ½ 1	W ½ 2	35	
Johnson, Mrs. A. M.—w 4		67	27.34
Johnson, Geo. T.—s w ¼ 4		94	14.50
Keel, Barbara A (negro)—	E pt 1 2	235	37.30
Mathis, J R—s w 4		284	3.50
Mercer, Mrs. A. J.—	E m 5 1-3 int	292	7.90
McMillan, Lena—E 3 4 5		178	75.56
McKoy, Mrs. Kate ⅞ W. B.—	E 1	200	34.30
Ozment, Mrs. Fairy—E 6		101	105.26
Petros, A. S.—pt 5		71	4.06
Reville, Mrs. Emma—n e 6 s e 5		24	2.96
Robbins, Winslow—pt 2		554	9.00
Robinson, J. J.—n w 4		286	2.40
Russell, Mrs. Lucretia—	int. pt 1 2	40	2.96
Swann, Roger C.—e 2 3		164	4.06
Sidbury, Mrs. E. G.—n e 4 5		485	19.60
Townsend, Louise—w m 4 5		243	7.36
Wright, R. A. ⅞ Co—e pt 2 3		200	27.70
West, Miss L. P.—w 2		202	177.30
Watson, T. A. Jr.—1 lot		180	105.26
		539	3.50

WILMINGTON TOWNSHIP. COLORED.

Name	Description	Blk	Tax and Cost
Albro, Louis—e m pt 4		498	6.32
Albro, Sarah—s e 5		541	3.66
Alexander, Rev. W. A.—	n e pt 1 2	65	5.15
Alston, Fred D.—s w 2		309	7.15
Andrews, Andrew J, n e ½ 1	S w 6	541	
		540	5.70
Austin, Julia—e m 2		134	4.30
Allen, Mary—s w 5		518	1.58
Bradshaw, Ida Hand—n e ½ 5		349	4.60
Bannerman, Jno. A.—s w 3		25	6.05
Barnes, Ed J.—w pt 1 2		149	7.20
Batts, John—n w 5 s w 2		540	10.18
Berry, Annie T.—w 5		239	3.78
Berry, Sarah J.—w m 4 pt 5		498	3.59
Best, Etta—e 6 pt 5		527	2.57
Biggs, Kate—e 1 2		92	9.28
Bishop, Elizabeth—m 1 2		238	11.20
Bishop, Ephraim Jr. ¾ wife—	W m 4 5	243	11.53
Blocker, Jas. H.—pt 1 2		34	7.43
Blount, C. Fanny—	E 1 e m 1 2 3	229	
	N m 3 4	175	9.48
Boone, Tom—m 5 6		98	
	W ½ 6	583	6.34
Bowen, J. P.—e 5		339	2.40
Bownes, Martha—e 4 5		281	14.50
Brown, Amelia—lot 21		522	1.85
Brown, James—e m pt 6		256	6.88
Brown, John & wife—	pt w end 1	40	3.78
Brown, Joseph—w 5 6		36	2.40
Brown, Julia—pt e m 4 5		24	2.40
Brown, Louanna—s w 2 n w 3		310	6.25
Brown, hrs. Thos		136	6.80
Bryan, Rachel A.—s w m m		308	4.05
Bryant, Hannah—w pt 3		186	4.33
Bryant, W M—n w 1-4 1		494	8.36
Bumpass, Samuel—n e pt 1		55	1.85
Burgwyan, Chas—e m 1		40	2.95
Burnett, J. F. & wife—w m 1		211	9.63
Burnes, Betty E—s e ¼ 3		253	3.50
Butler, Sphia H.—pt 1 2		93	12.53
Byrd, hrs. Richard—pt 1 2		338	3.78
Brown, Lena—½ int. e ½ 3		253	3.50
Clinton, Frank J—w end 1		493	7.15
Clinton, Henry L.—pt 1 2		488	3.78
Clinton, J. Sampson—e ½ 4		9	4.40
Cobb, Henry Z.—s e ¼ 4	N e 1	56	
	W m 1	241	15.80
Cobb, Willie—s w ¼ 4		204	9.98
Cole, Mary F.—s w 2		186	6.80
Collins, Maggie E.—e m 1		225	9.00
Collins, Wm. H.—w m 4 5		327	5.50
Connor, Mary A.—s e 1 e m 1		24	4.33
Corbett, hrs. Nancy—e end 1		211	5.70
Cowan, Hattie—w m 4 5		9	5.70
Davis, Cammie E.—e end 3		197	15.05
Davis, hrs. Elsie—s w ¼ 4		83	2.68
Davis, Fred—s w ¼ 4		523	3.85
Davis, Hester Ann—pt e end 2		309	7.90
Davis, Joe H.—w 2 3		350	4.60
Davis, John—s w pt 6	E ½ 3	40	
		56	4.80
Davis, J. Tillman—pt 4 5		529	1.05
Davis, Louis H.—s e ¼ 4		118	5.70
Davis, Lucy—n w pt 5		38	3.50
Davis, Lucy—n e ¼ 2		226	4.60
Dixon, Chas & wife—w 5 6		97	4.60
Dry, Wm—W e 1-4 E		540	3.85
Dunston, Priscilla—S e 1-4	5 pt 6	7	2.13
Eagles, Lucy A—N w 1-4 3		19	3.78
Edens, Maggie—W pt 3		186	7.90
Ewards, Thos.—E m 1 pt 2	W 5	295	
	N e 4	351	
	Lots 1 2 Love Grove	293	17.30
Ennett, Wm T.—w end 5		200	8.80
Evans, Annie C—w 1-2 3		196	12.80
Evans Edward—s e 1-8 1		502	4.24
Evans John R—pt n 2 3		503	4.40
Evans, Longella—w m 5		256	4.05
Evans, Maggie & D Barnett	E m 1 2 3 4 5	46	5.15
Evans, Moses—e 1 2		106	8.45
Everett, Josep'ne—pt e m 1 2		309	1.85
Everett, Stanley—pt 5 6		84	3.22
Fergest, John—w pt 3 4 5		229	5.78
Galloway, Simon—pt e m 4		498	4.68
Gallow'y, W A—w m 1 2		37	5.15
Garrison, AD s e 2		136	7.15
Gause, Ed S—pt w 1-2 1	e end 4 5	327	
		335	8.38
Gause, hrs. Lucrtia—n e 2		264	4.05
Gay, hrs. Amanda—s e 1-4 4		55	2.13
Grady, John—L 1 Love Grove		10	1.85
Grady, Z A—n w pt 6		69	5.00
Graham, Lula—m pt 1		254	4.05
Green, B G—e pt 2		527	1.85
Green, Hector—n w 1-4 5 s.	w pt 6	70	6.25
Gregg, Jno. W—pt s w end 2		522	1.85
Hall, Albert—w m e		280	9.08
Hill, Durinda—n w 1-4 2		241	5.43
Hall, hrs Jas. H—s w 1-4 2		200	3.50
Hall, hrs. J. D.—w m 5		241	5.43
Hall, Lilly G—n w 1-4 e		224	10.85
Hall, Mary—m 1		47	3.78
Hall, O D & hrs Mary J—s w	1-4 of pt s e 1-4 2	23	5.15
Hall, Richard—s w e n e 6		27	5.78
Hall, Sadie—pt w end 5		252	6.25
Hall, hrs. Thos. S—s e 2		53	1.85
Hankins, Cary D & Ella	Sheppard—w e 1-4 4	118	5.70
Harrell, Jas.—e m pt 1		502	5.06
Harris, hrs. B—e m 3		45	3.50
Hawkins, Louis—n e 1-4 4		255	5.43
Hawkins, hrs. Sallie—w pt 6		45	1.85
Hayes, Cornelius—e m 3 4 5	e m 1	229	
		347	7.90
Haynes, Will—L 8 Love Gve		3	3.58
Henderson, W H—s e 2		211	3.50
Henry, Susan—w 5		327	5.70
Hicks, Eliza—e m 1 2 pt 3		307	5.70
Hill, Chas H—w pt 2		186	6.60
Hall, Emanuel—e end 1 2		255	8.67
Hill, hrs. Julia—s w 1-4 3		23	2.95
Hill, Louis T—n e 1-4 3		226	8.25
Hill, Mamie—s w 1-8 2		238	10.65
Hill, M H—s w 1-4 2	E m 1	213	
	Pt w 1	118	
Hill, Mary M—w m 5	w m pt	225	16.23
Hines, David R—e m 5 6		309	
Hines, hrs. Saml.—n w 1-4 4		237	13.60
Hollingsworth, hrs Lurinia—	W 1	310	3.50
	E 1 2	224	
	S 1-2 2	306	
Holmes, Francis C—e m 1		263	45.15
Holmes, Matilda—n w 1-4 5		294	2.95
Hooper, Benj.—s e 1-4 2		527	1.58
Hooper, hrs. John—se e 1-4	N e 1-4	23	4.95
Howard, Andrew—n w 1-4 4	S w 1-4 3	23	7.98
Howard, Joe—L 1 Love Grove		19	2.68
Howard, Mary—E 4 5		4	5.61
Howe, Jos. A and Wife—pt 5		161	4.60
Hyman, hrs. Wm.—n w 1-4 4		328	6.33
Hall, Jno H—N e 1		82	2.95
Hollingsworth Sml L—e 1-2 3		252	12.10
Howard, Ida—n e 4		265	5.15
Hudson, H J—m pt 5 6		34	6.53
Jackson, Mary F & Nellie	Foreman—e 2 3	494	4.40
Jackson, hrs. W H—m 1		186	24.68
Johnson, Alex.—s e 1-4 3		33	3.22
Johnson, Dandy—w 1	E 1	55	7.15
Johnson, Hannah A—e 3 4		309	
Johnson, hrs. June M—	S w pt 3	277	10.41
Johnson, Lucius—pt e end 5		262	5.70
Jones, Albert—e m 1 2		310	3.50
Jones, Annie L—s w 1-4 4		239	13.20
Jones, Elijah—m 3 4		22	5.50
Jones, Frank—E 1 2		494	5.70
Jones, Henry L—n w 1-4 4		161	5.75
Jones, John—E 1 2		241	7.95
Jones, Jno. Stephen—e 5		27	6.88
Jones, Mary A—pt m 4		34	3.50
Judge, Willie—m 2		136	5.15
James, Hannah—we 1 2 pt 3		523	1.85
Kelly, Charles—e 5		292	4.24
Kelly, hrs. W H—s e 1-4 4		507	1.85
King, Cassie—pt n e 1-4 6		37	10.12
Kinsey, J H—pt 2		523	1.85
Knox, Ed—n e 6 pt e 5		310	3.78
Lane, Albert & wife—s e pt 6		498	5.22
Lane, hrs. Rbt. H—n w 1-8 2		36	9.24
LeBoo, hrs. Andrew—n e 1		238	13.20
LeBoo, Rachael—w m 1 1-8 5		496	1.85
Lee, Jno W & wife—pt 1	E m 1	106	4.60
Lee, Wm.—w 1-2 1		240	8.12
Leonard, Geo.—s w 1-4 5		531	4.16
Leonard, Mary A—w 1	N e 1-4 5	119	6.25
Leonard, Thos.—L 14 Love	Grove	50	5.08
Lewis, Martha—1-2 int e m 1		518	
Lewis, Rosa—1-2 int m 1		18	3.85
Livingstone, Sam—s e 1-4 4	W 1-2 4	280	4.05
Loftin, Major—w pt 3		98	9.55
Loftin, hrs. Mrs. M H—w m	Pt 1 2 3	511	3.50
Lovick, hrs. T H—s w 1-4 2		92	10.48
Lowe, Jesse F—s e 1-4 5		70	2.13
Mack, W H—L 9 Love Grove		22	5.78
Mallett, Jno. E—e m 1		6	2.95
Manley, Carolina—s e 1 e	w 3	237	4.60
Martin, Jas. E—n e pt 3		492	2.40
Merrick, Caroline—n e e 5		268	6.60
Merrick, Margaret E—s m 5		53	4.33
Miller, E V—L8 Love Grove		252	5.15
Miller, Hardy—pt e m 5		4	6.33
Mitchell, J W—pt w end 6		269	4.60
Moore, Chas. H—L 12 Love	Grove	36	6.28
Moore, Henry & wife—n e	T n e pt 6	18	4.07
Moore, Henry H & wife—	W 2 3	162	9.55
Moore, Jackson P—w 5		161	5.70
Moore, John A—s e 4		23	6.60
Moore, Lavinia—s e 1-4 4		150	2.95
Moore, W H agt for P W	Lawrence—s e 1-4 5	518	1.58
Moore, Rev. W H—w end 6	M pt. 1 2 3 pt 4	239	
	E end 4 5 6	5	
Moseley, hrs. July—w 1 2		508	15.09
Moseley, Rosa A—w end 1		222	3.50
Murray, GW—w m 4 5		482	6.80
Murrell, Martin—n e 1-4 4		282	5.70
Moore, W F—pt 1 pt 1 2		502	6.60
McClammy, Wilson—pt e 1		70	4.40
McDonald, Mrs. Reuben—w	M 4	502	6.05
McFarland, James—n e 1-4 2		308	4.33
McIntyre, A—n e pt 5		55	5.15
		69	4.03

WILMINGTON TOWNSHIP. DELINQUENT

Name	Description	Blk	Tax and Cost
Devane, Thos H—n w 2		498	6.80
Dickinson, Hester Ann—	N e pt 2	22	570
Drake, Eliza—e m 6		45	6.80
Fuller, Lula—m pt 4 5		503	
	N w 1-4 3	527	3.16
Fonville, Emma—Lot 11	Love Grove	6	1.86
Hawes, John—pt w 1-2 3 pt	W m 4	351	2.95
Meares, Miley—w m 1-3 4		238	4.06
Moseley, Wm & wife—Lot 8	Love Grove	10	2.41
Stanford, Margaret—n w 4		255	15.60
Sullivan, Simon S—s w 1-4 5		12	2.96

WILMINGTON TOWNSHIP CORPORATIONS

Name	Description	Blk	Cost and Tax
Fidelity Trust & Dev. Co—	W 3 4 5	203	
	S e 1-4 4	502	358.41
Germania Mfg. Co—All		1	
Hanover Realty Co—Lot11	Love Grove	534	248.50
Waverly Furniture Co—w m s		12	13.44
		58	15.92

CAPE FEAR TOWNSHIP. WHITE.

Name	Description	acs	Tax and Cost
Austin, F. V.—farm 80	Castle Hayne	10	2.40
Beebe, David—Blue Clay		300	12.30
Eilers, A. F.—pt Schnibben	Pt. Gregerson	8 1-4	
		7 1-2	15.30
Kerr, Colon—pt Hamper		167.22	31.19
Koch, W. W.—adj Hilton Bdg		3	45.30
Liles, Jno. W.—Rivenbark			
McLaughlin, Zeph—n e 1-4	3 4	70	5.61
McLaughlin, Robt—14	M 5 6	527	
McMillan, Wesley—n w 1-4 3		67	5.42
McMillan, Wm.—e m 6	S w 2	41	4.95
Nelson, Josephine—L n han	aon Heights	40	
Newkirk, M.D.—s w 1-4 2		41	5.98
Nixon, Bertha—pt 1		527	1.58
Nixon, Dora—N pt 3 4 5		257	9.57
Norman, Henry—pt w 2 3		175	10.55
Norman Jane—n w pt 5		5	5.78
Norman, Rebecca McKoy—	s e 1-4 3	252	2.40
Parker, Ben—pt n w end 2	e end 1 pt 2	36	9.55
Patterson, Chas—n e 1-4—	5 pt 5	531	
Peaden, Mildred G—s w by n	W 1-4 4	55	3.70
Phillips Maggie E—e 1		55	2.95
Pierce, Andrew—e pt 6		350	2.95
Pierce Geo. & wife—11		240	5.11
Pittman F Addie—e m 3 4 5		39	2.40
Price Carrie—w e s w 1		527	4.18
Price, Ethel D A B—w 5		188	12.53
Price Jas. H—s e 3		282	7.35
Quince Rachel—s e pt 4		280	21.10
Reddy Henry—e m 5 6		240	8.25
Redman Julia D—n w 1-8 2		105	7.90
Reise hrs. Sam—s e end		59	4.88
Rhoe John H—8 Love Grove	16 Love Grove	300	2.13
Roberts John D—w 1-2 1		12	2.60
Robinson Joseph J—s w 1-4 4	n w 1-4	148	6.96
Rogers Stephen—pt n w 1 2		40	8.45
Russ Sarah Jane—p t w c		329	6.88
Richardson Charles—		135	4.05
Russell Empie—pt 1		149	15.40
Russ William Jr.—pt w 4 5		502	3.85
Richardson John M—w pt 1		349	4.95
Sampson Alex—w m 1 2		324	13.75
Sanders Sam. & wife—s w	1-4 5	81	4.60
Sharp, Est. Jas. S.—w 3 4		549	3.85
Shpeard Charles—n w 6 w 6		161	7.30
Sheridan W B—e m 1		149	11.00
Singletary May E—e m pt 2		80	8.45
Sloan Edw—n e 1-8 3		148	1.85
Smith Comfort—n e 6		309	5.78
Smith C H—pt 6 6 1-2		149	4.05
Smith Dimiel—pt 1		490	4.13
Smith Han. D M—w m	N w 2	551	2.13
Smith James H et al—pt	W m 2	281	4.60
Smith John C—n w 1-4 4		281	4.89
Smith Nancy—pt 4 6		291	4.33
Sneed, Decater—e end 3 e	m 4	4	2.95
Spicer Isaac—E 1	N w 1-4 4	296	
Spicer, Minnie—w m 1 2		230	24.33
Spicer, Thos.—pt w end		847	3.22
Stewart, John A—n w 1-4 3		527	2.13
Stewart, Martha—s e 1-8 3		39	2.95
Stroud, Rev. A—n e 1-4 1	All 3	541	4.68
Suggs, Richard—s e m 1-8 4		540	4.33
Sullivan Abbie—w 1		69	21.57
Sweet, Carolina—w 2 3		119	2.95
Thomas, hrs. John—E 2 3		294	6.25
Tucker, Susan— e m 2		266	10.10
Underwood, Lazarus—	S e 1-8 3	325	5.70
Waddell, Sophia F—pt w m 1		225	3.78
Wade, Ella J—e end pt w4		7	5.15
Wade hrs. Maria—e m 1-8 3		256	3.50
Walker, David—n w pt 6		162	8.45
Walker, hrs. Margaret—	S w pt 4 5	80	1.85
Walker, hrs. Sallie—w 4		522	3.85
Wall, Thos—w 1-2 2 3	pt 6 6 1-2	337	2.68
Wallace, Wm—e 5		304	5.43

DIXMUDE A PLACE OF DEATH
ITS DESTRUCTION DESCRIBED

Grave of An Old Culture More Touching Than Any City of the Antique World Unearthed After Thousands of Years, for Here One Sees Everywhere Mementoes of Men Still Living.

Berlin, Feb. 3. — William Scheuermann, one of the best known of the German war correspondents, has recently visited Dixmude, which has become famous through the heavy fighting around it in October and November, resulting finally in its capture by the Germans. He writes as follows:

"The enemy greets any and every movement along the road to Dixmude with a prodigious rapid fire. For more than a mile this road runs parallel to the French trenches, 400 yards distant. In order to present as unfavorable targets as possible we broke up our party into a long chain, with intervals of some twenty paces between each two men. Often, too, when the rapid fire grew too hot we had to go forward by jumping from one tree to the next, although these were not large and had been mostly shot off by the artillery. They afforded little protection, and besides, the numerous branches strewn in the road were a great hindrance to our progress. Each of us looked back frequently to see if his rear man was still unhurt. Thus we approached Dixmude, till we finally gathered in a bunch for a moment near the ruined railway station; for here was the most dangerous point in our journey. The crossing is peculiarly exposed to the French fire. At their intrenchments the French have set up a number of rifles exactly tried out and aimed for this bit of ground, and they fire these whenever any living thing shows itself here.

"Every one of us saw to it that he got over this uncanny bit of ground as fast as possible. One after the other, we skipped across the embankment like squirrels, more bent upon making good speed than by cutting a dignified figure. We got across safely and soon had the protection of the ruined walls of the houses.

"Dixmude presents a picture of destruction such as I had not regarded possible, notwithstanding all that I have seen in this war. No house here has escaped, and many quarters of the town are heaps of ruins in which it is no longer possible to distinguish where the streets had been. The large market square is strewn with shells, and in order to reach the point where the beautiful Town Hall and the parish church of St. Nicholas used to stand, one has to pick one's way among deep holes gouged into the pavement by the heavy shells. The church is still to be recognized from an arch in the wall and a piece of the apex. But inside the debris lies as high as a man's head.

"Dixmude is dead, the grave of an old culture more touching than any city of the antique world unearthed after thousands of years; for here one sees everywhere mementoes of men still living, whose household goods are scattered in the streets, and whose most precious belongings, half-charred, are rotting away in the rain.

"I got some idea of the loss from an examination of the archives which I discovered half buried among the ruins of the Town Hall. Manuscripts on fine old hand-made paper and parchment, reaching far back into the Middle Ages, lay there, singed, torn and thrown topsy turvy by exploding shells, being ruined by rain. There was correspondence from the beginning of the Fifteenth Century, carried on in German between a merchant in Calais and the city government of Dixmude. There lay the minutes and other documents of the city government of Dixmude from the time when the Hanseatic League was in the high-tide of prosperity, financial accounts reaching back into the Fourteenth century, manuscripts of humanistic learning, scientific treasures of an important and fascinating character. But gladly as one would have lost one's self with these discoveries, this was manifestly not the moment to become absorbed in them; for the enemy's fire was directed without interruption at the market square and the former Town Hall, and at any moment these tottering walls might fall.

"No human being was at first to be seen in the ruined streets. And yet there was much life in the city—but underground. Hundreds of eyes were watching us while we were wandering about. At times a sentinel would emerge suddenly from a jumble of timbers and stones to warn us not to cross certain streets, for there are stretches of ground in this desolated town that are swept by the enemy's rifles so incessantly and with such a hail of bullets that it is sure death to try to cross them.

"Again we stopped before one of those confused heaps of ruins. Here were the headquarters of the German commandant. Forbidding as the pile looked from the outside, it was comfortable enough inside. It was some rich man's house, about three-fourths of its height left standing, and its rooms on the ground floor being left intact. Sand bags and earth have been laid upon the debris covering the upper floors, and this made the lower rooms secure against exploding shells. Candles and lamps shed a mild and peaceful light in the rooms—a light that set off finely the century-old splendor of the costly furniture that had been brought in from other ruined houses. There were inlaid Flemish wardrobes in rococo style, used here to support the ceiling; there were small mahogany tables in Empire style, with gilt ornaments in bronze. The coffee percolator was humming. An ancient clock chimed at the end of every hour the same choral: 'Only Submit to the Will of God.' But open the door and let in the gray daylight and you hear the enemy's rifle bullets pattering against the walls, incessant, and yet so vicious.

"A tunnel, partly underground, and partly broken through the walls of rooms and houses, leads up to the artillery observation stand. From here we overlooked the battle ground. The hostile trenches lie very close to each other, at one point not more than 30 yards. The river Yser, now carrying high water, constitutes the dividing line here. On the other side we could see the French, mostly marines, moving about in their trenches rather carelessly—what they might well do, as we were not answering their wild fusillade.

"I have now seen trenches all along the western front, from the Swiss border to the North Sea; but I have nowhere seen such trenches as these along the Yser here. The ditches are cut considerably below the water level of the river, and the result is that they are constantly filled with water. They are cut, not into earth, but into fully saturated mud, and water is all the time collecting in them. Hence the bottoms are covered with brush, under which brooklets can be heard babbling, yet without awakening any poetic sentiments in the midst of this perpetual rifle fire. At intervals sinks are dug in which the water collects and men are kept busy day and night dipping it out.

"I went forward into our most advanced trenches, and what I learned there is well worth telling. Men living under conditions the most uncomfortable that can be imagined, yet laughing over all the discomforts of the war, and cherishing only the one wish that the inaction imposed upon them by a wise strategy may soon come to an end and that they may be allowed to attack the enemy that has been lying before them for weeks. At the same time French corpses are still lying unburied before our positions, left there from the repeated attacks that failed after frightful losses for the enemy. Lifting one's head cautiously for a moment above the edge of our trench, one sees piles of silent dead men with blackened faces lying out there in blue French overcoats. It is a horrible sight, but owing to the incessant fire of the enemy, it is impossible to give burial to these bodies.

"As I was returning from the trenches through a queer tunnel, like the burrow of a mole—passing under streets and houses, through cellars, rooms and kitchens, and once even under a dripping sewer—the enemy prepared for us a surprise that did not come wholly unexpected. He began to bombard the ruins of Dixmude with heavy artillery. The first shell struck into a heap of ruins quite near us, and made a noise as if the world was coming to an end. 'Every man in the bombproofs' was commanded, and several officers pulled me along with them into the subterranean dwelling of the commandant. For three hours we remained there, listening to the noise, and expecting every moment that a shell would strike right over us. Once the very earth trembled; the adjoining house had been struck, came down with a crash above our heads. 'Now,' said the commandant, as another shell struck; 'Now,' at one time nearer to us, at another further away. And through it all the old Flemish clock was chiming out the hours with its choral of submission to the will of God on high.

"Since prudence is the better part of valor, and it was uncertain how long the bombardment would continue, we finally left Dixmude in the midst of it. To the left and to the right shells were dropping and walls were falling with a crash."

WITH WOMEN'S CLUBS OF NORTH CAROLINA

Issued by Publicity Department, State Federation.

Mrs. Palmer Jerman, Chm.

To the Literary Clubs of the North Carolina Federation:—

Allow me to call your attention again to the contests in the Literary Clubs of the State in poetry, short story writing and research work. Ther are no limitations in subjects in poetry and stories, quality is the point. In the various clubs in the State there must be many papers very much worth while in history, literary history, travel, biography, etc.—compiled with great care by the women working in these clubs. Be sure to let me have them. We hope for at least one representative in these contests from each club. Send material, typed, not later than March 1st, to Mrs. Z. B. Vance, Box 673, New Bern, N. C.

In order to know what study is going on in the literary clubs, I am asking again for programs of your 1914-15 work. I have two thus far from the sixty or more clubs in the State.

Also your chairman of literature is quite anxious to be of assistance in making out your programmes for another year. If you wish any suggestions write me a full account of your club, and just what sort of work you wish to do and it will give me great pleasure to do what I can by way of suggestion. 'I have programs prepared on "Four Italian Cities," and "Introductory Year with Robert Browning", also a "Second Year with Robert Browning". Am working on other programs which I hope to have ready in a few weeks. A program made out along suggestive lines which you may cut or fill out to fit your own particular needs will be of most service, I am sure. Such will be furnished any club upon application to and correspondence with your chairman of literature.

I want to impress upon the clubs that are pursuing literary topics, that such work is indeed very important, not only to the individuals who are doing the work, but often out of study clubs there arise opportunities for work for others. Genuine self improvement always means work for others. Remember that it was from little groups of women gathered together for self improvement and a cup of tea that many of these wonderfully helpful departments of work for others had their births. There must be something that warms the heart, stirs the brain, and calls forth the highest type of service in the sincere contemplation of pure literature. For out of this sort of work, often crude it is true, but always genuine in aspiration for higher things, there have come the altruistic movements that occupy so much of the attention of all of us at the present time. While we are killing the flies and mosquitoes, cleaning up the towns and making all of them Cities beautiful, lets not forget to spend more time at the fountain head, let us not forget to give ourselves with an open mind and genuine zeal to the intelligent study of "the best that has been thought and said in the world".

With keenest interest in the forward movement of all the study clubs of the Federation, I am,

Sincerely,

MARY HENDREN VANCE,
State Chairman of Literature,
N. C. Federation.

POINTED PUNGENT AND PERTINENT PARAGRAPHS

Champ Clark Champions River and Harbor Work.

Says We Have Got to Improve the Waterways, as a Matter of Necessity, or Double and Quadruple Track the Railroads.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 10. — "God Almighty in His infinite wisdom and goodness has given us the most magnificent system of waterways that was ever vouchsafed to any people in the history of the world, and we have been more negligent in improving and using them than any other civilized people on the face of the globe." It was "The Speaker" speaking—Champ Clark, as he is familiarly known, from one end of the country to the other, who has been a member of the House of Representatives for twenty years, was Speaker of the Sixty-Second Congress, is Speaker of the Sixty-Third, and will be the Speaker of the Sixty-Fourth as well.

"Of course I am in favor of improving our rivers and harbors," continued the Speaker. "No man who wasn't could represent my constituents, for my district skirts the Mississippi for 160 miles, and straddles the Missouri for 170 more. But that is not the only reason, nor even the most important reason, why I am interested in waterways, for I consider that the conservation, improvement and development of our natural resources—affecting as it does not only ourselves but our children to the remotest generation—is the greatest problem before the American people.

"I have asserted time and again, both in Congress and out of it, that it would be a profitable investment for the American people to make these rivers navigable, in fact if there never was another passenger or pound of freight carried over them, because they would regulate the freight rates. But I do not believe that there will be any lack of passengers or freight to use them when they are improved, nor do I believe that their improvement will injure the railroads in the long run. If we ever make these rivers navigable, here is what will happen: The heavy freight, the stuff that is not perishable immediately, will be carried by the boats, and the perishable freight and the passengers, most of them, will be carried on the railroads.

"A man who has traveled over this country as much as I have in the last twenty years, knows that one of these two things must happen: Either the railroads have got to double track or quadruple track their roads, or the rivers have got to be made navigable, if the freight of this country is to be carried. The United States has not completed its growth—it is still in its infancy. This nation is not finished, it has hardly been begun. The principal trouble of the railroads today is not so much tracks as terminals, and the time is coming when the railroads, no matter how many tracks they have will not be able to do the business.

"We are inclined to boast of the 91,000,000 people which we had at the time of the last census, or the 100,000,000 which we probably have today, but let us take a little look into the future. Until a short time ago the farmers of this country were trying to spread themselves out over as many acres as possible. Now they are beginning to see that what they have got to do is to go down into the soil and get as much out of every acre as possible. Some years ago James Wilson, of Iowa, who for sixteen years was Secretary of Agriculture, made a speech in which he said that if the Mississippi Valley were cultivated for all it is worth, each acre on the average would sustain one human being. Do you know how many people that would give us? It would give up 1,250,000,000 people between the top of the Rockies and the crest of the Alleghenies.

"During the twenty years that I have been in Congress a good many Rivers and Harbors bills have been passed, and every one of them has been derided and denounced and called a "Pork Barrel."

"If there ever was a time when that epithet applied to river and harbor legislation, that time has passed. The chief trouble in the past has been not that too much money was appropriated for river and harbor work, but too little; and the appropriations came too far apart. The old policy of river and harbor appropriations, biennially, or at even longer intervals, was a serious mistake. The intervening years without appropriations by Congress, witnessed the might of the waters undoing the work done under previous appropriations. Since its commencement five years ago, the wisdom of the policy of annual appropriations for rivers and harbors has been convincingly demonstrated and completely justified.

"The Rivers and Harbors bill which recently passed the House, and is now pending in the Senate, makes appropriations for no new projects and carries a total of only $34,000,000, in round numbers. Economy was probably necessary this year, under existing conditions, but in ordinary times the $50,000,000 annually asked for by the National Rivers and Harbors Congress ought to be the minimum, instead of the maximum amount expended until our waterways and harbors have been adequately improved.

"The people of the Mississippi valley believe in improving the waterways and harbors in all parts of the United States, and are willing to help the people in other parts of the country get this improvement if they will treat us fairly in return, but they realize that the improvement of their own rivers is vital to their prosperity, and I believe that I represent the sentiment of the people in the Mississippi valley when I say that we propose to see that this is done. The time is coming, and it is not very far distant, either, when the Mississippi valley will control the nation. When we set out to improve and utilize our rivers, the pert paragraphs perpetrated by the provincial-minded editors of the metropolitan newspapers of the East will have about as much effect in stopping us as a straw stack would in damming the Mississippi in time of flood."

Which goes to show that the Honorable Champ Clark, who was once the editor of a country weekly, has not lost the ability to produce some pointed, pungent and pertinent paragraphs himself.

SALE OF LAND

(Continued From Page Ten.)

Name	Description	Blk	Tax and Cost
	ville Beach		231.84
Waverly Fur Co.—Lots 12, 23, 24 W P Heights		F	2.54

MASONBORO TOWNSHIP WHITE

Name	Description	acs	Tax and Cost
Alderman, Mrs. B F—Lt 20 Lakeside			1.96
Belassang G—Pervines Creek		60	3.50
Ballard, Bery—L 64-65 Lakeside			2.62
Bannerman, Mrs. A K—L 79 Lakeside			1.96
Bannerman, J. K.—l 78 Lakeside			1.96
Baskins, A L—L 83 82 Lakeside			2.62
Beery, hrs. Annie—Silver Lake		500	10.10
Birmingham, J C—347 Lakeside			1.96
Bradshaw, Brice & Brice—Near Greenfield		6 3-4	3.50
Brock, P W—L 10-11 Lakeside			2.62
Cannon W A—L 18-21 Sunset Park		14	40.90
Carter & Brice—Greenfield		200	
Greenfield		151	9.50
Chadwick D N Jr—L 1 2 7 Sunset		2	
3 Sunset		4	44.37
Chadwick C R—Lakeside		99	2.40
Chadwick Rufus E—L 109 Lakeside			1.96
Clemmons W J—H & L So 3			25.85
Copperberg H L—L 4 Lakeside			1.96
Craig, hrs E T—adj Fergus		9	3.50
Craig hrs. S G—adj Fergus.		9	3.50
Creswell E.F.—L 23 29 50 Lakeside			3.28
Davis Miss F M—Lts 43 44 35 Lakeside			2.62
Dobbs, Mrs. J E—Lts 35 53 56 Lakeside			2.62
Elam C S—Lts 73 74 75 Lakeside			2.28
Farrow, hrs Benj—Pervines Creek		50	5.70
George E—Lts 289 290 Lakeside			2.62
Grant R O or W F—Lots 17, 18 10 1-2 Greenfield Terrace		B	17.80
Hanby John H—adj Helvin		2	1.85
Hanby hrs. JH—Simons Hill		130	21.10
Herndon Dr W T—Lts 86, 87 Lakeside			2.62
Hines N J—L 20 200 Lakeside			2.62
Hines, Jas. A.—pt Riley		4	7.74
Hodges W M—adj Hollis		1	2.41
Horne Owen—pt Grissom		120	9.90
Jenkins R L—Lts 157 158 Lakeside			2.62
Johnson, Mrs. Mary—Lot 28 Sea Breeze		F	2.61
Koonce & Greer—adj Gore		60	7.90
Jason, J W—Lts 80 81 92 93 Lakeside			2.94
Mastoralis Jas.—Lt 64 Lakeside			1.96
Meier Frank C—Lts 8 9 Sea Breeze			2.40
Messick Stell—Lt 1 Sunset		8	16.70
Montford G C—pt Montford		30 3-4	9.55
McKoy, Mrs. M.Y.—pt Anderson		195	9.00
McNeal J G—Lts 9 22 Sunset			18.90
Orrell L B—Lt Greenfield Terrace			21.89
Pfeiffer, F.W.—Lt 19 Lakeside			1.96
Piner, W.A.—pt W.A.Piner Lts 1 2 Gr'field Ter		1-2 F	4.80
Pistolis J G—Lt 25 Lakeside			1.96
Propose A—Lts 111, 112 113 114 115 Lakeside			3.50
Rea E H—Lts 401 402 Lakeside			2.62
Rhodes L A—pt Fergus		3	2.69
Saffo Peter B—L 3 Lakeside			1.96
Sheppard HB—adj Pinis		9	4.05
Shoemaker W W—Lts 88 89 Lakeside Park			2.62
Short L C—Lts 316 317 Lakeside Park			2.62
Simon, G. J.—lt 296 Lakeside Park			1.96
Stanley C L—Lt 297 Lakeside			196
Stokely E W—pt Beery		1	3.66
Terry, R.B.—237 lt Lakeside			1.96
Week G E—Lts 156 157 262 Lakeside Park			2.62
White, T.C.—lt adj Martendale		6 3-4	2.95
Winstead A S—adj Hollis		40	2.95
Wright R A—Lts 15 16 Sunset Park		1	5.20
Wyatt B F—L 135 136 Lakeside Park			2.62

MASONBORO TOWNSHIP. COLORED

Name	Description	acs	Tax and Cost
Burnett G W—Roderick Tct		47	4.16
Chadbourn hrs. Emma—adj. Davis		4	3.50
Evans Noble—adj Williams		1-4	3.52
King Arthur & James—adj J King		1-4	1.41
King J or R—adj Evans		1-4	2.63
Livingston Jas—Masonboro Road		20	5.85
McKenkie hrs. Sophie—adj Brabham		5	2.40
Robinson Calhoun—adj Jordan		1-4	1.58
Scott Ben—adj Rodence		16	2.40
Smith hrs. Joseph—adj Steljes		82	6.80
Taylor Emma—adj Jordan		1-2	1.46
Walker Ottemore—adj River		122 1-2	11.66

MASONBORO TOWNSHIP. DELINQUENTS

Name	Description	acs	Tax and Cost
Brghut David—Bates Place		10	4.60
Chestnutt Agnes—Lts 211 212 Lakeside Park			3.94
Cleveland Jno—Lt 28 Lakeside Park			3.94
Davis Clarence K—Lts 25 26 Greenfield Terrace		B	26.50
Dickerson Ben—pt Davis Tct		25	3.50
Flowers Jno—Jumping Run		10	3.50

ODDS AND ENDS

That have accumulated in our big fifteen days sale (which closed Saturday night) will be disposed of at far less than the actual cost of the raw material. During the next week we will continue our Special Sale prices in many departments.

Monday, from 10 to 11 A. M., we will sell "Fruit of the Loom" Bleached Domestic, per yard ... **7 1-2c**

Monday, at 3:30 P. M., we will sell Ladies' 50c Muslin Gowns, limit, 3 to a coustomer, each **19c**

Monday, at 4:00 P. M., we will sell Children's Dresses, well made and neatly trimmed, each **19c**

Tuesday, at 4:00 P. M., we will sell one lot of Silks, 36 inches wide and worth $1.00 a yard, for 15 minutes per yard **39c**

FREE! FREE!! We will give a nice Suit Case Free with every Man's Suit purchased that amounts to $6.50 or more. This offer holds good for the entire week.

ALL MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS AT HALF PRICE

A FEW SPECIAL BARGAINS PICKED UP AT RANDOM.

All Wool Serge, 36 inches wide; Sale Price, per yard ... .35c

75c All Wool Serge 39c

50c Whip Cord and Diagonals ..39c

25c Suitings, per yard ... .19c

35c Figured Poplin 21c

10c Percale, Madras and Waistings; Sale Price 8½c

Toile Du Norde Dress Ginghams; Sale Price 11c

50c Bleached Sheets, extra large size, each 39c

Pillow Cases, each 8c

10c Pebble Huck Towels, each ..7c

12½c Turkish Bath Towels, each 8c

Best Feather Bed Ticking, per yard 16c

Ladies' and Misses' COAT SUITS ---AND--- COATS ---AT--- HALF PRICE

15c Pillow Cases 11c

$1.25 White Counterpanes, each 89c

Special Values are being offered in Lace Curtains. Don't fail to see them.

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

$1.50 Coat Sweaters, each 89c

Men's extra heavy Jersey Shirts, each 39c

Men's 50c Work Shirts, each ..39c

Men's 50c Heavy Fleece Lined and Ribbed Underwear, per garment, only 39c

Men's $3.00 Hats; Sale Price ..$2.29

Men's and Boys' Suits at Half Price.

Special lot of Men's Hats; values up to $2.50; to be closed out at, each 69c

$1.00 to $1.25 Wright's Health Underwear; per garment 79c

Men's and Boys' Pants at Bargain Prices.

Our Stock of New Spring Goods is Arriving Daily. Watch Our Show Windows for Some Real Bargains.

J. W. H. Fuchs' Department Store

28 to 30 South Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Name	Description	acs	Tax and Cost
Hill Mollie E—Lt 6 Oakside Park			1.86
Holloway Bills—Lt 8 Oakside Park			1.86
Howard Evalin Trustee—Lt 6 Oakside Park		20	1.86
Ming Stanley—pt Davis		200	6.80
Lamprose J J—Lots 1 2 3 Lakeside Park			5.26
Moore May C—Lts 355 356 Lakeside Park			3.04
Moore, W. H.—Blk 23, lot 3 Oakside Park			18.50
Owens, Thos E.—Blk 3, lot 16, Sunset Park			5.70
Price, Maggie—adj G.Rhodes		5	1.86
Ray, N. A.—Blk 31 lt 3, Oakside Park			1.86
Sneed, M. Hector—adj Davis.		10	12.30
Ward, Geo.—pt Jno.Flowers.		10	3.50
Weeks, C. D.—Blk 4, lot 20 Sunset Park			5.70

MASONBORO TOWNSHIP. CORPORATIONS.

Name	Description	acs	Tax and Cost
Fidelity Trust & Development Co.—Sunset Park		40	
Sunset Park		8	
Oakside Park		322	53.75
Godfrey Hart Tract		73	
J. B. Piner tract		387 1-2	12.62
Southern Realty & Dev. Co.—Lakeside Park		66	
Pt. Davis		8 1-2	17.97
Myrtle Grove Bldg & Trust Co.—adj Mary Bryant.		1	
Adj H. M. Freeman		320	7.26

U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, Wilmington, N. C., Office of Custodian, Feb. 13, 1915. Sealed proposals will be received at this building until 2 o'clock P. M., February 27, 1915, and then opened, for furnishing gas, water, ice, and miscellaneous supplies, and washing towels during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916. Sealed proposals will also be received until 2 o'clock P. M., April 5, 1915, and then opened, for 8 tons anthracite coal and 1 cord wood. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved by the Treasury Department. Walker Taylor, Custodian. fe14,21-2t

"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine"

Repair Now! New Parts in Iron, Steel, Brass and Aluminum. WE Can Do It, Cheaper, Quicker and Better Than We've Ever Done Before.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

'PHONE 213. Surrey and Church Streets

WAYNE FARMER PAYS FOR "WALLOPING" THE PRINCIPAL

Because the Latter Whipped His 16-Year-Old Son—Costs Him $54.

(Special Star Corresponding.)

Goldsboro, N. C., Feb. 13.—A trial which created a great deal of interest, and which was largely attended by a delegation of representative citizens from Grantham township, as well as a large number of witnesses, was held before Justice of the Peace J. W. Thompson this week. The case grew out of an assault upon Mr. D. G. Kelly, principal of the Falling Creek High school, by Mr. C. C. Blackman, a prominent farmer of that township.

The trouble was caused by Mr. Kelly whipping Murray, the 16-year-old son of Mr. Blackman, who in turn proceeded to wallop the principal. Mr. Blackman was indicted by the board of education.

After hearing the evidence, Mr. Blackman having entered a submission, Justice Thompson imposed upon him a fine for $25 and cost. Mr. Blackman was also indicted for assault with a deadly weapon, but when the case came up for trial in the Recorder's court, Judge Bland having learned that he had already been fined in the magistrate's court, suspended judgment upon payment of the cost. The cost and the fine in both cases amounted to $53.95.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

Whenever you feel a cold coming on, think of the full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. Grove on box. 25c.

(advertisement.)

HAVE DARK HAIR AND LOOK YOUNG

Don't Stay Gray! Nobody Can Tell When You Darken Gray, Faded Hair With Sage Tea and Sulphur.

Grandmother kept her hair beautifully darkened, glossy and abundant with a brew of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Whenever her hair fell out or took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect. By asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe, ready to use, for about 50 cents. This simple mixture can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair, and is splendid for dandruff, dry, itchy scalp and falling hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says everybody uses Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur, because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied—it's so easy to use, too. You simply dampen a comb or soft brush and draw it through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, it is restored to its natural color and looks glossy, soft and abundant.

THEATRICAL

The first week of the re-opening of Wilmington's handsomest and most modern amusement resort, the Victoria Theatre, was undoubtedly a big success. The big audiences that daily crowded the theatre and, best of all, their immense delight, attested as nothing else could that at last the Victoria has struck the popular fancy. Its season of tabloid musical comedy, something that will please all, tickling the little folks, proving of especial charm to the ladies and greatly delighting the men, can therefore be said to be a go. Following up its success of last week, Manager Little, of the Victoria, will present something even finer in the way of a musical attraction. This week he will offer the well known attraction, Follette and Wicks and their Victoria Girls. It is one of the best known of all attractions that dish up mirth and melody and it has a repertoire that will particularly please the folks of Wilmington.

The company will open its engagement at matinee tomorrow afternoon, beginning at 3:30 o'clock, to be followed by two performances at night. The opening musical comedy is going to be a great one for music and for laughter. It will be "Schultz's Cabaret". As its title indicates it bristles with good comedy and sparkles with the very latest musical numbers, which are prevented, too, by a well drilled and well trained chorus. Besides all this two reels of the latest and funniest of movies are presented.

Exclusive Bijou Features.

Another week of history for Wilmington's favorite amusement center! The big, exclusive offerings just pile on top of each other now-a-days at the Bijou and every week seems even bigger than the one before. Tomorrow ushers in another week that bids fair to rival even last week's big brand of bills, headed tomorrow by

Billie Ritchie in "After Her Millions."

This is the big production that Billie has been working over time on for the past few weeks and at last it is here. Three full rousing reels of Billie! It will take a good strong constitution to stand all of it, for it's the most uproariously funny production that the world has ever witnessed on the screen—or anywhere else. Fire escape chases, auto speed carnivals, hotel bedroom escapades and corridor calamities ramble galore throughout the entire three reels, with a side-splitting scream in every screen. Tuesday brings

That Keystone Feature

That comes once every two weeks, a two-reel comedy scream, "His Prehistoric Past" in which Charles Chaplin justifies his reputation as a funmaking comedian. You've seen him with Mabel Normand—last Monday for instance. He's the greatest comedian that ever strutted before a screen, barring, probably Billie Ritchie, and here's two full reels of him heading Tuesday's Mammoth bill. A "Big U" drama, "The Useless One" featuring Murdock MacQuarrie also comes Tuesday, with other features. Wednesday, of course,

The Master Key"

Will hold the center of the stage, with the ninth episode in two full reels of thrills. It's getting to the point where it's almost a matter of keeping open all day and all night to accommodate the crowds who want to see this great picture, and the crowds are increasing every week. Eddie Lyons and Victoria Forde will also be seen in "All Over His Biscuits," a Nestor scream. Thursday brings

Grace Cunard and Francis Ford

In that great $500 prize dramatic feature, "The Girl of the Secret Service," the prize winner over 8,000 other stories submitted in this contest. It's one of their greatest "stunts" yet, and reveals Grace Cunard and Francis Ford in one of their strongest roles, at which they are both adepts. You don't want to miss this one, whether or not you have been following them in their great Gold Seal features in the past. "Seven and Seventy," a "Big U" drama, also comes Thursday. Friday brings another big feature in

"Her Bargain,"

A gripping two-reel society drama featuring Sidney Ayres, Doris Pawn, Beatrice Van and Wilbur Higley in the leading roles. It's the story of a wealthy girl, who, rejected by a fickle millionaire, picks a husband from the laboring class and later learns to love him. The entire production was in the hands of Sidney Ayres, and this insures something out of the ordinary. "The Butcher's Bride" is another L-Ko comedy scream that also feature's Friday's big offering.

"The Awaited Hour."

This great two-reel Imp melodrama, features that great star of the Universal, Violet Mersereau, who was seen last in that big production, "She Was His Mother," which everyone who witnessed it will remember. She is supported by William Welsh, and "The Awaited Hour" bids fair to rival in strong dramatic incidents, the former named picture. It's a great story, full of thrills and unexpected situations and will be a fitting week-end offering at "Wilmington's Cozy Corner."

Week at the Grand.

Another one of those big winning weeks is just ahead of the folks of Wilmington. Another week crowded with the purest and brightest gems of filmdom will be inaugurated tomorrow. Of course, the theatre that will afford such big and rare entertainment is the handsome New Grand, Wilmington's swellest playhouse. The first thing off the bat the New Grand will make a home run, as tomorrow's inaugural bill is a glorious affair, being crowded with film selections that are great. There will be five reels of films in all and each reel will screen some big feature. And, by the way, the long expected film masterpiece, "The Girl at the Key," with clever, charming Gertrude McCoy in the star part, will be on tomorrow. Another especially large feature on tomorrow's superb bill will be the noted screen artist, Clara Kimball Young, in the second of the great and brilliant laugh spectacle, 'Flora Fourflush." Nothing like it, nothing one-tenth as novel and mammoth in the way of a laugh film has ever before been attempted.

Another Red Letter Day.

Tuesday will keep up the big, winning pace at this handsome theatre, and will offer another quintet of the rarest of film sensations, headed by a great Vitagraph two-reeler, "A Daughter of Israel," in which popular Norma Talmadge and equally as popular Van Dyke Brooks will appear. The sweetest love story ever told in movies will also be a feature on Tuesday, when the Biograph's "The Girl He Brought Home," will be displayed and other big numbers.

Big Midweek Show.

Of course, Wednesday rolls around another one of those sensational episodes of "The Million Dollar Mystery," and the story has now reached such an intense stage that the hundreds of followers of this big Harold McGrath thriller can hardly await for the next installment. This episode is "The Secret Warning." But there are other big photoplays on this day, headed by a vigorous Vitagraph comedy and the latest Hearst-Selig Pictorial Review, with its display of war scenes.

Alice Joyce Day.

Thursday will be especially marked by the appearance of pretty, dainty and ever popular Alice Joyce, who will be seen in another big two-reeler, Kalem's finest, "In Wolf's Clothing." This day will also bring forth another one of those fascinating "Olive's Opportunities" series, in which Mabel Trunnelle is portraying the role of Olive. "Curing the Cook," a swell comedy, will also be a feature, as will "On the Heights," a Biograph feature film.

Bill Phenomenal.

Friday of this week is to be known as Red Letter Day, because the New Grand will not only present the latest episode of "Zudora," but will set forth Kalem's wonderful, thrilling two-part detective story, "The Stolen Ruby," in which well known Alice Hollister will appear. Of course, there will be a comedy film on this day, because no Grand programme is complete without plenty of fun.

And a Rousing Saturday.

The week-end show is going to make some swell climax for the greatest movie week Wilmington has ever known. There will be several big comedy films, that will especially appeal to the children, while the dramatic side will be the most gripping of the week. So whet-up your appetite for the biggest Saturday the New Grand has ever offered.

WITH THE MAN IN THE STREET

The Difference—Have you ever noticed that when a man's love for a woman grows cold, it makes him extremely uncomfortable for her to manifest her love for him in any way. And that when a woman's love for a man grows cold, she is extremely uncomfortable unless he continues to manifest an undying passion for her. Funny, isn't it? But it's so.

To a man, a dead love affair is the deadest thing in the world, and any reminder of its former existence is distasteful to him. The thought that the woman upon whom he once bestowed his affections, and no longer cares for, still cares for him as much as ever arouses in him only a pity for the woman.

But to a woman, the recollection of a past love affair is only distateful when she knows absolutely that the man no longer cares for her. No matter if she no longer loves the man, in fact she may even love some other man, she is, nevertheless, quite content to have her former lover still deeply in love with her, and her pity for him, if she has any, is tempered and often overshadowed by the satisfaction she derives from the evidences of his suffering—all of which she takes as a tribute to her incomparable beauty.

And in thinking over this difference in the nature of the sexes, we pause to wonder if vanity is responsible therefor.

True, Perhaps—A little group in a Pullman smoker speeding along somewhere near the North Carolina and Virginia line, was discussing business, politics, the stage and various other topics.

Came a lull in the conversation, and one of the party, glancing out the window, asked:

"Where are we now. In North Carolina or Virginia?"

Another, with the air of careless good grooming that one associates with the traveling salesman, peeped out, watched the flying rural landscape for a few minutes and answered.

"North Carolina."

"How did you know?" the other asked, out of curiosity.

"You can always tell by looking at the houses in the country," answered the traveling man. "In Virginia the country houses are nearly always well painted, while in North Carolina it is exactly the opposite. It is only in rare instances that the rural dwellings ever show any indication of paint, fresh or otherwise."

A North Carolinian opened his mouth to protest, thought better of it, and once more resumed his magazine.

"Good Night!"—Bathos and pathos were combined in an incident occurring on a beach-bound suburban car last Sunday.

A group of four people, one of whom was a doll-faced little girl, still in her early 'teens, were evidently having something of a reunion, and were discussing some of their old acquaintances elsewhere. One of them inquired if the others had heard that "Jim", was dead. A chorus of startled exclamations greeted the remark, and the little girl with the doll-like face seemed particularly shocked.

"Jim dead! You don't mean Jim ——, the little fellow we used to see in ——?" she inquired.

"Yes," answered the other. "He died several months ago."

"Good night!" exclaimed the girl, in tones of profound awe.

The exclamation, despite the sincerity of tone, was so incongruous, so wholly out of harmony with its subject and yet withal so evidently well-meant, that half a dozen passengers who had overheard could not refrain from an involuntary laugh.

Feeding the Sea Gulls—Miss Kate Stuart, of Southport, who is probably known to more people on account of her cordial hospitality than any other person in this section, has added the sea gulls to her list of friends. It is indeed an interesting sight when she goes down to the edge of the bay in front of the Stuart House at Southport with a supply of bread, when the tide is full, to feed the sea gulls. They have learned to look for her coming.

She has trained them so that when she blows a whistle they come in great droves and settle down on the water all around her. They do not fear her in the least because they know they are safe. She throws out the bread which they devour eagerly. After the feast is over they take their departure until the following day at high tide, when they come back for another feast.

It is a simple act of kindness which the birds appreciate very much. It is characteristic of her life. She has been helping people for so many years that it is no wonder that she has so many friends. Even the birds love her for what she has done.

Unrest—Such is the title of a poem submitted to The Star by a Wilmington lady, whose name is withheld at her own request, and we take pleasure in passing it along to our readers for two reasons; first that it is extremely well written and, second, that it rings true in every line. It is as follows:

Two boats rocked on the river,
In shadow of leaf and tree;
One was in love with the harbor,
And one was in love with the sea.

The one that loved the harbor,
The winds of fate outbore;
But held the other longingly,
Forever against the shore.

Two girls were schoolmates together,
In days that too quickly did pass;
One was a city-bred maiden,
And one was a country lass.

The one whose home was the city,
Thought ever with longing eyes,
Of the cool, calm shade of the spreading oaks,
And the blue of bending skies.

While the little country lassie,
Felt ever day by day,
The restless pulse of the city,
And longed to be there away.

O, the blessings we have are forgotten
In the world's mad restless march,
And the heart grows faint and weary,
And the soul wilts and dies with its parch.

'Tis the waves of unrest that are lashing,
And that keep us from feeling their kiss;
While the winds of fate are still blowing,
Shall we let them blow ever—amiss?

When the City Wakes Up—To an outsider the streets of Wilmington present quite an animated appearance early in the morning when the busy throng of workers make thir way to their places of business. Old and young, men and women, rich and poor, all are intent upon getting to their jobs. Some travel in the trolley cars, others use automobiles, while many are content to walk, but all are intent upon taking up their daily toil.

It is indeed an interesting sight to stand on the street corners and watch the crowd go by. There is the exchange of greetings, perhaps some stop to discuss the weather, for it is a good natured crowd.

The freshness of the morning is seen in their faces and there is noticeable a quicker pace than is seen later in the day. There is no suggestion of sorrow, but on the contrary it is a picture of hope and confidence. The work of the day is before them. For some it will be drudgery, while for others it will be an opportunity to serve their fellowman. Some go joyfully and cheerfully, while others look as if they wished they were somewhere else. But determination and purpose is everywhere evident.

At no other time of the day are seen so many people of the city on the streets for all do not go to dinner at one time and all do not quit at the same hour. And then, too, is lacking that spirit of freshness of the morning air which lends to life a fascination and a joy.

Wilmington waking up is a theme worthy of a better tribute than we have written here, but so much for this time. Look for yourself; it will be worth while.

:: NEW GRAND ::

Biggest Week Yet For Wilmington. Every Day A Feature One

But Here's Few Extraordinary Features:

TOMORROW
Gertrude McCoy in "The Girl at the Key"

TUESDAY
Norma Talmadge in a Big Two-Reeler

WEDNESDAY
"Million Dollar Mystery" and Other Films

THURSDAY
Special Alice Joyce Day

FRIDAY
"Zudora" and "The Stolen Ruby" featuring Alice Hollister.

MONDAY

CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG
In the Second Series of
FLORA FOURFLUSH
By the Vitagraph Company
A Thrilling Comedy

Slippery Slim Comedy
"THE BATTLE OF SNAKEVILLE"

"THE GIRL AT THE KEY"
Edison Drama featuring Gertrude McCoy

Lubin Comedy
"FEEL MY MUSCLE"
Featuring Florence Hackett and Joseph Kaufman

"LOVE SAVAGE HATE"
A Mexican Drama with L. C. Shumway, W. E. Parsons and Velma Whitman.

WEDNESDAY

Twentieth Episode of the
"The Million Dollar Mystery"
The Secret Warning—Two Thrilling Reels.

HEARST-SELIG PICTORIAL
All the Current War Events.

"THE HAIR OF HER HEAD"
A Vitagraph Comedy featuring Sidney Drew and Jane Morrow.

FRIDAY

Episode No. 9 of the Great
"ZUDORA"
In Two Thrilling Reels of Mystery

"THE STOLEN RUBY"
A Kalem Two-Reel Dramatic, featuring
ALICE HOLLISTER
and Harry Millarde

"HAROLD'S BAD MAN"
A Selig Western Comedy featuring Tom Mix and Goldie Colwell

TUESDAY

This is a New One
"THE SIEGE OF LIEGE"
A Rousing Mina Comedy

"A DAUGHTER OF ISRAEL"
A Mammoth Two-Reel Vitagraph Drama featuring Van Dyke Brooke, Norma Talmadge and Donald Hall.

"THE GIRL HE BROUGHT HOME"
Biograph Love Story, featuring Irene Howley and Joseph McDermott

"BY A STRANGE ROAD"
An Essanay Strong Dramatic.

THURSDAY

ALICE JOYCE AND TOM MOORE.
In a Two-Reel Kalem Feature
"IN WOLF'S CLOTHING"

OLIVE'S OTHER SELF
Eighth of Olive's Opportunities, featuring
MABEL TRUNELLE
"CURING THE COOKS"
A Corking Good Edison Comedy

"ON THE HEIGHTS"
Biograph Drama, featuring Edward Cecil and Helen Bray.

SATURDAY

Biograph Comedies
"GETTING INTO A SCRAPE"
and
"THE CHEESE INDUSTRY"
Featuring Florence Lee, Dave Morris, Walter Coyle and Elsie Bambrick

"THE FRIENDSHIP OF LAMOND"
A Lubin Romantic Drama with Earl Metcalf, Herbert Fortier and Ormi Hawley

"THE SNAILBURG VOLUNTEERS"
A Selig Farce Comedy.

SPORTS

CHICAGO CUBS RELEASE FOUR STAR PLAYERS

"Let Them go in Order to Infuse Young Blood"

Tommy Leach, Last Year's Captain, Pitchers Smith and Stack, and Second Baseman Wm. Sweeney the Unfortunate Ones.

Chicago, Feb. 13.—Four players including Tommy Leach, last year's captain, were unconditionally released today by the Chicago Nationals. The others were Charles Smith and Edward Stack, pitchers, and William Sweeney, second baseman. Before joining the Chicago Nationals Leacn was a star outfielder for Pittsburgh, and was one of the best known players in the country.

The releases, Manager Bresnahan said, were part of his policy of building up a team of young men.

"I let the four go," he said, "to make room for young fellows. There is nothing like young blood and bone and muscle to make a pennant winning club."

BIG FRANK DONOHUE FOUND DEAD IN BED

Formerly Outfielder With Boston American League Club.

Springfield, Ohio, Feb. 13.—Frank Donohue, once infielder for the Boston Americans, was found dead in bed today. He had been in ill health for several months. He was 28 years old.

Inter-Club Rifle Match.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Scoring 999 out of a possible 1,000 Cleveland this week equalled the world's record of Warren, Pa., in the inter-club rifle shooting championship matches.

NATIONAL INDOOR TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP IS ON

Grant, Present Title Holder, Only Top Flight Player Defeated.

New York, Feb. 13.—T. H. Pell, G. F. Touchard, the playing-through champion, and Karl Behr, the internationalist, all won in straight sets here today in the National indoor tennis championship tournament. W. C. Grant, former titleholder, was the only player of the top flight to meet defeat. He was defeated by A. M. Lovibond, 7-5, 6-4.

The important matches of the day follow:

Third round: Karl Behr beat Matthew Taylow, Fordham 6-1, 6-1, E. H. Whitey, Boston, beat R. Schenck 6-2, 4-6, 6-4; G. F. Touchard beat C. Chambers, Brooklyn, 6-0, 6-3; J. M. Steinacher, New York, beat E. W. Peaselee, formerly Yale captain, 6-3, 5-7, 6-3; E. M. Phillips beat G. A. L. Dionne, westside, 6-4, 6-4; A. M. Lovibond beat W. C. Grant, 7-5, 6-4.

Fourth round: T. R. Pell beat H. L. Bowman, Jr., indoor champion, 6-3, 6-2; A. M. Lovibond beat S. W. Merrlew, 6-2, 6-3; B. S. Prentice, formerly Harvard champion, beat C. L. Johnston, Jr., formerly New England intercollegiate champion, 6-3, 6-2.

PRESIDENT OF PIRATES ANNOUNCES RELEASES.

Outfielder Joe Kelley Goes to Indianapolis A. A. Club.

Pittsburg, Feb. 13.—President Dreyfus, of the Pittsburg National League baseball club, today announced that Joe Kelley, outfielder, had been released to Indianapolis, American Association; Clarence E. Berger, outfielder, to Richmond International League, and Thos. Quigley, pitcher, unconditionally released.

ERIC S. WINSTON WON SQUASH TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP

New York, Feb. 13.—Eric S. Winston, of the Harvard Squash Club, won the championship title of the National Squash Tennis Association here today. In the final match of the tournament he defeated his club mate, Louis Dupont Irving, in three straight games, 15-4, 15-2 and 15-4.

HIGH SCHOOL QUINT WON FROM NATIONAL WOOLEN MILLS

Fast Basketball Aggregation Plans Three-Day Trip if Funds are Secured.

The strong High School basketball team defeated the fast National Woolen Mills aggregation from the Y. M. C. A. Commercial League in a snappy game played in the association gym yesterday afternoon, the score standing 39 to 25 when the referee's whistle called a halt on the proceedings.

The feature of the game was the almost perfect team work of the Highs, who at all stages of the game appeared to have their opponents outclassed.

The High school quint has been endeavoring to arrange for games with other high school teams in the State, which is no easy task on account of financial conditions. However, a three day trip has been planned for games with Kinston, Wilson and Goldsboro, and is the necessary funds for expenses can be secured they will be enabled to enter the finals at Chapel Hill for the State championship.

The line-up for yesterday's game was as follows:

Highs.		Nt. W. Mills.
Silverman	F	Justice
Monroe	F	Davis
Shepard	C	Lewis
Hanby	G	LeGwin
Rhodes, Hall	G	Shepard

WASHINGTON & LEE ANNOUNCES 1915 FOOTBALL SCHEDULE.

Season Opens September 25th With a Game at Lexington.

Lexington, Va., Feb. 13.—Washington and Lee's football schedule this fall follows:

September 25, Davidson at Lexington; October 2, West Virginia Wesleyan at Lynchburg; October 9, Marshall at Lexington; October 16, V. P. I. at Roanoke; October 23, West Virginia at Charleston, W. Va.; October 30, Indiana at Indianapolis; November 6, Roanoke at Lexington; November 13, Cornell at Ithaca; November 23, North Carolina A. & M. at Norfolk.

"BUNNY" HEARN MARRIES DURHAM, N. C., BELLE.

Durham, N. C., Feb. 13.—B. Hearn, a member of the Pittsburg Federal League baseball team, was married here today to Miss Ethel Barrett, of this city. Hearn formerly was with the New York Nationals.

MIKE PENDERGAST SIGNED WITH CHICAGO FEDERALS.

Chicago, Feb. 13.—Mike Prendergast, the pitcher who has held out for a greater salary increase than offered him, today agreed to terms and signed another contract with the Chicago Federals.

INDIANA LEGISLATURE WANTS TO LEGALIZE BOXING.

Bill Introduced to Make It Legal, Under Commissioner.

Indianapolis, Feb. 13.—Boxing, under a commissioner, would be legalized in Indiana by a bill introduced in the legislature today. The bill is similar to the Wisconsin law, except that it provides for only one commissioner instead of three. Boxing bouts would be limited to ten rounds and betting and the sale of intoxicating liquors at the place of the bout would be prohibited.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

Effective Monday, February 15th, Atlantic Coast Line Train No. 48 will leave Wilmington at 7:40 A. M., instead of 7:30 A. M.—Advertisement 3

SALTS FINE FOR ACHING KIDNEYS

We Eat Too Much Meat, Which Clogs Kidneys, Then Back Hurts and Bladder Bothers You.

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

THE WEATHER: Always Fair and Warm, at The Bijou.

THE BIJOU WEEKLY HERALD

Simply "It" "The Master Key."

VOL. 1, NO. 8. PUBLISHED EVERY SUNDAY. FEB. 14, 1915.

WILLIAM GARWOOD, Universal Star.

THE INCOMPARABLE PROGRAM

MONDAY

Billie Ritchie
—in—
"After Her Millions"
Funniest Picture Ever Filmed, in Three Great Reels.

"On the Ledge"
Two-Reel Mutual Drama Featuring Irene Hunt and Wallace Reid.

TUESDAY

"Cards Never Lie"
Tale of a Gypsy's Faithful Love—Two Reel Drama, Featuring Rosemary Teby and Harry Myers.

"His Prehistoric Past"
Two Whole Reels of Charles Chaplin—The Mutual's Funniest Comedian.

"The Useless One"
"Big U" Drama, Featuring Murdock MacQuarrie.

WEDNESDAY

"The Master Key"
Episode No. 9, in Two Reels of Thrills!

"Sid. Nee's Finish"
Irish-Chinese Comedy, Featuring Fanny Bourke.

"All Over His Biscuits"
Big Nestor Comedy, With Eddie Lyons and Victoria Forde.

THURSDAY

"The Girl of the Secret Service"
The Great Prize Drama Featuring Grace Cunard and Francis Ford—Two Reels.

"Lure of the West"
Two Reel Eclair Western Drama, Featuring Edna Maison.

"Our Mutual Girl"
Chapter 48—Thrilling!

"Seven and Seventy"
Murdock MacQuarrie, in a "Big U" Drama.

FRIDAY

"Her Bargain"
Novel Two-Reel Society Drama, Featuring Sidney Ayres, Beatrice Van and Doris Pawn. A Thrill in Every Line!

"The Old Maid"
Two Reel Mutual Drama, Featuring Blanche Sweet, Mary Alden and Billie West.

"The Butcher's Bride"
Another Mammoth L-Ko.

"Fatty's Magic Pants"
Fatty Arbuckle Again—That's All!

SATURDAY

"The Awaited Hour"
Two Reel Imp Melodrama. Featuring Violet Mersereau—Greatest of the Week.

"Lizzie's Dizzy Career"
Mammoth Nestor Comedy, with Victoria Forde and Eddie Lyons.

"The Amateur Detective"
Big Keystone Comedy Feature.

FLASHES

—If you don't see anything else in the movie line this week, see Billie Ritchie, in "After Her Millions" tomorrow.

—Just Look—five reels Monday, five reels Tuesday, five reels Wednesday, six reels Thursday, six reels Friday, four reels Saturday. Biggest Ever, this!

—Charlie Chaplin is at his best in "His Prehistoric Past," that two reel Keystone comedy feature, on Tuesday's bill.

—That great prize drama, featuring Grace Cunard and Francis Ford is Certainly a Rouser—their greatest yet!

—"Her Bargain," featuring Sidney Ayres, Beatrice Van and Doris Pawn, is certainly a thriller—on Friday's bill.

—Note those big two-reel Mutual dramatic features scattered throughout next week. They're among the biggest pictures on the bill.

—Aand how do you like the "Master Key" now? Isn't it just the very biggest, grandest and most interesting serial drama you have ever followed, by long odds? Don't fail to read the ninth chapter today. It's full of thrills, and the pictures—oh, well, you'll be sure to see them—if you can get in.

—"The Awaited Hour" on Saturday's bill is another great dramatic treat, with Violet Mersereau, who starred in "She Was His Mother"—You remember that, of course.

—We have some rare surprises for you within the next two weeks. Some of the biggest and most elaborate film productions that have ever been shown in Wilmington.

—"Two Old Maids," a two-reeler, is the biggest Mutual offering of the week.

—"Fatty" comes again Friday in "Fatty's Magic Pants."

—Again we want to remind you: Don't miss Charlie Chaplin in "His Prehistoric Past," Tuesday — Two Reels. It's simply great.

The Master Key By John Fleming Wilson

By special arrangement for this paper, a photo-drama corresponding to the installments of "The Master Key," may now be seen at the leading moving picture theaters. By arrangement made with the Universal Film Mfg. Co., it is not only possible to read "The Master Key" each week, but also afterwards to see moving pictures illustrating our story.

9th Installment

(Copyright, 1914, by John Fleming Wilson.)

SYNOPSIS—Doors open upon strange things. How many locked doors are there in this world? How many people are there trying to find "The Master Key?" **Thomas Gallon** found gold. He thought of two things: his daughter **Ruth**, and gold for her. **Gallon** died because his partner, **Wilkerson**, whom he thought he had killed in the desert, came back and demanded a share of his find. **Wilkerson** is seeking gold for the sake of a woman. **John Dorr**, the mining engineer in whose charge **Ruth** was left, is also fighting to find the secret which **Thomas Gallon** apparently took with him to his grave.

When the train pulled into Los Angeles the next morning John Dorr's party got off and John left Ruth with Tom Kane while he went to engage an automobile to take them to Beverly Hills, a suburb recommended by Everett as quiet and restorative for shattered nerves.

As they stood there Wilkerson, Mrs. Darnell and Estelle also got off the train, still disguised, and were hurrying away when Wilkerson observed Ruth and called Jean's attention to her.

For an instant she was nonplused. Then she said in a low tone, "So much the better. We can keep an eye out on them."

"I must find out where they are going to," Wilkerson returned. "I don't like the looks of it."

He soon came back with word that they had ordered the car to take them to Beverly Hills.

Jean stood in deep thought a moment and then said decisively, "We have plenty to do. We know where they will be and Estelle can keep us informed. The place for us to go is to a quiet, comfortable hotel. I refuse to live in dog holes any longer."

After some inquiry Wilkerson found the address of a hotel that seemed to answer their requirements and they were soon on their way thither in a taxi. Within an hour the deft Estelle had installed herself and her mistress in a comfortable suite. Wilkerson took a room near by. They both were soon their real selves and sat down to a hearty breakfast in Mrs. Darnell's rooms.

This ended, Jean took out the papers and spent an hour going over them carefully. Wilkerson smoked nervously, but did not interrupt her. When she laid the documents down he saw a queer glitter in her tawny eyes.

"So it has come to the old game, eh?" she said in a low voice. "I thought you had had enough of that."

"Enough of what?" he demanded quickly.

She smiled maliciously. She formed the word slowly and precisely:

"Forgery."

His dark face grew pallid and his eyes flashed ominously. "I did it for you that time—and no thanks! But this is all right. Those deeds are genuine."

"Certainly," she said mockingly.

"Well, what's the matter, then?"

"They merely assure the property to Thomas Gallon and his heirs and assigns!"

"Of course not!" he muttered.

"And when you found Tom Gallon at last and had him ready to do anything you wanted just as the price of your silence, I suppose it didn't occur to you to have him deed over the Master Key mine to you, did it?"

"He wouldn't have done it!" he burst out furiously. "He shot me once. He would have shot me again to save the mine for the girl."

"Then what good are these papers?"

Gradually he perceived the drift of her speech. He looked at her for a moment dumbly, as if for instruction. But she was ruthless. He must propose the crime himself. She handed him the papers.

"I'll have to go out and buy some blank deeds," he said laboriously. "I may have to look up some other points, too, about these papers."

Ruth Makes a New Acquaintance.

Life at Beverly Hills was a welcome change to Ruth after the strenuous days that had passed since she left the Master Key mine. The very day that she arrived she insisted on walking out with John Dorr and Tom Kane, who were careful not to refer to subjects that might disturb her returning peace of mind.

There were not many at the hotel and the most prominent figure among the guests was a tall, carefully dressed Englishman, so typically the tourist that the old cook insisted on identifying him on the register.

"I ain't seen many of the new kinds of people," he explained. "I've been out in the mine so many years that the styles in real gents has kind of escaped me. I admire to know just what kind of birds I'm roosting with."

"Who is he?" laughed Ruth, as they gazed out at the rising hills.

"He's marked down as Sir Donald Faversham and he's from the British isles," Tom Kane rejoined. "He is here for his health, they say. I suppose that's why he has to wear them white ankle warmers on his legs."

"Those are called spats, Tom," said John, smiling. "That eyeglass is a monocle."

"Does he see through it?" inquired Kane, with apparent anxiety. "I reckoned he was near-sighted, for I spoke to him a while ago and he didn't even see me."

Oddly enough, Ruth blushed at this. Sir Donald had seen her, and she had been made aware of it instantly.

John Dorr saw the blush and interpreted it rightly. He, too, had observed the Englishman's sudden interest in the lovely girl. For the first time he felt a sharp twinge of jealousy.

Therein he did not count upon the other man's resourcefulness. Sir Donald was a man of the world and well accustomed to mingling with all kinds of people. He was also a careful observer and the very next morning when Ruth and John came out from the hotel ready for a stroll Faversham lay in wait for them.

How it happened only Sir Donald could have told, but within three minutes he was exchanging remarks about the scenery with them all.

The acquaintance thus made was destined to have a great bearing on the lives of both Ruth and John.

The next morning John and Tom met Ruth walking with Sir Donald about the hotel grounds and the young man could not help showing in both voice and manner that he was little pleased that Ruth should have so suddenly taken up with a stranger.

That afternoon George Everett turned up and was warmly greeted.

"I don't know that I have anything new and startling to tell you," Everett told Ruth, in answer to her question. "I know a dozen places where I can raise the money to finance your mine, but we must have the deeds, papers and surveys first. And they're gone, I understand."

"Yes," Dorr replied bitterly, "I suppose Wilkerson has them. I ought to have been on his trail long ago."

Everett glanced at Ruth and saw the discouragement on her face. He went quickly on, "However, I've made temporary arrangements which will relieve you of all trouble for the present, Miss Gallon. I'll talk over the business details with John and Tom Kane."

She brightened and laid one hand affectionately on John's arm. "I knew everything would come out all right when John took hold," she said softly.

For the Woman's Sake.

For two days Harry Wilkerson worked steadily and secretly in his room. Occasionally a signal at the door would tell him that Jean was outside and he would carefully open to her and together they would contemplate his handiwork. At last it was done.

"I See a Way to Make You Owner of the Master Key."

"No one can ever prove that Old Tom Gallon didn't draw that deed himself," Wilkerson said triumphantly. "And it makes me the owner of the Master Key mine, Jean! and once in charge I'll make us both worth millions! Then—"

She shrank back at the flame in his gaze upon her.

"Now what are you going to do?" she demanded, attempting to bring the conversation back into business channels.

He bit his nails savagely. "Drake is out all right," he told her. "You see, Kane didn't turn up to prosecute the case and they turned him loose. What do you say to my wiring him to go and take charge of the mine while we decide just what to do? He can see what's going on and warn us."

"Dorr and the rest are still at Beverly Hills?" she inquired.

"Sure!" he said scornfully. "They're tying up with some blooded Britisher they think has money. They figure on getting him to finance them, I reckon. And I happen to know that Sir Donald couldn't finance anybody. We needn't worry about Dorr."

Mrs. Darnell remained in thoughtful silence awhile and then agreed to the suggestion. Wilkerson immediately wrote the message:

"Charles Drake, San Francisco, Cal.:

"Go to Silent valley at once and take charge of Master Key mine until you hear further from me. Am wiring Tubbs, engineer, to this effect.

"HARRY WILKERSON."

When he had sent this and a message to Tubbs he resumed his gloating contemplation of his forged deeds. He did not see the look of burning scorn on Jean's face as she left the room.

"Why must I always have to use fools?" she murmured bitterly. "A lovely pair—Wilkerson and Drake!"

Trouble Brewing.

Drake did not hesitate when he received Wilkerson's telegram. San Francisco, he felt, was no place for him. He was known to the police and it had been intimated that his actions were being watched. So he took the next train for Silent valley and on arrival there procured a rig and drove to the mine.

On his arrival he was dismayed to see that no work was being done. The machinery was idle and the miners were loafing about the streets or gathered in little, sullen groups. They eyed him curiously, but when he asked for Tubbs they made no comment nor asked any questions.

Following their directions he soon found himself on the porch of what had been John Dorr's house. He knocked and there was shuffling of heavy boots, then the door opened and an unshaven, bloated-faced man asked him gruffly what he wanted.

Drake produced Wilkerson's wire and instantly the engineer showed relief.

"Come in! Come in!" he said. "Come in and have a drink!"

The interior of the cabin showed that Bill Tubbs had apparently been merely camping out in his new quarters without regard to the decencies. But Drake was not squeamish after his long trip and shared a drink with his host. A few words served to put the situation before him.

"There ain't no money to pay the men, the store's closed, the cook shanty ain't running, Wilkerson is away, Dorr hasn't turned up with the money he promised."

Two miners entered and Tubbs introduced them to Drake.

"This is the new boss, boys," he said.

"Who sent you here?" was the first question asked.

"Wilkerson," responded Drake.

"Humph!"

"I'm just here to take charge temporarily," Drake went on hastily, not liking the ugly tone of the man's voice.

The other man took this information, and after digesting it, said, "Going to start up and pay wages?"

"I'm not acquainted with the situation yet," was the evasive reply. "I'll go over things with Mr. Tubbs tonight and then in the morning I'll see what is to be done."

"The first thing is to give us money and food," was the curt answer. The men stamped out, leaving Drake to look at Tubbs in some dismay.

The next morning did not bring cheer. Drake's head ached from the fumes of Bill Tubbs' whisky and the chill of the mountain air was not dissipated by a cold breakfast. And before the sun had risen above the peak of the mountain the miners had approached him with questions.

For an hour or so Drake equivocated and tried to postpone action.

At last he saw that he must do something immediately. He called some of the leaders into the office and with apparent frankness told them he had known nothing of the situation and that he felt sure Wilkerson was unaware of it.

"What are you going to do?" came the demand.

"This," replied Drake, writing rapidly. He showed them the message.

"Harry Wilkerson, Los Angeles, Cal.:

"Come to mine at once. Trouble is brewing.

"DRAKE."

What Is to Be Done?

Meantime John Dorr, Everett and Tom Kane were spending long hours in discussing what was to be done to save the Master Key to Ruth. Tom once more went over the exact situation at the mine and asserted that unless prompt measures were taken not only would there be actual distress but likely rioting.

"I see," said Everett, at last. "Not having the papers I can't put this deal through the way I want to eventually. But something must be done on the spot."

"In the way of money," added Kane harshly.

"Precisely," Everett assented with all cheerfulness. "Now, I'm going to loan John Dorr here five thousand dollars today for the Master Key mine."

"But who will take charge of it? Who will go to the mine?"

The broker laughed at him. "Not you! You'd be in a fight in three minutes, specially if Wilkerson turned up. Tom Kane is our man." He turned on the old man abruptly. "Will you take this money and go?"

The old cook stared at the crisp bills and then at Dorr. "I ain't handled paper worth that much lately," he remarked. "But if you want me to go there and feed them people and get 'em back to work and keep things going till John can fix things up here, I'll go."

So it was agreed. After an affectionate farewell to Ruth, Kane left the hotel for the train that was to take him to Silent valley. He was very cheerful, but when settled at last in his seat in the train he muttered to himself, "I'll bet this won't be any picnic for your Uncle Thomas. If I know skunks, there'll be a smell named Wilkerson around the camp mighty nigh the time I arrive."

He was not astonished the next day to find Wilkerson on the ground.

The Battle for Control.

On his way to the mine Harry Wilkerson's courage, newly fired by a last conversation with Jean Darnell, commenced to ebb. She had employed every art of which she was mistress to persuade him that he must instantly obey Drake's telegram. And when he had surrendered to her wiles she laid down a plan of campaign and hurried him off, almost eager to be on the spot and seize the property that she told him was within his grasp.

However, as he recalled the situation which he had left, he could not blind himself to the fact that he was going to risk everything. From now on it would be open war between him and John Dorr.

Drake and Tubbs received him with unaffected relief. A few words sufficed to make the status of affairs plain.

Wilkerson had lost his sense of fear oddly enough; as he had come into the camp a dozen miners had recognized him and scowled. He had felt their hatred and it fed fat the man's sinister passion to do harm, to hurt, to destroy. Now he faced Drake and Tubbs arrogantly.

"It won't be long till these chaps find out who's boss," he said. With a significant look at Drake he pulled out the forged deeds and handed them to Tubbs.

"Those mean that I'm legally the owner of the Master Key mine," he announced.

The engineer peered at them dully. He haltingly mumbled over some of the legal phrases, grinned slowly and passed the papers back.

"I guess that'll fix 'em!" he said huskily.

"I guess it will," was the rejoinder.

Tubbs seemed thoughtful, glancing out of the window now and again. Drake voiced his feeling.

"The sooner you let the miners know and get things settled, the better."

Wilkerson licked his dry lips. The battle was on. He broke the silence by saying gruffly: "Call 'em up here, Bill!"

When the men were gathered before him Wilkerson stepped forward and commenced to speak. He could not break their sullen silence, and after a few words of generalities he mustered his courage and shouted, "I am owner of this mine! I have the deeds right here!"

Ruth Parts From Old Tom Kane.

The effect of this was far other than he had expected. Not a murmur came from the still, motionless throng. It was as if they had not heard him. In a lower tone he repeated it, "I am the owner of the Master Key mine and all that goes with it."

There is a quality in the silence of the crowd of earnest men that is more questioning than any word could be. The men who had worked and toiled for old Tom Gallon, who had been deceived and baffled, who had had their loyalty tested to the utmost, now demanded through their imperious silence that Wilkerson open up his mind to them. If he was indeed the owner of the Master Key, what did he intend to do?

"You'd better say some more quickly," warned Drake, in a low tone. And Wilkerson, completely bewildered, set the match to the powder. He stepped forward with as ugly a look as he could assume and cried: "Now tell me what you want!"

Instantly the air was filled with roars of rage and disappointment.

Fifteen minutes later Harry Wilkerson was sweating within the cabin. With a shaking hand he poured himself out a tumbler of Tubbs' whisky. He had promised the miners back pay, steady work, full wages and food. He must make good and he did not know how.

Presently the liquor steadied him and he turned to Tubbs, who was chuckling to himself emptily, as if over some invisible comedy that was being played before his drunken eyes.

"Tubbs!" he said sharply, "you must find out what men we can trust. Say nothing, but get all the information you can. I'll make it worth the while of the men who'll stick by me."

The next morning he set Drake to work clearing up odds and ends of business while he himself busied himself in going over the mine and getting the gangs to work again.

It was late in the afternoon when Tom Kane appeared on the mail wagon. The driver had already informed him of how affairs were going and the cook wasted no time. He climbed down from the high seat, jerked his battered suit case out of the wagon and made straight for his shanty. Within five minutes he had divested himself of his black clothes and donned his official overalls and apron. Then he appeared on the porch as calm and unconcerned as though he had not been away.

In no time at all a couple of dozen miners had gathered to shake hands and swap news. Naturally their biggest item was Wilkerson's proclamation of ownership.

At this Tom Kane scoffed scornfully. He derided the papers, ridiculed the miners for being fools taken in and stated in set terms that he, Tom Kane, actually held the place of authority.

This soon came to Wilkerson's ears and he hurried down the hill to stop what he knew to be a dangerous secession. Instantly the old cook locked horns with him, pooh-poohed him to his face, called him names of peculiar virulence and offered to fight him on any terms.

Before long the camp was in an uproar and it was due to certain cooler heads that trouble did not ensue immediately. These men insisted that there was time to settle the dispute of ownership, forced Wilkerson to withdraw his command that Kane leave the mine instantly and managed to bring a semblance of peace out of disorder. Kane bowed his neck to the yoke of their authority but dispatched a trusty messenger to the station with a telegram to John to come as soon as possible. Wilkerson resorted to a scene which was eventually to threaten the very existence of the Master Key. He sent Drake south to confer with a desperado whom he knew who could gather a band of Mexicans like himself on short notice, ready for anything that promised loot.

"Tell Jose to be here tomorrow night!" he instructed him. "I'll want about twenty men well armed."

Drake rode away as from destruction, cursing the luck that had put him in the power of such a man.

Dynamite.

In response to Kane's message John Dorr, Ruth Gallon and Everett left Beverly Hills for Silent Valley. They arrived the third day after the cook and from the moment they were recognized the miners dropped their attitude of sulky waiting and thronged about their mistress, cheering and shaking hands. When they had gone into the big house Kane arrived, apron and all, to report on the situation.

"It's come to a showdown," he remarked. "Wilkerson has several of the worthless fellows here and a lot of half-breeds back in the hills. He knows I have that money of yours and he's promised it to the Mexicans if they help him. You see Wilkerson will keep his skirts clear that way. He can say that it was a raid by bandits."

"How soon does all this happen?" drawled John.

Kane glanced at him curiously. He understood that warning not to frighten Ruth and went on airily, "Oh I reckon just as soon as Wilkerson gets Tubbs weaned from that bottle of his."

But when Ruth had gone to her own rooms the cook wasted no words in smoothing things over.

"You've got to act and act quick," he told John and Everett. "It ain't the time for fooling. Tonight may do the business, for those Mexicans are impatient. Remember that Wilkerson has the keys to the powder house and he has all kinds of chance to lay his traps."

"I don't think he expected us so soon," John remarked.

"A good cook always has grub for people that drop in unexpected like," was the grim response. "Just take a peek down there now!"

Through the window John saw that the camp was quietly but surely dividing into two parties. The older miners were gathered about the cook shanty. Around the office stood a dozen or so malcontents, half drunk, under the leadership of Tubbs, who was wholly drunk, and on the porch talking to Wilkerson were a couple of Mexicans.

"It looks as if they meant to rush the camp," Dorr said thoughtfully. He proceeded to arm himself and Everett quietly followed suit.

"I'm going to talk to the boys first," said Dorr. He left the bungalow and strode off down the hill, followed by the cook.

The events of the next few moments came thick and fast. Before Dorr had well started on his explanation that Wilkerson had no claim on the mine there was a gun fired up by the mine tunnel mouth.

"That's a signal that the Mexicans are making trouble!" Kane shouted. "Look out for dynamite in the shaft, John!"

Without a word further Door leaped down from the porch of the cook shanty and started up the hill, followed by a dozen faithful supporters. Other shots were fired. Wilkerson appeared at the tunnel mouth and then vanished inside. John sprang upon the trestle and rushed after him.

Instantly a band of Mexicans materialized half way down the hill, fired a few shots and retreated. John paid no attention to them but kept on.

Once within the tunnel he saw a faint gleam of light ahead of him. He understood that Kane was right. Wilkerson was playing a desperate game in blowing up the shaft and then in the ensuing confusion allowing the bandits to loot undisturbed. He could assert when all was over that he had done his best to fight them off, but was overpowered.

A few yards farther on John stopped. A dark figure rushed by him towards the open air. But the little glow of light remained. For a moment Dorr hesitated. Then he leaped forward and began trying to extinguish a lighted fuse.

He had almost succeeded when a bullet whizzed by him, then a second spattered on the rock overhead. He turned and fired blindly in the direction of the shots and resumed his task. The fuse was short. But he succeeded in extinguishing it and started back. He met a fusillade of bullets. He dashed on towards the mouth of the tunnel and suddenly emerged on Wilkerson, who, not being able to see into the murk of the shaft, was firing blindly into the opening.

With a shout John leaped for the man whom he now knew to be seeking his life.

Seeing their two leaders grappling, both sides ceased to await the issue of that mighty conflict.

John Dorr for the first time in his life knew the absolute and terrific thirst of killing that sometimes comes to a man. It was either his life or Wilkerson's. And no one should interfere with his revenge. He threw himself on the man with but one object in view: to slay him bare handed.

Wilkerson fought tigerishly and for the moment had the advantage. The lofty trestle was an ill place for a heavy man like Dorr to fight on and the other's agility and lithe quickness seemed about to win when John by a sudden unexpected and desperate maneuver caught him and threw him clear into the air, breaking his clutch with a terrific blow. Then he jerked him to the edge of the trestle and flung him over.

Standing erect, John drew the air into his tortured lungs and let out a tremendous yell of triumph. For the moment he was no longer a product of civilization. He was primeval. He had slain his foe. The valley echoed with his wild proclamation of supremacy.

Ruth Gallon heard that barbaric yell and shuddered. Tom Kane stared upward at the figure on the trestle and his open mouth seemed lipless, for he, too, shared in the moment's blood lust.

And on the rocks below Wilkerson's figure sprawled grotesquely, its white and darkling face turned sightlessly to the sky.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The Million Dollar Mystery

By HAROLD MAC GRATH

Illustrated from Scenes in the Photo Drama of the Same Name by the Thanhouser Film Company

(Copyright, 1914, by Harold MacGrath)

CHAPTER XX.

Braine Tries Another Weapon.

"What I want now," said Braine, as he paced the living room of the apartment of the countess, "is revenge. I've been checkmated enough, Olga; they're playing with us."

"That is nothing new," she replied, shrugging. "At the beginning I warned you. I never liked this affair after the first two or three failures. But you would have your way. You wanted revenge at that early date; but I cannot see that you've gone forward. Has it ever occurred to you that the organization may be getting tired, too? They depend solely upon your invention, and each time your invention has resulted in touching nothing but zero."

"Thanks!"

"O, I'm not chiding you. I've failed, too."

"Are you turning against me?" he demanded bitterly.

"Do my actions point that way?" she countered. "No. But the more I view what has passed, the more disheartened I grow. It has been a series of blind alleys, and all we have succeeded in doing is knocking our heads. I can see now that all our failures are due to one mistake."

"And what the devil is that?" he asked, irritably.

"We were in too much of a hurry at the beginning. Hargreave prepared himself for quick action on your part."

"And if I had not acted quickly he would have started successfully on one of his world tours again, and that would have been the last of him, and we should never have learned of the girl's existence. So there's your argument."

"Perhaps you are right. But for all that we have not played the game with any degree of finesse."

"Bah!" Braine lit a cigarette and smoked nervously. "I can't even get rid of that meddling reporter. He has been as much to blame for our failures as either Jones or Hargreave. I admit that in his case I judged hastily. I believed him to be just an ordinary newspaper man, and he was clever enough to lull my suspicions. But I'm going to get him, Olga, even if I have to resort to ordinary gunman tricks. If there's any final reckoning, by the Lord Harry, he shan't get a chance in the witness stand."

"And I begin to think that that little chit of a girl has been hoodwinking me all along. By the way, did you find out what that letter said?" she asked after a pause.

"Letter? What letter?"

She sprang from her chair. "Do you mean to say that they have not told you about that?" Olga became greatly excited.

"Explain," he said.

"Why, I was at the garden day before yesterday, and a man approached and asked if I was Miss Hargreave. Becoming at once suspicious that something very important was about to happen, I signified that I was Miss Hargreave. The man slipped a paper into my hand and hurried off. I took a quick glance at it and was dumfounded to find it utterly blank of writing. At first I thought some joke had been played on me, then I chanced to remember the invisible ink letters you always wrote me. Understanding that you were to visit the cave in the morning, I had one man at the garden take the note. And you never got it!"

"Some one shall pay for this carelessness. I'll call up Vroon and Jackson at once. Wait just a moment."

He went to the telephone. A low muttering conversation took place. Olga could hear little or none of it. When Braine put the receiver back on the hook his face was not pleasant to see.

"That girl!"

"What now?"

"It seems she had been out horseback riding that morning. She had seen one of the boys cross the field and suddenly disappear; and she was curious to learn what had become of him. With her usual luck she stumbled on the method of opening the door of the cave and went in. She must have been nosing about. She didn't have much time, though, as the boys came up to await me. Evidently she crawled into that old chest and in some inexplicable manner purloined the letter from Jackson's pocket. They left to reconnoiter; and it was then that Jackson discovered his loss. When Florence heard them returning she jumped into the well. And lived through that tunnel! The devil is in it!"

"Or out of it, since we consider him our friend."

"And I had her in my hands, note and all!"

"But with all that water there will not be any writing left on the letter."

"Invisible ink is generally indelible and impervious to the action of water; at least the kind I use is. I'd give a thousand for a sight of that letter."

"And it might be worth a million," Olga suggested.

"Not the least doubt of it in my mind. Olga, old girl, it does look as if my star was growing dim. We'll never get our hands on that million. I feel it in my bones. So let's settle down to a campaign of revenge, without any furbelows. I want to twist Hargreave's heart before the game winds up."

"You wish really to injure her?"

"I do not wish to injure her. Far from it," he replied, smiling evilly.

"You want her . . . dead?" whispered Olga, paling.

"Exactly. I want her dead. And so if all my efforts here come to nothing, so shall Hargreave's. His millions will become waste paper to him. That's revenge. The Persian peach method."

"Poison? You shall not! You shall not kill her!" vehemently.

"Tender hearted?"

"No. If I must in the end go to prison, so be it; but I refuse to die in the chair."

"Very well, then. We shan't kill her, but we'll make her wish she was dead. I was only trying to see how far you would go. The basket of peaches is in the hallway. Every peach is poisoned. No man in the

Just Power Enough to Keep Herself Afloat.

country knows more about subtle poisons than I do. Have I not written books on the subject?" ironically.

"And they will trace it back to you in a straight line," she warned. "I will not have it!"

"I can go elsewhere," he replied coldly.

"You would leave me?"

"The moment you cross my will," emphatically.

It became her turn to pace. Torn between her love of the man and the danger which stared her in the face, she was for the time being distracted. All the time he watched her with malevolent curiosity, knowing that in the end she would concur with his evil plans.

"Very well," she said finally. "But listen; we shall be found out. Never doubt that. Your revenge will cost us both our lives. I feel it."

"Bah! The law will have no hand in my end. I always carry a pellet; and that ring of yours would suffice a regiment. She will not die. She will merely become a kind of paralytic; the kind that can move a little but not enough; always wheeled about in a chair. I'll bring in the peaches, rosy and downy. One bite, after a given time, will do the trick. If they suspect and throw them out we have lost nothing but the peaches. A trusted messenger will carry them to the Hargreave house. And then we'll sit down and wait."

Meantime, in the library of the Hargreave house, Florence and Jim were puzzling over the blank sheet of paper.

"I'll wager," said Jim, "the water washed all the writing away. The fire does not seem to do any good. We'll turn it over to Jones. Jones'll find a way to solve it. Trust him."

"What are you two chattering about?" asked Susan, who was arranging some flowers on the table.

"Secrets," said Jim, smiling.

"Humph!"

Susan puttered about for a few minutes longer, then crossed to the reception room, intending to go upstairs. At that moment the maid was admitting a messenger with a basket of fruit.

"For Miss Hargreave," said he. He gave the basket to the maid, touched his cap awkwardly, and swung on his heel, closing the door behind him. He was in a hurry to deliver another message.

"O, what lovely fruit!" cried Susan, pausing. "I'm going to steal one," she laughed. She selected a peach and began eating it on the way up to her room.

The maid passed on into the library.

"What's this?" inquired Florence, as the maid held out the basket. She selected a peach and was about to set her white teeth into it when Jim interposed.

"Wait a moment, dear." Florence lowered the peach. Jim turned to the maid. "Who sent it?"

"I don't know, sir. A messenger brought it, saying it was for Miss Hargreave."

"Let me see if there is a card." But Jim searched in vain for the card of the donor. At once all his suspicions arose. "Don't touch them. Better let the maid throw them out. Fruit from unknown persons might not be the healthiest thing in the world."

"What do you think?"

"That in all probability they are poisoned. But there's no need trying to prove my theory right or wrong. Ask Jones. He'll tell you to throw them away."

"Horrible!" Florence shuddered. "But they do not want to poison me. I'm too valuable. They want me alive."

"Who can say?" returned Jim gloomily. "They may have learned that they cannot beat us, no matter what card they turn up. I may be wrong, but take my advice and throw them away. . . . Good Lord, what's that?" startled.

"Some one cried!"

"O, Miss Florence!" exclaimed the maid, terror stricken as she recalled Susan's act. "Miss Susan took a peach from the basket and was eating it on the way to her room!"

"Good heavens!" gasped Jim. "I was right. The fruit was poisoned."

Jim had head enough to send for a specialist he knew. The specialist arrived about twenty minutes after Susan's first cry. To his keen eye it looked like a certain poison which had for its basis the venom of the cobra.

"Will she live?"

"O, yes. But she'll be a wreck for some months. Send her to the hospital where I can visit her frequently. And I'll take that peach along for analysis. No police affair?"

"No. We dare not call them in," said Jim.

"That's your affair. I'll send down the ambulance. Keep her quiet. She'll have a species of paralysis; but that'll work off under the treatment. A strange business."

"So it is," agreed Jim grimly.

Florence knelt beside her friend's bed and cried softly.

"You called me just in time. An hour later, nothing would have saved her. She would have been paralyzed for life."

Jim accompanied the doctor to the door and went in search of Jones. He found the taciturn butler eying the fruit basket, his face gray and drawn, though his eyes blazed with fury.

"Poison!"

"A pretty bad poison, too," said Jim. "We can't do anything. We've just got to sit still. But in the end we'll get them. That she devil . . ."

He Went to the Telephone.

"No, my friend; that he devil. The woman is mad over him and would commit any crime at his bidding. But this is his work. We want him. He wasn't without courage to send this fruit, knowing that I would instantly suspect the sender. Yet, I have no definite proof. I could not hold him in court in law. He will have bought the fruit piece by piece, the basket in a basket shop. He will have injected the poison himself when alone. Poor Susan! That messenger was without doubt some one over whom he holds the threat of the death chair. That's the way he works."

Jim tramped the room while Jones carried the fruit to the kitchen. The butler returned after a while.

"What about that blank sheet of paper?"

"It has to be dipped into a solution; after that you can read it by heating. I have already dipped it into the solution. The moment the heat leaves the sheet the writing disappears again. The ink is waterproof. I'll show you."

Jones got a candle from the mantle, lit it, and held the sheet of paper very close to the flame. Gradually, almost imperceptibly, letters began to form on the blank sheet. At length the message was complete.

"Dear Hargreave—The Russian minister of police is at the Blank hotel under the name of Henri Servan. He is investigating the work of the Black Hundred in this country and can free you from their vengeance if you supply the evidence needed."

"Now, what evidence can he want?" asked Jim.

"Such as will prove Braine an undesirable citizen."

"And then."

"Quietly pack him off to Russia, where he is badly wanted."

"Who sent this message?"

"One of our mysterious friends. We have a few, as you already know. But I'll go and make this man Servan a visit. I have seen the real minister, and if this man is the same one, something of importance may turn up. I shall want you somewhere about. Here, I'll let you have this letter. Remember, heat brings it out and cold air makes it vanish. Now I'll go up for a moment to see how that poor girl is getting along. We are lucky; there's no gainsaying that."

"You're a clever man, Jones," said Jim.

Jones turned upon him, his face grave. The two men looked steadily into each other's eyes. Jones was first to turn aside his glance, as he had something to conceal and Jim had nothing.

When the ambulance took the tortured Susan away, Jones addressed Florence gravely.

"I am going out and so is Mr. Norton. Do not leave the house; not even if you have a telephone call from me or Norton. Both of us will return; so don't let anything bother or confuse you."

"I promise," said Florence, struggling with a sob.

Jones went downstairs again, paused by a window as if cogitating, and suddenly threw it up and looked abroad. A rustle among the lilacs caused a smile to flit across his face. So they had sent some one to learn the effect of the poison? Or to follow him should he leave the house? He retired to the kitchen and gave some

Letters Began to Form on the Blank Sheet.

explicit orders to the chef, orders which did not in any way refer to cooking. Then Jones and the reporter left the house, each quite aware that they were being followed. Near the Blank hotel they separated in order to confuse the stalker. He might dodder and follow the wrong man. But it was evident that this time he had been directed to follow Jones; for he entered the hotel a minute after Jones.

Meantime a second spy, whom Jones had not seen, had observed the transfer of the invisible writing and had immediately informed Braine, who was not far away. That his poisoned fruit had stricken down an outsider troubled him none at all. But that mysterious message he meant to have; it might be a life and death affair, it might be a clue to the treasure, or the whereabouts of Hargreave.

Thus, while only one man followed Jones, several kept a far eye on Jim.

Jones scribbled his name on a blank card and had it taken to the Russian's room. The page eyed that card curiously. It was different from anything he had ever seen before. In one corner were written three or four words which resembled a cross between Hebrew and Greek.

"Humph!" muttered the boy. "Whadda y' know about that? Chicken scratches; but I guess the bell rings Roosian. On your way, Hortense," he cried to the hall maid, who wanted a look at the card. "Up t' th' room, sir. He'll see yuh!" The boy kept the silver salver extended expectantly, but Jones went past without apparently noticing the hint.

The Russian was standing by a window when Jones knocked and was bidden to enter.

"You are not Hargreave."

"Neither are you the Russian minister of police," urbanely.

"Who are you?"

"I am Hargreave's confidential man, sir."

The two men eyed each other cautiously.

"You speak Russian?"

"No. I am able to scribble a few words; that is all."

The Russian lit a cigarette and smoked leisurely. He was in no hurry.

"No, I am not the minister; but I am his accredited agent. I am empowered to bring back to Russia a man who is known here by the name of Braine, another by the name of Vroon, and a woman who calls herself a countess and unfortunately is one. All I desire is some damaging proof against them that they are outlaws in this country. The rest will be simple."

"They have all three taken out naturalization papers."

The Russian waved his hand airily. "Once they are in Russia those documents will never come to light. This man Braine, it has been learned, has long been in the pay of Prussia, and has given the general staff of that country many plans of our frontier fortifications. I do not know what any one of the three looks like. That is why I sought Hargreave."

"I will gladly point them out to you," said Jones, rubbing his hands together, a sign that he was greatly pleased.

"That will be very good of you, I'm sure," in a rumbling but perfectly intelligible English.

"And suddenly they all three will disappear?"

"Suddenly; and you may believe me that from that time on they'll be heard of never more."

"All this sounds extremely agreeable to me. Mr. Hargreave will be happy to hear that his long enforced hiding will soon come to an end."

"All you have to do, sir, is to point them out to me."

"It may take a week or ten days."

"My government has waited for ten years to gather in this delectable trio. A month, if you like."

"The sooner the better. I shall call this evening after dinner. We shall begin with Mr. Braine; and generally where he is is the woman. Vroon will be the most difficult."

"After dinner, then, since you know some of his haunts. There is a reward."

Jones laughed shortly. "Keep it yourself, sir. Mr. Hargreave would willingly double whatever this reward is to eliminate these despicable creatures from his affairs."

"Thanks."

While this conversation was taking place Norton idled about; and feeling the cravings for a cigarette, prepared to roll one, only to find that he hadn't the "makings." So fate urged him to step into the nearest tobacconist's. He asked for his favorite brand and passed over the silver.

Braine and his companions saw Norton enter the shop. It agreed with their plans perfectly. The tobacconist happened to be affiliated with the order. So they hurried into the shop. Jim instantly realized that he was in a trap.

"How can I get out of here?" he whispered to the tobacconist.

The latter smiled. "I have to obey these gentlemen. I don't know what they want you for; but if I made a move to help you, I should find my own throat cut without saving yours."

"The devil!"

Jim made a dash for the rear door, to find it locked. Even as he fumbled with the key, Braine and his companions flung themselves upon the reporter and overpowered him.

"Ah, my friend Braine!" he said.

"My friend Norton!" jeered the victor.

"And what do you want; some peaches?"

"A paper, my friend, a little secret of paper with invisible writing on it. We promise to give you something in exchange for it."

"What?" asked Jim with as much nonchalance as he could assume.

"Life."

"Search," said Jim. "You won't object to my smoking?" He began to roll a cigarette while they passed over him. He struck a match; the pleasant aroma of tobacco floated about his head.

"He's got it on him somewhere. I saw him take it. He's got his nerve with him."

The cigarette glowed. Jim smoked hurriedly.

Through every pocket they went. The contents of his wallet lay scattered at his feet; his watch dangled from the chain. The cigarette grew shorter and shorter. Suddenly one of the men stretched out a hand and whisked the cigarette from Jim's lips. He threw it to the floor and stamped out the coal.

"I thought so!" he exclaimed, holding out the scrap of burnt paper towards Braine.

The words "Dear Hargreave" were all that remained of the message. With a snarl of rage Braine whipped out his revolver.

"I will give you one minute to tell me what that paper contained."

"And after that minute is up?"

"A bullet in your stomach."

Quick as a flash Jim's hand shot out, caught the loosely held revolver, gave it a wrench, and brought it down savagely upon Braine's head. Then he reversed it and backed toward the front entrance.

"Au revoir, till we meet again, gentlemen!"

(Continued Next Sunday.)

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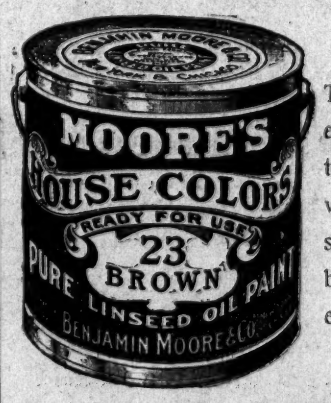

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON WEAK AND NERVOUS

Close Barely Steady at Net Decline of From Eleven to Thirteen Points. General Liquidation.

New York, Feb. 13.—Cotton was weak and unsettled under more or less general liquidation during today's trading with the close barely steady at a net decline of 11 to 13 points.

The market opened barely steady at a decline of 6 to 8 points in response to weakness in the market at both Liverpool and New Orleans over yesterday's local holiday. Private cables indicated that Liverpool had been pressed by heavy American selling while yesterday's late break in New Orleans market was partly attributed to talk of an easier turn in the spit situation. These features inspired selling here while the talk around the ring also reflected much apprehension that the threat of the submarine attacks on merchant shipping in the recently extended naval war zone might yet result in a check to the export movement.

Houses with foreign connections and local trade interests were buyers on a scale down, while New Orleans was also a buyer here after some early selling and the decline at a net loss of about 12 to 15 points.

This break to 9.11 for October carried the market into new low ground for the movement.

The rules and regulations issued by the Department of Agriculture in connection with the cotton futures law and designating the spot markets on the quotation of which differences in the future markets are to be based, seemed to be without any influence on the day's trading.

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 8.55; gulf 8.80; no sales.

Cotton futures closed barely steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Mar	8:48	8:52	8:42	8:45
May	8:73	8:76	8:66	8:68
July	8:93	8:94	8:85	8:86
Oct	9:19	9:19	9:11	9:11
Dec	9:32	9:32	9:26	9:27

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling, 8 1-16; receipts, 10,270; exports, 26,942; sales, 800; stock, 414,031.

Galveston—Middling, 7 13-16; receipts, 637; sales, 50; stock, 47,079.

Savannah — Middling, 8¼; receipts, 12,158; exports, 9,729; sales, 5,190; stock, 302,308.

Charleston—Middling, 8; receipts, 918; stock, 127,182.

Wilmington—Middling, 8; receipts, 1,-358; exports, 5,550; stock, 54,777.

Texas City—Receipts, 1,877.

Norfol—Middling, 8; receipts, 3,421; stock, 84,081.

Baltimore—Middling, 8⅜; stock, 5,-788.

Boston—Receipts, 170; stock, 11,100.

Philadelphia—Middling, 8.80; stock, 9,623.

New York—Middling, 8.55; receipts, 150; exports, 1,690; stock, 112,098.

Minor Ports—Receipts, 1,797; exports, 5,550; stock, 126,069.

Total today—Receipts, 52,103; exports, 53,480; stock, 1,908,432.

Total for week—Receipts, 52,103; exports, 53,480.

Total for season—Receipts, 7,341,142; exports, 4,571,850.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 8.40; receipts, 17,-804; shipments, 18,848; sales, 1,607; stocks, 207,305.

Memphis—Middling, 8; receipts, 2,-372; shipments, 2,871; sales, 2,100; stock, 226,033.

Augusta—Middling, 8.12½; receipts, 1,410; shipments, 877; sales, 1,136; stock, 148,167.

St. Louis—Middling, 8; receipts, 2,-484; shipments, 2,484; stock, 38,079.

Cincinnati — Receipts, 7,424; shipments, 752; stock, 11,379.

Little Rock—Middling, 7.75; receipts, 1,352; shipments, 1,217; stock, 59,918.

Dallas—Middling, 8; sales, 3,279.

Total today—Receipts, 26,826; shipments, 27,049; stock, 690,823.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Price Remained Almost Stationery During Entire Trading of Day.

New Orleans, Feb. 13.—The price of cotton remained almost stationery today, the future list closing at exactly the level of yesterday's close. Prices had no decided tendency at any time.

At their highest they were 2 to 3 points over yesterday's finals and at their lowest two points under. The dullness was due in a great measure to the holidays of the early part of next week.

Sentiment was bearish but shorts were not willing to increase their lines. Much bearish talk was caused by developments in the international politics and lower spot prices in the South resulted in unfavorable comment. The undertone of the market was steady enough which was apparently due to the heavy export movement and the increase in Northern mill takings. Secretary Hester, of the New Orleans exchange, put these takings at 91,000 bales for the week, against 60,000 this week last year.

Spot cotton easy, 1-16c lower; sales on the spot 700 bales; to arrive 100. Cotton futures closin: March 8.16; May 8.41; July 8.60; October 8.83; December 8.97.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, Feb. 13. — Cotton seed oil was steady early today on outside buying, but eased off in sympathy with lard and grain, closing unchanged 10 points lower. Sales, 5,300. The market closed irregular. Spot, 7.10@7.25; February, 7.10@7.18; March, 7.16@7.19; April, 7.22@7.25; May, 7.28@7.29; June, 7.38@7.40; July, 7.47@7.49; August, 8.53@7.56; September, 7.60@7.67.

CLEARING HOUSE CONDITIONS.

New York, Feb. 13. — The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold $139,-873,350 reserve in excess of legal requirements.

This is a decrease of $4,118,230 from last week.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, Feb. 13. — Hogs—Unsettled. Bulk, 6.75@6.90; light, 6.60@7.00; Mixed, 6.65@6.90; heavy, 6.50@6.90; rough, 6.50@6.60; pigs, 5.50@6.85.

Cattle—Weak. Native steers, 5.45@8.70; cows and heifers, 3.15@7.75; calves, 7.00@10.25.

Sheep — Firm. Sheep, 6.25@7.00; yearlings, 7.25@7.75; lambs, 7.00@8.60.

NINE CENT BREAK IN WHEAT

Most Sensational Drop in Prices Since the Beginning of European Hostilities.

Chicago, Feb. 13. — Wheat fell 9½c. a bushel in price today, the most sensational break since the war began. Almost complete arrest of export sales had much to do with forcing speculative holders to unload for a short time on a gigantic scale. Rallies followed, but the market closed extremely nervous, 5⅛@5¼c. lower than Thursday night. Other net losses were: Corn, ⅝ to ¾; oats, ¾@⅞ to 1c., and provisions, 10 to 20c.

Grain and provisions closing:

Wheat—May, 154¼; July, 129⅞.
Corn—May, 79⅝; July, 81.
Oats—May, 60⅝; July, 56⅝.
Pork—May, 18.30; July, 19.30.
Lard—May, 19.55; July, 11.07.
Ribs—May, 10.20; July, 10.45.
Cash grain:
Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.49@1.58.
Oats—No. 3, white, 58¾@59¾.

MARINE.

Cleared.

Str. Seminole, Packer, New York, C. J. Becker, agent.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington.

North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Mar Adriatico (Sp.), 1,783 tons, Bilboa, Henry Whyte.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 2,289 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Linke, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Schr. Herbert May, 318 tons, Black, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

Schr. Rebecca R. Douglas, 399 tons, Ladd, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)
STAR OFFICE, Feb. 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, at 41½c.

ROSIN—Nominal.

TAR—Firm, $1.70 per barrel; 7c per gallon.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Quiet, $2.75 per barrel for soft; $2.75 per barrel for virgin; $1.50 per barrel for hard.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady, 45c.; Rosin, firm, $3.85; Tar, firm, $2.50-9c.; Crude Turpentine, firm, $3.50, $3.50, $2.25.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	(—)
Rosin	1
Tar	58
Crude Turpentine	(—)

Receipts —Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 11 casks; rosin, 37 barrels; tar, (—) barrels; crude turpentine, (—) barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Spot, middling, steady, 8c.; quotations same day last year, nominal.

Receipts—1,313 bales; same day last year, 579 bales.

Total receipts since September 1st, to date, 141,832 bales.

Total receipts to same day last year, 345,335 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, Feb. 13.

Atlantic Coast Line—Cotton, 970; tar, 58.

Seaboard Air Line—339 bales cotton.

tSr. Pioneer—4 bales cotton.

Total—1,313 bales cotton; 58 barrels tar.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Feb. 13.)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.

PEAS—Black eyed peas, $2.50 per bu.; cow peas, market not open.

POTATOES — Irish potatoes, 80@85c. per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, 65@75c. per bu.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c.; good sales.

PORK—Small, 8@10c per lb.

SHEEP—Out of season.

WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c.; black wool, 16 to 17c.; first-class white wool, 21c. free, 20@21c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 13c.; dry flints, 17c. per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 20c.; sides and shoulders, 15c. lb.; very dull; no sales.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c. per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 40@45c. Spring, 15@30c. per head; very dull. Turkeys, 15c.; no sale.

EGGS—17@20c. per doz.; very dull; price expected to go lower.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Feb. 13.—North Carolina Peanuts — Market, firm; new crop, fancy hand picked, 70c; No. 1, machine picked, 60c per bu.

Virginia Peanuts—Steady. New crop Jumboes, 60c; fancy hand picked, 55c; No. 1, machine picked, 50c per bu.

Spanish Peanuts—Steady. New crop, No. 1, small, machine picked, 75c.; Jumboes, 65c. per bu. All receipts, heavier.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., February 9. — Spanish—Farmers' Stock, market weak, 85c. per bu.

Virginias——Farmers' Stock, market steady. Fancy Jumbo, 3¾c per lb. Fancy Hand-Picked, 3½c. per lb. Extra Prime, 3¼c. per lb. Shelling Stock, 2¾ to 2¾c. per lb.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, February 13. — Mercantile paper, 3½@4. Sterling exchange, weak. Sixty day bills, 4.8050; for cables, 4.8235; for demand, 4.8215. Bar silver, 48¼. Mexican dollars, 37. Government bonds, heavy. Railroad bonds, easy.

Greensboro, N. C., Feb. 13.—Dr. P. P. Claxton, United States commissioner of education, lectured on the "Possibilities of Corporation in Farming," at the State Agricultural and Mechanical College for the colored race, in connection with the fifth annual convention of negro farmers of the State.

TONE OF CAUTION IN STOCKS

Apprehension Growing Out of the Latest International Developments the Cause.

New York, Feb. 13.—A tone of extreme caution was evinced during today's short session of the stock market and was ascribed for the most part to apprehension growing out of latest international developments. The representations made by this government to England and Germany caused suspense in high official circles and gave the trading element an opportunity to make fresh commitments on the bear side.

Prominent shares were sold moderately with net losses of a point or more in the speculative stocks. New Haven shares again showed marked weakness declining two points abruptly to the minimum price of 49.

With the exception of the several issues of stocks and bonds of the Minneapolis & St. Louis and Iowa Central roads, some of which rose substantially on the old rumor of buying for Canadian Pacific control the entire list was inclined to weaken. Another break in sterling exchange on London to the lowest price quoted since 1907 gave rise to the belief that further imports of gold from Canada are under way.

Further price advances in Steel products confirm recent advices of increased activity in that trade. As for general merchandise, local and interior reports point to an increase of individual purchases. Jobbing centers also report better and more diversified distribution.

Forecasts of the weekly cash movement were slightly upset by the intervening holiday.

The bond market was irregular with light dealings except in the issues named. Total sales, par value, were $1,-850,000. United States coupon and registered 2s declined 3-8c on call during the week.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper	54½
American Agricultural	49½
American Can	28⅛
American Car and Foundry	45⅞
American Cotton Oil	46⅝
American Smelting	66
American Snuff	B.148
American Sugar	103½
American Tel and Tel	120⅜
Am. Tobacco (ex. div. 5 per ct.)	230
Atchison	94⅛
Atlantic Coast Line	B.104
Baltimore and Ohio	69¾
Canadian Pacific	157½
Central Leather	36⅜
Chesapeake and Ohio	42
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	86¾
Erie	22
General Electric	B.142
Great Northern, pfd	116
Illinois Central	B.107
Interborough-Met., pfd	56¾
Kansas City Southern	22⅝
Lehigh Valley	133⅛
Louisville and Nashville	B.117
Liggett and Myers	B.205
Lorillard Co	offered.180
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	10½
Missouri Pacific	11½
New York Central	84⅞
Mex. Petroleum	76½
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	49
Norfolk and Western	B.101
Northern Pacific	103¾
Pennsylvania	105½
Reading	143¾
Rep. Iron and Steel	20
Rep. Iron and Steel, pfd	B. 76
Rock Island Co	⅞
Rock Island Co., pfd	B. 1¼
St. L. and San Fran., 2nd pfd	B. 3½
Seaboard Air Line	13¾
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	36
Sloss-Sheff. Steel and Iron	25½
Southern Pacific	84¼
Southern Railway	15⅞
Southern Railway, pfd	50⅝
Tennessee Copper	29¾
Texas Co	132½
Texas and Pacific	13
Union Pacific	120
United States Steel	43⅝
United States Steel, pfd	104½
Utah Copper	53
Virginia-Caro. Chem	21½
Western Union	63⅝
Bethlehem Steel	55⅝

RESERVE BANK STATEMENT.

Washington, Feb. 13. — The twelve Federal Reserve banks gained more than $3,000,000 in gold during the week, according to the statement of their condition February 12, made public today by the Federal Reserve Board.

In its weekly analysis the Board says: "Loans and discounts sho wan increase of about $670,000, three Southern banks and Cleveland reporting substantial gains for the week. Over 46 per cent. of the maturities held by the banks at the end of the week fall due within thirty days and over 80 per cent. within sixty days. About $800,000 of the loans outstanding are against agricultural and live stock paper as collateral. Over $15,500,000 of investments are reported —a gain of $542,000 over the preceding week.

"The total capital paid in shows a further increase of about $700,000. Deposits show an increase of $895,000."

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Feb. 13. — Cotton, spot, easier; good middling, 5.26; middling, 4.94; low middling, 4.53; sales, 5,000 bales. Speculation and export, 2,000; receipts, 34,429.

Futures, quiet and steady. May and June, 4.84½; July and August, 4.93; October and November, 5.05; January and February, 5.11½.

NAVAL STORES MARKET.

Savannah, Feb. 13. — Turpentine, quiet, 42½; sales, none; receipts, 160; shipments, 25; stocks, 35,224.

Rosin — Firm. Sales, 327; receipts, 878; shipments, 62; stocks, 136,969.

Quote: A, B, 2.95; C, D, 3.00; E, F, 3.05; G, H, 3.10; I, 3.15; K, 3.40; M, 4.00; N, 5.00; W G, 5.40; W W, 5.55.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Feb. 13. — Sugar market, closed; holiday.

Butter—Unsettled.

Cheese—Strong.

Coffee—Spot, steady; Rio, No. 7, 7⅞; Santos, No. 4, 9¾.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Feb. 13. — Dry goods were quiet on the short day after the holiday. Wool continued firm and high. Burlaps were firm; linens, higher. Underwear and hosiery for spring were in better demand.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

February 14, 1915.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 46 degrees; at 8 P. M., 57 degrees; maximum, 72 degrees; minimum, 45 degrees; mean, 58 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month, to date, .70 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M. yesterday 3.5 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Cloudy Sunday, probably followed by showers; Monday, partly cloudy; fresh southeast winds.

The Port Calendaar, Feb. 14, 1915.

Sun rises	6:58 A. M.
Sun sets	5:55 P. M.
Day's length	10 hrs. 57 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	10:07	10:22	5:01	5:21
Southport	8:08	8:25	1:50	3:23
Mansonboro Inl	7:57	8:14	1:30	2:03

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.
February 13, 1915.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	66	44	.0
Asheville	pt cldy	60	28	.0
Atlanta	clear	64	40	.0
Augusta	clear	68	40	.0
Birmingh.	clear	68	52	.0
Boston	clear	34	24	.0
Charleston	cldy	66	46	.0
Charlotte	cldy	66	42	.0
Chicago	cldy	60	36	.0
Galveston	cldy	66	60	.0
Jacksonv.	cldy	—	48	.0
Memphis	cldy	66	56	1.18
Mobile	cldy	64	54	.0
Montgom'y	clear	68	52	.0
New Orl.	cldy	72	58	.0
New York	cldy	42	32	.0
Oklahoma	clear	54	38	.34
Palestine	clear	68	52	1.64
Pittsburg	cldy	62	44	.02
Raleigh	cldy	68	44	.0
Savannah. pt	cldy	70	52	.0
Shreveport	clear	62	60	1.44
St. Louis	pt cldy	56	52	.28
Washing'n	cldy	44	42	.0

WEEKLY DRY GOODS REVIEW

Cotton Markets Are Holding Steady Despite Quiet Trading.

New York, Feb. 13.—Cotton goods markets are heading very steady despite the more quiet trading in wholesale channels roads orders are coming in better volume and some of the sections that have not been buying at all are now supplying some part of their normal requirements. There has been a steady demand for prints, bleached and brown cottons and several lines of ginghams. Wide sheetings, pillow tubings and sheets and pillow cases are well under order. Leading manufacturers of tickings and denims have business enough in hand to take care of the output for 60 days.

There is some increase in the export trade and some further business has come forward on sheetings from Red sea ports and from Africa. India and China are buying nothing for the moment. Cotton yarns are somewhat higher, but spinners' prices are much above those current in trading centers and business is still restricted. Underwear and hosiery are in moderate demand only.

Prices are pretty well readjusted to the new levels of cotton, quotations being as follows: Printcloths 28-inch 64 by 64s 2 7-8c, 64 by 60s, 2 3-4c, 38 1-2 inch 64 by 64s, 4c, brown sheetings, Southern standards six cents, and 6 1-4c, tickings 8-ounce 11 1-2c, denims nine ounce 12c, staple ginghams 6 1-4, standard prints 4 3-4, dress ginghams 9 1-4c.

SLEEP WARM.

Fresh Air in Your Bedroom Without Freezing.

(Health Bulletin.)

Believe in fresh air? Sure you do. So does everybody else. You can't find a man in a Sabbath day's journey who has the nerve to admit that he doesn't believe in fresh air. But how much do they really believe in fresh air? The next time you come in late at night or go out early in the morning, just steal a glance at all the closed bedroom windows on your street. You are from a civilized town if one family in ten has its bedroom windows wide open or if one family in 100 is using a sleeping porch. Why? They believe in fresh air. Sure, but they are afraid of cold air. Here's the secret. Keep warm. Keep warm at night and don't sleep cold. About the meanest thing we know of is to try to sleep with just enough bed cover to be cold and half awake and half asleep all night and yet not cold enough to get sufficiently awake to get up and get the right kind of bed clothes.

And what are the right kind of bed clothes? Well, keeping warm at night consists of about three things: first, clothes you wear; second, the bed clothes on top of you; and, third, the bed clothes under you. Aside from the aesthetic side of wearing different clothes at night from those worn in the daytime, a complete change of clothes with the consequent airings our bodies get is now believed to be beneficial to health. It is needless to say the airing given one's day and night clothes alternately is also worth while. But the point is that with the decreased activity at night one can wear to excellent advantage soft, warm loose-woven garments that would not stand the wear of the activities of the day. In cold weather then let the night clothes be soft, loose and warm. If the feet get cold don't hesitate to wear some big woolen stockings and if the head gets cold add a cap. In real cold climates for outdoor sleeping they sometimes wear besides elderdown pajamas or night dress, a suit of underwear, cap, stockings and a sweater. Remember what you are after is to keep warm in the fresh air in winter.

The next step in the matter of sleeping warm is to be well covered. We don't mean to be compressed, packed down and sandwiched in between innumerable layers of so-called comforts, heavy, clammy and cold, but rather the use of light, loose-woven porous blankets which do not conduct the heat of the body away so rapidly. At least one more or less close woven cover should be spread over the top of the loose woven covers and blankets "to keep the wind out" and to prevent the warm air in the blankets and around the body from being replaced by cold air too rapidly.

Be sure, also, that you don't get cold "from below up." Some beds are cold simply because there are not sufficient heat-retaining properties in the thin mattress.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. B. McCABE
Certified Public Accountant
Room 515 Murch. Nat. Bank Bldg.
Phone 906 WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. L. BECTON
CIVIL ENGINEER
27-28 I. O. O. F. Bldg.,
N. W. Cor. 3rd and Princess.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
'Phone 1494-W. P. O. Box 334.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Rates in Effect from Wilmington:

CINCINNATI, OHIO **$20.40**
On sale February 20, 21 and 22nd, limited returning Midnight, March 3rd.
MOBILE, ALA **$23.35**
On sale February 9 to 15th, limited returning, Midnight, February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
PENSACOLA, FLA **$23.35**
On sale February 9 to 15th, limited returning, Midnight, February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
NEW ORLEANS, LA **$26.75**
On sale February 9 to 15th, limited returning, Midnight, February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
TAMPA, FLA **$22.30**
On sale February 11 to 15th, limited returning, Midnight, February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
CHARLOTTE, N. C. **$5.90**
On sale February 14 and 15th, limited returning, Midnight, February 22nd.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, or any information, call 'phone 178, or apply to Agent.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Atlantic Coast Line
"The Standard Railroad of the South"
Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares.
—from—
WILMINGTON

TAMPA, FLA **$22.50**
On sale February 9 to 15th, inclusive, limited returning February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
MOBILE, ALA **$23.35**
On sale February 9 to 15th, inclusive, limited returning, February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
NEW ORLEANS, LA **$26.75**
On sale February 9 to 15th, inclusive, limited returning, February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
CINCINNATI, O. **$20.40**
On sale February 20, 21, 22, limited returning March 3rd.
CHATTANOOGA, TENN **$18.20**
On sale April 25, 26 and 27th, limited returning May 8th.
BIRMINGHAM, ALA **$24.50**
On sale June 7, 8 and 9, limited returning June 17th.

For schedules, reservations and any further information, call 'phone 160, or apply to C. M. ACKER, Ticket Agent of the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

TO CHICAGO
ON THE CAROLINA SPECIAL
THROUGH SLEEPING CAR DAILY
VIA
SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Premier Carrier of the South
QUEEN AND CRESCENT ROUTE AND BIG FOUR ROUTE

Southern Railway is now operating through sleeping cars daily on the Carolina Special between Charleston, S. C., and Chicago, Ill., affording excellent connections from and for Eastern North Carolina Points, Goldsboro, Raleigh, Durham, Greensboro and intermediate points, through ASHEVILLE AND THE LAND OF THE SKY.

For Pullman sleeping car reservations, schedules and detailed information, ask any Southern Railway Agent, or write,

O. F. YORK,
Traveling Passenger Agent.
Raleigh, N. C.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

EFECTIVE JANUARY 3rd, 1915.
Trains Leave Wilmington Daily as Follows:

No. 13—4:30 P. M.—For Local stations—Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and Intermediate Points, connecting at Hamlet for Richmond, Washington, New York, Atlanta, Jacksonville, and All Points North and South.
Through Pullman Parlor Car Service Between Wilmington and Charlotte.
No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Local train for Charlotte. Sleeper open at 10:00 P. M.

For detail information and reservations, call on City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 178.

E. E. HUNTER, Div. Fr't Ag't, Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pass. Agt., Raleigh, N. C.

BALTIMORE & CAROLINA STEAMSHIP COMPANY
Between
Baltimore, Wilmington, Georgetown and Charleston, S. C.

Ships sailing from Baltimore every Friday afternoon 3 o'clock, arriving in Wilmington, Sunday afternoon. Low through rates and other information furnished upon application.

J. L. DOTEN, Agent,
Office and Piers, foot Grace street,
Phone 482.
HENRY WILLIAMS, JR.
General Freight Agent,
Baltimore, Md.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect October 12, 1914.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE, WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS.

EASTBOUND			WESTBOUND		
Leave Front and Princess for Winter Park	Leave Front and Princess for Wrightsville	Leave Front and Princess for Beach	Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave for for Wilmington
.....	.....	.....	a6:30 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	.....
a8:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a7:31 A. M.	7:20 A. M.	.....
.....	.....	.....	b7:56 A. M.	b7:45 A. M.	b7:35 A. M.
6:50 A.M.	6:50 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.	a8:51 A. M.	a7:50 A. M.	a7:40 A. M.
a3:00 A. M.	a8:00 A. M.	.....	a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	.....
3:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	9:36 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
.....	.....	.....	b10:31A.M.	b10:20 A. M.	.....
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	11:06 A. M.	11:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:36 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
1:10 P. M.	1:10 P. M.	1:10 P. M.	2:01 P. M.	1:50 P. M.	e1:46 P. M.
c1:55 P. M.	c1:55 P. M.	.....	c2:36 P. M.	c2:25 P. M.	.....
cd2:36 P. M.	.....	.....	cd3:06P.M.	.....	.....
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	c3:50 P. M.	.....	.....
3:30 P. M.	.....	.....	4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
c4:10 P. M.	.....	.....	c4:30 P. M.	.....	.....
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	c5:10 P. M.	.....	.....
c4:50 P. M.	.....	.....	5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	.....	6:11 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	.....
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	.....	6:51 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	.....
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	7:33 P. M.	7:22 P. M.	e7:15 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	.....	8:06 P. M.	7:55 P. M.	.....
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	.....	8:56 P. M.	8:45 P. M.	.....
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	.....	10:56 P. M.	10:45 P. M.	.....
11:15 P.M.	11:15 P. M.	.....	11:56 P. M.	11:45 P. M.	.....

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess streets every half hour from 2:00 to 5:00 P. M.

Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 to 5:45 P. M.

a—Daily, except Sundays.
b—Sundays Only.
c—Superceded by half hour cars Sunday afternoons.
d—Goes through to Seagate; returning leaves Seagate at 3:00 P. M.
e—Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.
(Daily, except Sundays.)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective Nov. 22, 1914.
Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. 3:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. Sunday morning (Saturday night) only.
No. 51. * 5:25 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. *12:45 A.M.
No. 64. ‖ 5:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65. ‖ 6:15 P.M.
No. 48. * 7:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.	No. 49. * 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. * 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52. * 8:05 P.M.
No. 62. * 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. *12:50 P.M.
No. 55. * 3:45 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida Points. Columbia, Asheville and the West. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta, and between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. *12:50 P.M.
No. 59. ‖ 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. ‖10:15 A.M.
No. 42. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. * 9:45 A.M.

* Daily. ‖ Daily except Sunday. ¶ Tuesdays, Thursday and Saturdays.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

GASPARILLA CARNIVAL——TAMPA, FLORIDA.
MARDI GRAS CELEBRATION
NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE AND PENSACOLA.

Excursion Tickets will be sold for the above occasion from Wilmington on February 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, at fares named below, by the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
THE STANDARD RAILROAD OF THE SOUTH

TAMPA, FLORIDA	$22.30
NEW ORLEANS, La	26.75
MOBILE, ALA	23.35
PENSACOLA, FLA	23.35

Tickets will be limited, at time of purchase, to February 26th, but an extension of final return limit to March 15th may be obtained by depositing tickets prior to expiration and upon payment of $1.00.

For Schedules, Reservations, Etc., inquire of Atlantic Coast Line Ticket Agents, or address

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager, Wilmington, N. C.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western
Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.
Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb Rails.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 22, 1914.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30a.m.	8:00p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00a.m.	10:40p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00a.m.	5:30p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:45p.m.	2:30a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20a.m.	6:20a.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45a.m.	7:00p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00p.m.	8:00a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:32p.m.	8:30a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and All Western Points. Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

CLYDE LINE
TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Cherokee, Friday, Feb. 12th.
Steamship Seminole, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Cherokee, Monday, Feb. 15th.
Ste

COMMITTEE GOES DEEP INTO DAYTON'S RECORD

Circumstances Attending Resignation of Predecessor

Congressional Committee Investigating Impeachment Charges Against Judge Look Into Rumors Concerning Withdrawal.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Febfi 13.—The circumstances attending the resignation of the late John J. Jackson, from the bench as Federal district judge in the northern district of West Virginia, were detailed today in testimony before the congressional subcommittee investigating the official conduct of Judge A. C. Dayton ,of the same court.

John T. McGraw, Democratic national committeeman of West Virginia, testified he had been among Judge Jackson's personal friends and knew he intended to resign. John H. Holt, an attorney, refused to say positively whether or not Judge Dayton or the Baltimore & Ohio railroad had taken any active part in forcing Jackson's resignation.

Questions put to George W. Johnson, also an attorney concerning a trip to Washington about the time Judge Jackson resigned, brought out nothing concerning the latter's determination to leave the bench. Johnson, who had been referee in bankruptcy, was questioned concerning Judge Dayton's conduct toward attorneys in his court and declared that so harshly had Judge Dayton spoken and so severe had been his criticism that the matter was brought to the attention of the Bar Association representatives of which conferred with Judge Dayton.

In answer to another question Johnson said Judge Dayton had made remarks about John T. McGraw, but said they were not nearly so harsh as had been reported.

TUBERCULOSIS CURABLE.

If You Have Tuberculosis You Ought to Know It.

The man with beginning tuberculosis is often like a drifter in a boat floating down to the falls, who can be roused to his danger only by loud cries. He usually does not know that he has the disease, and, as a rule, he does not know there is a successful method of treatment now followed by physicians of repute the world over. He does not know because he dreads to go and find out. Now, why is this?

The child with diphtheria cannot understand how important it is for the doctor to look down his throat. The child knows, of course, that it is ill, but its immediate fear is that something is to be done to it that may hurt, and so it resists.

So it is with the child grown up—the man with beginning tuberculosis. He fears the doctor will tell him something—something that will hurt. For fear of that passing wince of pain, he puts the thought from him. If he has tuberculosis he does not wish to know it.

He calls his trouble by various names, speaks of "stomach trouble," "grippe," "catarrh," "liver trouble" or "bronchitis." He is sure that he is simply a bit run down, and claims to feel as well as a man could wish to feel. He can give many reasons why it is impossible that he should have tuberculosis; perhaps none of his people ever had it, therefore (he thinks) he cannot have it.

Or, if it happens that his own brother died of it, he will hasten to explain that in his brother's case it was brought on by some extraordinary circumstance (a bad cold, for instance) and really did not belong in the family. As for himself, his lungs never hurt, therefore (he thinks) there can be no disease there; he has lost no weight, perhaps, or spat up no blood, or gone as far as night-sweats—indeed, I could not begin to tell the many reasons which (with a curious instinct of self-deception) a man may pitch upon to prove his point.

Or it may be that he is not obstinate, but that he has many cares and hasn't the time to think about himself at all. It may be that it isn't a "he" at all, but a "she"—some overworked, child-ridden housewife, too much given over to the care of others to give one thought to the care of herself. He (or she) does not know about the ways in which tuberculosis makes its beginning. It may be that bad advice has been given by some person who was misled by the patient's healthy appearance. It may be for years he has been "getting ready" to do something about it.

But, unquestionably, the commonest cause of delay in seeking medical aid is the dread of knowing the truth. And he dreads to know it because of a false idea that tuberculosis cannot be cured.

If your health is not good, and you don't know what is the matter, and above all, if you have any symptoms which would direct any sort of suspicion to your lungs, remember that tuberculosis is the commonest of all diseases, and when taken in time, it is curable. Don't take chances—don't lose the golden time. Go to the very best doctor you can find—not to one who advertises a cure by mail without even seeing you. Go to some man who stands high among his fellow physicians. Tell the truth as nearly as you can, and give the doctor plenty of time. If he finds that you have beginning tuberculosis you are still fortunate in knowing it at a curable stage.

If your house took fire, would you not be lucky in finding it out while the blaze was small and could be put out? —Dr. Edward Cummings in Outdoor Life.

DELLINGER A CANDIDATE FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

Gaston Man, Reading Clerk in House, Makes Positive Announcement.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 13.—Mr. David P. Dellinger, of Gaston county, former member of the Legislature and reading clerk for the House during the present session, makes the definite statement that he will be a candidate for Secretary of State in the 1916 campaign. He believes that there is a sentiment to change State officials in offices that have been long filled by the same persons and that Secretary of State J. Bryan Grimes may not stand for the re-nomination at all. However that may be, he and his friends are saying that he will get in the race to win.

CAROLINA DEFEATS GUILFORD.

Score 45 to 27 in Basketball Game at Raleigh.

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 13.—Guilford was defeated by Carolina tonight in the basketball game, the score being 45 to 27. The Quakers made a sprint at the start, getting the ball in the basket within two minutes after the play began, but Carolina thereafter took the lead and there was no further doubt about the final outcome.

Carolina team starts tomorrow on an extended Northern trip for a series of games.

Business Locals

HAVE 17 ACRES CLAY SUBSOIL land; house and barn; live stock and farming implements, that will sell at low figures, which also includes growing crops. Let us show this to you Monday. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. fe14-1t

FOR RENT — 807 ORANGE, 108 Church, 214 South Eighth, 417 Castle, 517 Surry, 605 Queen, 6 South Sixteenth, and others. Consult our list. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. fe14-1t

FOR SALE — AUTO DELIVERY CAR in good condition. Will be glad to demonstrate. Apply "D. V.," care Star. fe14-1t*

THE LOWRY WELL DRILLING COMpanies will make your well correctly and guarantee they will never go bad. We will not palm off on you a well cased only thirty to forty feet, which is certain to go bad sooner or later. fe14-1t*

HAND BAGS, SPECIAL SALE WEDnesday, February 17th; $1 bags for 59c. Mrs. C. W. Leighton, 128 Princess street. fe14-1t

ARTESIAN WELLS — FOR MANY years we have been following the trails of other well drillers and succeeded in every instance where they failed. Never have they followed us on account of failure on our part. We challenge a contradiction. Why not get the right party at first? The Lowry Well Drilling Co., Wilmington, N. C. fe14-1t*

FARMERS—WE HAVE DRIED TANKage for sale. High percentage of ammonia. Price, sacked, $2.00 per hundred pounds. Why not mix your own fertilizer? Sans Souci Abattoir. fe14-su,f-tf

HAND BAGS, SPECIAL SALE WEDday, February 17th; $1 bags for 59c. Mrs. C. W. Leighton, 128 Princess street. fe14-2t

BOARDERS WANTED — BOARD AND rooms, nicely furnished. Electric lights, bath, hot and cold water. 'Phone 1834; 305 North Fourth street. fe14-1t*

THE NEW MANAGEMENT IS NOW IN charge at the New Hanover Boarding House, corner Third and Market sts. The whole house has been renovated and thoroughly cleaned. New furnishings throughout. Transient and regular boarders will receive the very best accommodations, at moderate prices. fe14-1t*

FOR SALE ON FOURTH STREET, BEtween Grace and Walnut, lot 66x150. Has six-room cottage renting for $20 per month. We sell you the lot at a low price with easy terms and give you the house. This is a rare opportunity to secure a large lot in this territory. J. G. Wright & Son, Sole Agents. fe14-1t

$1,000 CASH IS ALL THAT IS NEEDED to own that desirable cottage, No. 12 North Eighth street. 'Phone 342 and let us show you this. J. G. Wright & Son, Agents. fe14-1t

MARKET ST., THE MAIN STREET of the city. Princess street, on which is the double track of the Tidewater Power Co., Chestnut street and Red Cross street, each run through Winoca. If you have not seen this property, walk, ride or drive through it today. Select your lot and 'phone 34! tomorrow. Our salesman will call and explain how easy it is to own one of these beautiful lots. J. G. Wright & Son. fe14-1t

FOR SALE — THREE HOUSES WITH large lots, on Castle street, between Fifth and Sixth streets. We can give you a proposition on this property that will repay your inquiry. Less than $4,000 will buy all three houses. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess st. fe14-1t

WE HAVE A NEW FLAT. HOT AIR heat, up-to-date conveniences; wide porch, deep lot; on Fifth Avenue; for rent. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. fe14-1t

WANTED—TO RENT, BY A GENTLEman, furnished room, private bath preferred. Convenient to Third and Market streets. Address Box 181, City. fe14-2t*

CAN TAKE 2 OR 3 MORE GENTLEmen boarders. Mrs. W. F. Swift, 401 Chestnut street; 'Phone 2061. fe14-1t*

SEND YOUR KODAK FILMS TO CAMera department, Green's Drug Store, or telephone us and we will send for them. Developing and printing of the superior sort. Twenty-four hour service. fe14-1t*

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG man, experienced in book-keeping, stenography and general office work. Satisfactory references furnished. P. O. Box 542, City. fe14-2t*

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. Gas, running water, lights, use of 'phone and bath; to couple, $10. 814 Orange street. fe14-1t*

THERE ARE TWO APARTMENTS IN the splendid Carolina Apartment house not rented. One has kitchen and four rooms, other is bachelor apartment of two rooms. Rent low, and includes heat, artesian water, elevators, etc. For full information, see J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess st. fe14-3t

TWO ROOMS WITH BATH ADJOINING —Rooms have gas for light housekeeping; electric lights, sewerage, etc. Down town location in Princess Building, 109 Princess street. Price only $8.00. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess st. fe14-2t

FOR RENT — DOWN STAIRS APARTment, four nice large rooms, all conveniences. Will rent very reasonable. Address 211 Grace; phone No. 1436-J. fe14-1t*

FOR SALE — ONE OF THE MOST DEsirable houses on Church street; large lot and modern six-room house; can be bought very cheap; good reason for selling. See James and James, Inc., Southern Bldg., Insurance and Real Estate. fe14-1t

IF YOU ARE IN THE MARKET FOR a paying investment in Real Estate, we can interest you; only a small amount of cash needed. Talk it over with us. James & James, Inc., Southern Bldg., Insurance and Real Estate. 'Phone 163. fe14-1t

WANTED — FARM WAGON. WILL buy good second hand farm wagon in good condition. Must be reasonable in price. Will pay cash. Address "W. F. S.," care Star. fe14-1t*

FOR RENT — WELL LOCATED 10- room house, 15 North Seventh street. Possession March 1st. Rent very reasonable. See James & James, Inc., Insurance and Real Estate, or 'Phone 163. fe14-1t

KODAK AMATEUR FINISHING. OUR finishing is up-to-now in every way. For best results, take your films to Little Billie, 10 1-2 N. Front street (Over Honnet's). fe14-1t

WANTED — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping, by couple with one child. Suitable location; references exchanged. Address Box 1174, City. fe14-1t*

FOR SALE — STRONG, HEALTHY, well rooted Cape Jasmine sets, prepaid, 25c. each; $2.00 per dozen. Wallace Drug Co., Wallace, N. C. fe14-4t*

FOR RENT — APARTMENT, 209 DOCK street, seven rooms; modern in every respect. Steam heated. Must be seen to be appreciated. For particulars, apply C. P. B. Mahler, 23 S. Second street. fe14-1t*

FOR RENT — SEVEN ROOM COTtage, 509 North Fourth street; six room flat; No. 505 North Fourth st.; all modern conveniences. Apply C. P. B. Mahler, 23 S. Second street. fe14-1t*

FOUND — A PLACE WHERE YOU can get anything you have repaired. Keys of all kinds fitted. Estimates given; work guaranteed. A. D. Cashwell No. 5 North Second street. fe14-1t*

A COTTAGE HOME FOR SALE — NO. 12 North Eighth street. Splendid central location. Particularly well built and desirable. We will make easy terms and a low price. Ask for particulars. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess street. fe14-2t

ASK YOUR REAL ESTATE AGENT about Winoca Terrace. Development is in this section. Buy now, while the price is low and terms easy. Another house was started last week, many more will follow. The Market street road, the High School, the work on Red Cross street, all adds to the value of this section. Winoca is the ideal home-site, with all city advantages. Ask your real estate agent friend about it. fe14-2t

WOOD — ALL KINDS, ANY CUT; FULL quarter cord to the load, guaranteed, at Whiteman's Wood yard; 'Phone 850-J. John H. Whiteman. fe14-1t*

FOR RENT — 12 ROOM HOUSE AND ten room house, 315 and 313 North Second street. Also two bedroom suits and other furniture. For sale cheap. Call 1913-W. fe14-1t

FOR RENT — TWO ROOMS, UNFURnished, suitable for light housekeeping, with lights, water and bath. Will rent reasonable. Call at 407 N. Seventh street. fe14-1t*

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms with all conveniences. 519 S. Front street. fe14-1t*

OYSTER ROAST, WRIGHTSVILLE Beach, Station No. 3, opposite Northrop Cottage. 'Phone 7642. fe14-1t*

$850.00 WORTH OF REAL ESTATE $650.00. We offer for sale the northwest corner of 15th and Castle streets, for $650.00. The size of this property is 66 by 82½ feet. On the 14th day of last July the owner refused $800.00 for same, but on account of leaving the city, and also War times, has given us this property to dispose of to quick buyer. It's a bargain for some one, and if you wish us to, will arrange good terms. The lots are high, and in one of the fastest growing sections of the city. Don't neglect to talk to us; it means money to someone. D. R. Foster & Co. are the Agents. fe14-1t

FOR SALE — FIFTY ACRES OF THE best land in New Hanover County. In high state of cultivation. A small dwelling, and all necessary outhouses, farming implements, etc. Ask us about it. D. R. Foster & Co. fe14-1t

TO THE PUBLIC — TAKE NOTICE that the DuBois Laboratory has just opened a research department, besides a regular analytical works for the solution of difficult problems pertaining to the chemistry of farmers' lands, fertilizers and feeding stuffs he uses, etc. If you know of a good clay or other deposit, have it examined. Call or write 202 North Front street, Wilmington, N. C. fe14-1t

TO LET — TWO NICE ROOMS, WITH privilege of bath and 'phone. Address 216 North Sixth street. fe14-1t*

PLUMBING — FOR ALL KINDS OF plumbing work, see us before placing your order. Get the benefit of our 35 years experience. J. C. McCartney & Son, 'Phone 1617-J. fe14-1t*

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED FOR U. S. government life jobs; $65 to $150 month. Common education sufficient. Write immediately for list of positions open to you. Franklin Institute, Dept. 296-B, Rochester, N. Y. fe14-su4t*

AGENTS — SELL TANKII, THE NEW Auto. Fuel. Permanent, Profitable. New Hanover, Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, Pender, Sampson and Duplin counties. J. F. Foster, Swansboro, N. C. fe14-su4t*

FOR SALE—TEN ACRE FARM UNDER cultivation at Castle Hayne, N. C. Address W. C. Linnenkohl, Castle Hayne, N. C. fe14-1t*

SALESMAN — CAPABLE SPECIALTY man for N. C. staple line, on new and exceptional terms. Vacancy now. Attractive commission contract. $35 weekly for expenses. Miles F. Bixler Co., 198-7 Carlin Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio. fe14-1t*

LADIES — SEW AT HOME! GOOD pay. Send stamp. Work sent prepaid. King Mfg. Co., 1431 Broadway, New York City. fe14-1t*

AGENTS—MAKE 100 PER CENT PROfit selling our one automobile specialty of merit. Exclusive territory to first class live man. Ask for booklet. Huckins Specialty Co., Station J, New York City. fe14-1t

WORK ON THE BEACH HAS STARTed in earnest. Are you figuring on your building or repairing? Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. fe14-1t

A BOY ABOUT 14 YEARS OLD TO work on Saturdays. Must be neat in appearance. Will have steady work after March 1st. Apply to H. G. Warren, at Matthews' Candy Co. fe14-1t

FOR RENT — 312 AND 314 CAMPBELL street, seven rooms and bath, all modern conveniences; walls just thoroughly cleaned and kalsomined. For particulars, see W. C. Moore, owner, at police station, 7:30 P. M., or L. W. Moore, agent. fe14-1t*

SEND YOUR CARPENTER TO US when you need a little lumber or a few shingles for repairing. No order too small. All receive personal and careful attention. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. fe14-1t

250,000 SHINGLES. WE ARE OFFERing at special prices. Our $5.25 No. 1 Prime Cypress will make you sit up and take notice. Roger Moore's Sons & Co. fe14-2t

BRICK! BRICK! BRICK! — DO NOT send out of town for them. We can furnish at less prices and give you the best quality. Roger Moore's Sons & Co. fe14-2t

SHINGLES! SHINGLES! — JUST REceived, car 5x18 No. 1 Prime Cypress Shingles. Best bargain ever offered here in Shingles. Price $5.25 per thousand, delivered anywhere in the city. Also large stock juniper shingles and laths. Roger Moore's Sons & Co. fe14-3t

CARLOAD RUBA ROOFING JUST ARrived. We are in a position to make attractive prices. Roger Moore's Sons & Co. fe14-3t

MILLION BRICK FOR SALE — QUALity and prices right. See us before placing your orders. Roger Moore's Sons & Co. fe14-3t

AGENTS — IF I HAD YOUR NAME, I could show you how to earn $25 to $50 weekly. Greatest seller in years. Over 700,000 sold last six months. Every housewife will buy on sight. Postal brings liberal proposition and free sample. Address "Manufacturer," 1 Union Square, New York. fe14-su-tf

WANTED AT ONCE, A GOOD PIANO for school. Write Mrs. Walter Horne, R. F. D. 2, or 'Phone 4702. fe14-1t*

WANTED—SEVERAL LARGE TRACTS cheap land. Describe fully; must be cheap. Give improvements, transportation, terms. Box 422, Lumberton, N. C. fe14-1t*

WANTED — MEN EVERYWHERE. Yes, we will teach you the barber trade in few weeks, and give you position in our shops. Tools free. All for $30. Terms, $15 cash, $15 in ten days. We pay you wages while learning. Write us today. Jacksonville Barber College, 822 W. Bay St., Jacksonville, Fla. fe14-su,t,th-6t

NOTICE — ON ACCOUNT OF TEMPOrary disability, due to an accident, my work will be handled by Mr. Horace Gorman, for the next week or two. W. B. Klander. fe14-1t*

WE HAVE SOLD OVER FIFTEEN thousand feet of Beaver Board during the past thirty days. Have it specified in your new home. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. de14-1t

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS, SUITABLE for light housekeeping. Electric lights and gas range. For particulars, apply 118 South Sixth street. fe14,16-2t*

WOMEN — BECOME GOVERNMENT clerks; $70 month. Wilmington examinations March 15th. Common education sufficient. Pull unnecessary. Sample questions free. Write immediately. Franklin Institute, Dept. 687-B. Rochester, N. Y. fe14-su4t*

RECEIVER'S SALE—SOUTHERN ADjustment Co., Inc., Sealed bids will be received until 12 M., Monday, February 15th, 1915, upon the entire assets and effects of the Southern Adjustment Company, Inc., including office fixtures, tariffs, etc., or upon any part of the said assets. For schedule of property see inventory filed in Superior Court clerk's office. For further information apply to receiver, Murchison National Bank Building. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. Certified check of $25.00 is required to be filed with each bid. J. Felton Heald, Receiver. fe 13-3t

MONUMENTS—WILL SELL ALL FINished work on yard at cost. Buy now. Let us place same by Easter. Tucker's, 519 North Second street. fe 13-2t*

FOR SALE AT WINTER PARK — Brand new bungalow, six rooms, situated on large lot, convenient to station and school; only small cash payment required; balance terms to suit. D. R. Foster & Co., agents. fe12-3t

FOR RENT—COTTAGE, 1710 SEASIDE Avenue; residences Nos. 701, 705, 707 North Third street; Store 308 Nutt street, 305 North Front street; five rooms, No. 309 North Front street. Apply to Martin O'Brien, 309 N. Front street. fe12-3t*

NOTICE — THE FIRM OF FOUNTAIN & Lutes, by mutual consent, has been dissolved, the firm name now being Ward Lutes & Co. Mr. J. B. Fountain is no longer associated with the company. All bills against said Fountain & Lutes will be paid by Ward Lutes & Co., or F. B. Andrews, Manager; 'Phone 656. fe10,14,21,28-4t

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS ARE EASY to get. My free booklet H-1319 tells how. Examinations in this State soon. Write today—Now. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C. ja2-su-wed-17t

PUBLIC SERVICE — COMMERCIAL printing, letter heads, envelopes, etc. Expert typewriting and stenographic work. Notaries Public. Multigraph letters, circulars and forms. Harriss Typewriting & Advertising Co. ja 23-tu-thu-sa-su-tf

A FULL LINE OF SHADE TREES, roses and shrubs. Buy home grown fruit trees at The Holland Nurseries, Castle Haynes, N. C. 'Phone 5611. oc17-w,su-tf

WANTED — BURNED OUT MOTORS, generators and transformers to repair. Charlotte Electric Repair Co., Charlotte, N. C. fe10-10t

FOR SALE — SAW MILL AND EQUIPment. One saw mill and logging outfit complete. Twenty-five thousand capacity; circular mill with edger, trimmer and kilns. Lane saw mill, steam feed, engine and three boilers. Four miles 30-pound rail with locomotive, cars and skidder. This is good equipment and must be sold at once. Address E. C. White, Edenton, N. C fe11-th,su,tu-5t*

FOR SALE — TWO 4½ BY 9, SIX-pocket pool tables. Used short time, but in good condition. H. L. Bichard, Sumter, S. C. fe10,12,14-3t

WANTED — MAN WITH BUSINESS ability and $1,000.00, to take charge office in growing corporation established five years. Money to be used for enlargement plant. Absolutely safe; pays large dividends with salary. Box 211, Florence, S. C. fe10,12,14-3t

TAILORING—I AM NOW PREPARED for the spring trade, with the latest in an elegant line of fashionable suitings and trouserings in the merchant tailoring line. Also other work done pertaining to it. Leger Meyer, The Practical Tailor, Princess Building, second floor. No mail orders. fe 7-su-tf

WE REQUIRE TWO EXPERIENCED salesladies for trainers on a new set of books, "Our Wonder World," a work for children. Excellent salaried position for right party. State full experience. Highest reference required. L. C. Hascall, Royal Poinciana, Palm Beach, Fla. fe7,su2t*

FIVE BRIGHT, CAPABLE LADIES TO travel, demonstrate and sell dealers, $25 to $50 per week. Railroad fare paid. Goodrich Drug Co., Dept. 472, Omaha, Nebr. fe7-su4t*

BOYS' BRIGADE LYCEUM COURSE— The Beulah Buck Ladies' Quartette, Feb. 18. Reserved seats at Munson & Co.'s, Feb. 17 and 18. fe9-10t

WANTED — COUNTRY BOY, 14 OR 15 years old, to work in grocery store. Apply in own handwriting, state experience if any. Address JJJ, care Star. fe9-1t*

IF IT IS SUIT CASES AND TRUNKS, see Uncle Charles, berore you buy. No. 6 South Front street, or 'phone 642. ja5-tf

WORLD ALMANAC NOW ON SALE, 30 cents, at Gordon Bros., 17 Princess street; 'Phone 745. We deliver anything we sell. ja26-tf

FOR RENT — NICE FURNISHED front room. Right downtown. Modern conveniences. Phone 773, or call at 216 North Second street. ja17-tf

AUTO. TIRE REPAIR CO. — VULCANizing plant. All work guaranteed. Retreading a specialty. If you are looking for the right price, see us. 213 North Second street. de6-tf

FOR PLUMBING, METAL WORK, HOT air and steam heating. See Capps-Griffith Plumbing Co. Ladies and gentlemen come to see our show room, 109 North Second street. no 25-tf

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THE CORRECT WRITING PAPER

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FRONT AND MARKET STS., WILMINGTON, N. C.

SMALL DEPOSITS, frequenty made, accumulate with surprising rapidity. They require the least effort, and bring lasting results, if made CONSISTENTLY.

WE PAY 4 PER CENT INTEREST.

MILTON CALDER, ... President
J. G. L. GIESCHEN, . . . Vice-President.
THOS. E. COOPER, . . Vice-President
R. L. HENLEY, ... Cashier

WANTED: Physician or Dentist

To call at 212 Murchison Bank Building and be shown the last vacant space on the Southern side of the building for rent on second floor. Every possible convenience for the modern practitioner desiring location adjacent to the city's most successful Doctors of Medicine and Dentistry. This is an opportunity which will not last long, nor occur again in years. Other desirable locations for every business, with rents as low as $12.00 monthly. Call on Renting Agent, Room 212, Murchison Bank Building.

BUILD WITH BRICK

We have over a Million in Stock, and in a position to make Low Prices and Quick Deliveries.

Roger Moore's Sons & Co.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We wish to announce that our PAINTS, VARNISHES and KALSOMINES will make old things look new. "In the Spring a housewife's fancy lightly turns to housecleaning."

Cape Fear Hardware Co.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We wish to announce that our catalogs for "Spring Goods" have been thoroughly revised, and the Best Prices Obtainable can be had from us, by purchasing your "Spring Goods" before it is too late—when prices have advanced.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO
WHOLESALE HARDWARE
Wilmington, N. C.

POWER PLANT

We have for Sale Complete, Three 125-Horse Power Boilers in Battery, for a Power Plant, at Sacrifice Price.
Also Engines, Pumps, Brick Tanks, Pipe, Shafting, Hangers, Boxes, and All Equipment for Running All Classes of Machinery—the Cheapest and Best Bargains Ever Offered. Call, 'Phone, Wire or Write.

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Star Business Locals Get Results.